

“Nothing to See Here”:

Space Domain Awareness: An Amateur Detective’s View



Marco Langbroek
SpaceTech symposium, ESTEC, 23 Jul 2021



Small group of dedicated amateurs

Observing from their back gardens, simple equipment

~15 active observers worldwide

Strong concentration in Europe

Loosely organised around a mailing list: [SeeSat-L](#)

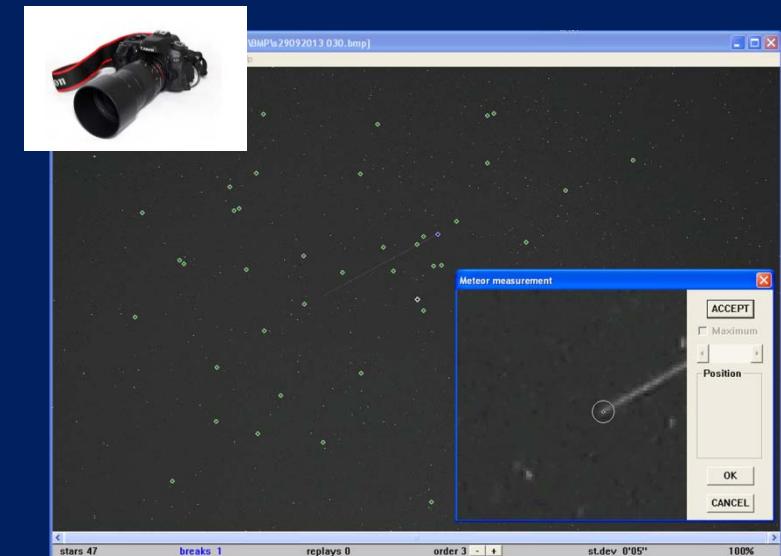
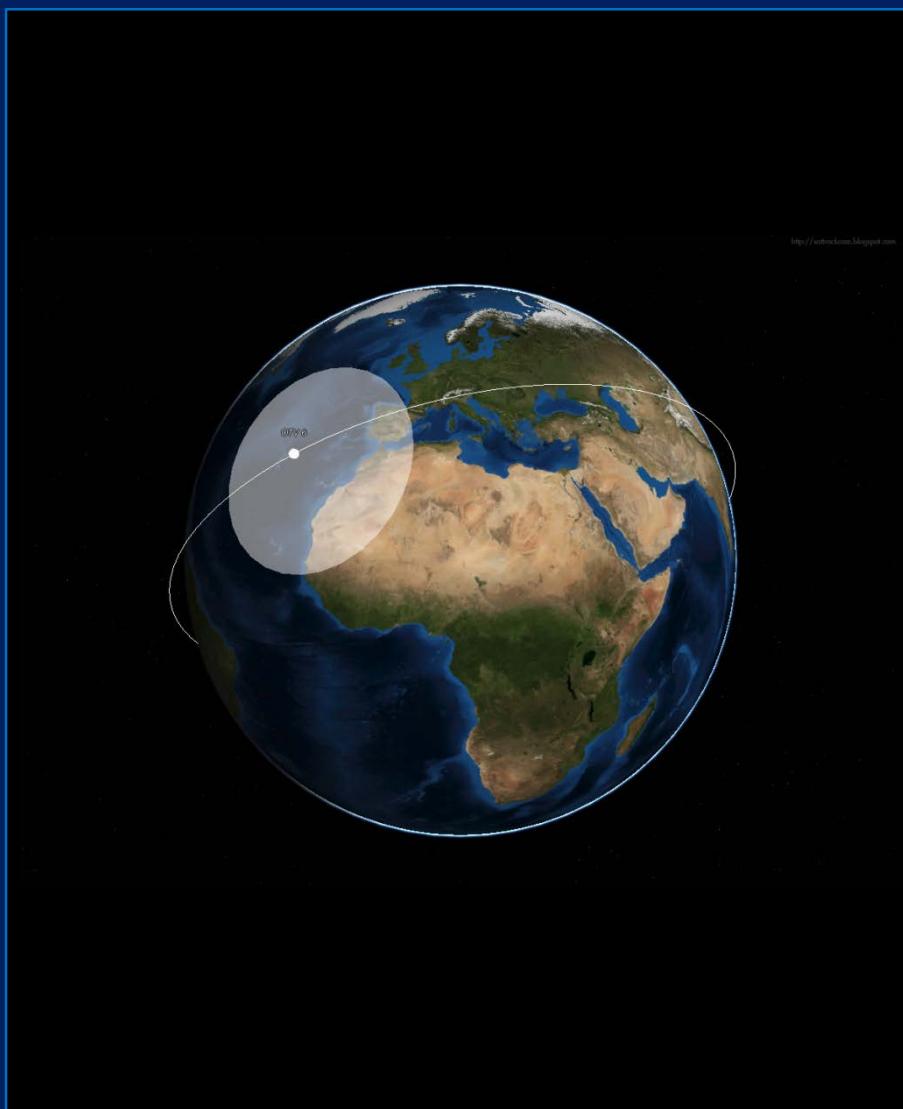
Photography and Low Light Level Video

1.4/35 mm 1.8/50 mm 1.4/58 mm 1.4/85 mm 2.0/135 mm



Photography and LLTV Video: Astrometry for orbit determinations

Maintain a catalogue of some 201 orbits not in the public Space-Track catalogue



Optical Tracking and Characterization

Low Light Level video: LEO

NOSS 3-8

21:46:31 27/03/17
0398.6 0378.6

Optical Tracking and Characterization

photographic: LEO



Optical Tracking and Characterization

photographic: MEO, HEO

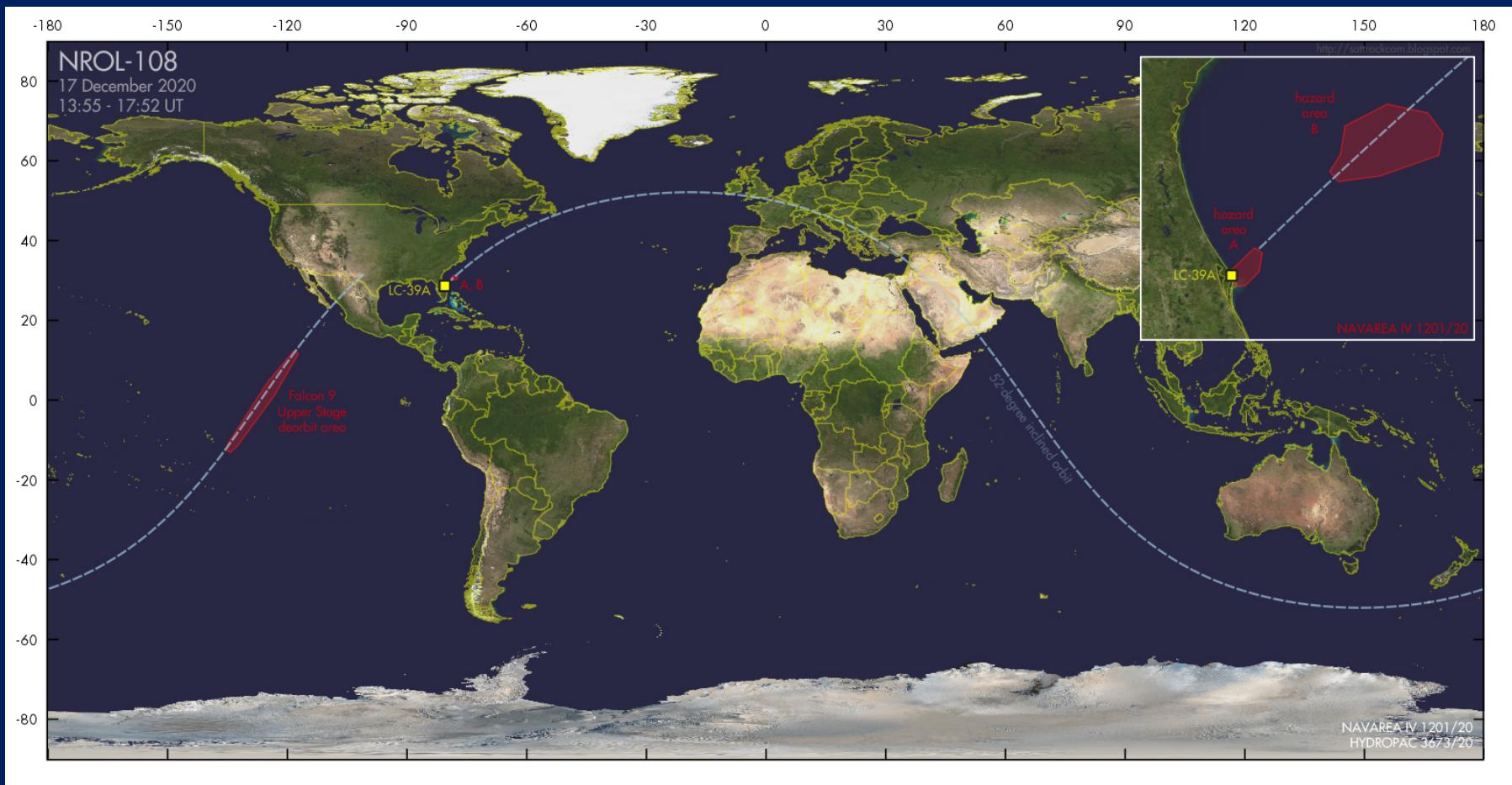


Optical Tracking and Characterization

photographic: GEO

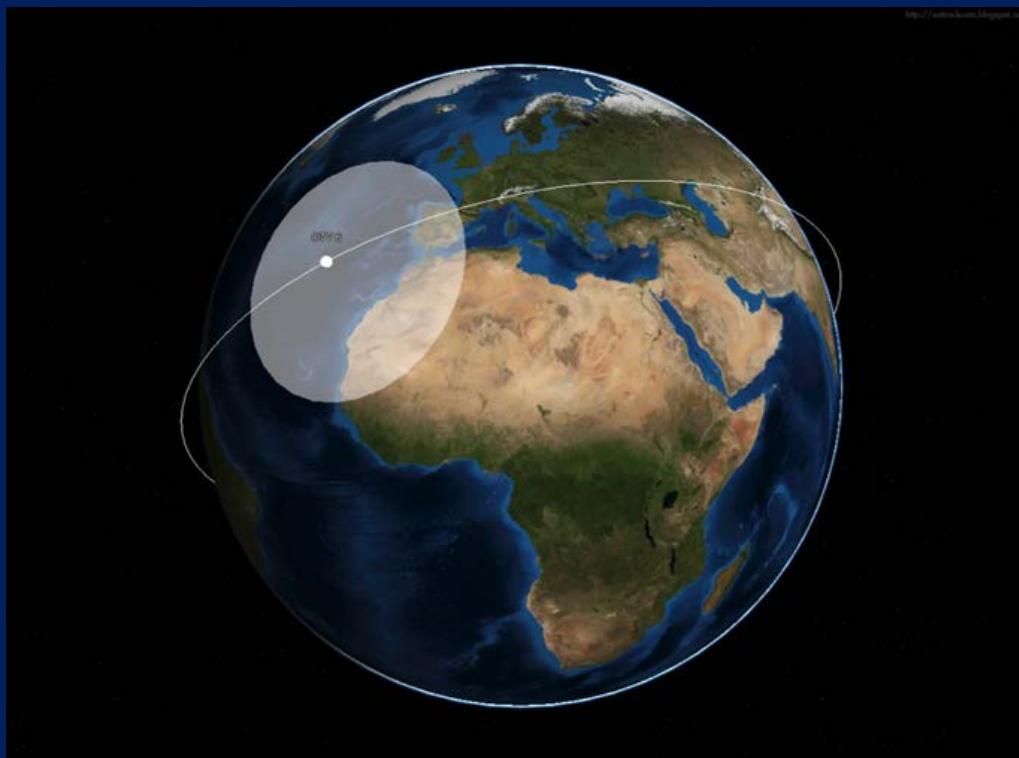


Pre-launch OSINT: orbital plane and inclination from Navigational Warnings



Using optical data to:

- 1) Determine orbits
- 2) Look at type of orbit
- 3) Look at orbital behaviour
- 4) Look at photometric behaviour



Orbit type and inclination

Low Earth Orbit

Remote sensing / reconnaissance

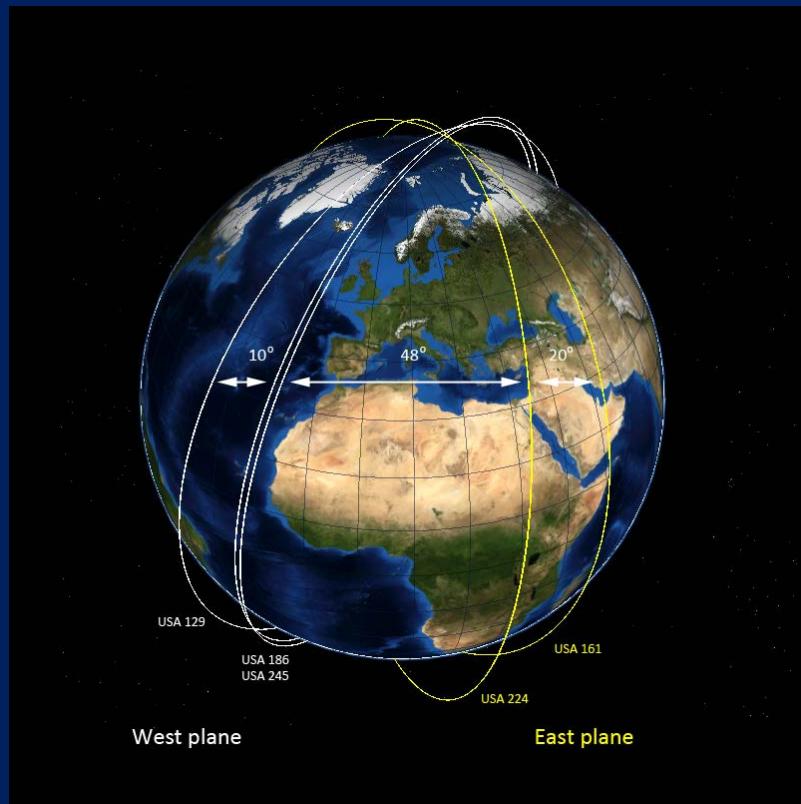
- * Polar orbits
- * sun-synchronous
- * repeating ground track

Radar remote sensing

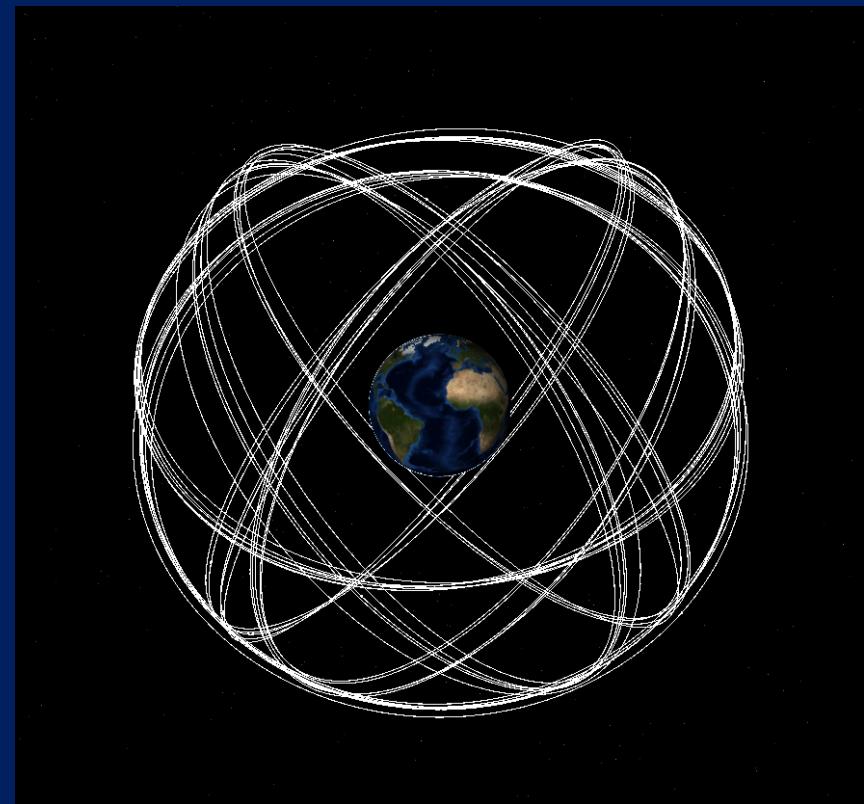
- * class in retrograde orbit:
 - radar sensing (SAR)

Orbital behaviour: Constellations

- * particular orbital inclinations
- * particular orbital altitudes
- * particular orbital plane separations



KH-11



NAVSTAR (GPS)

Photometric behaviour



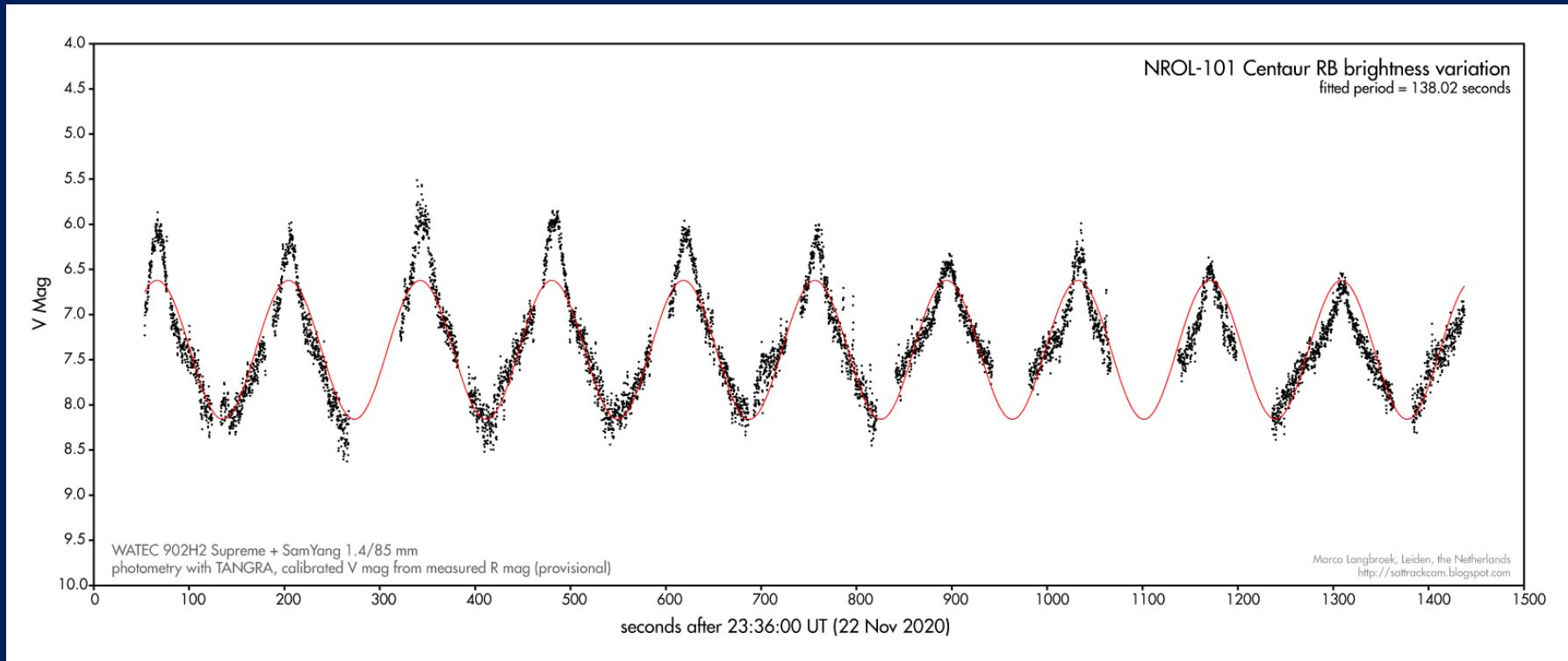
NROL-101 (USA 310) Centaur upper stage



Iridium 33 debris (result of 2009 collision)

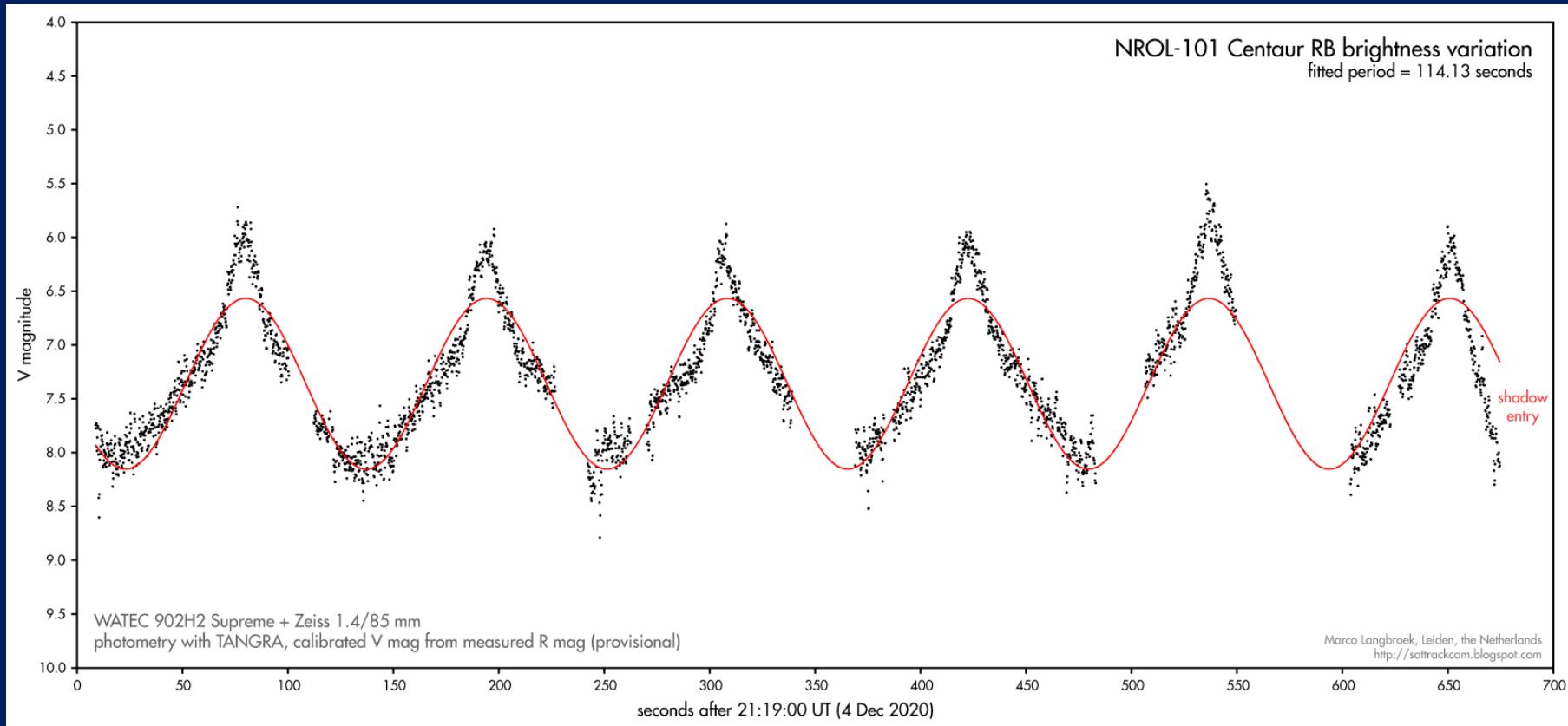
Optical Tracking and Characterization

Low Light Level video: photometric behaviour



Optical Tracking and Characterization

Low Light Level video: photometric behaviour



Optical Tracking and Characterization

Low Light Level video



00:56:51 25/07/17

0609.4 0529.4

USA 81

Optical Tracking and Characterization

Low Light Level video: photometric behaviour



Iridium 33 debris



NROL-10 Centaur upper stage

Tumbling (rocket stages, defunct payloads, malfunctioned payloads)

Spin stabilization (operational payloads)

Shape (operational payloads): flares due to reflective surfaces, e.g. solar- or antenna panels

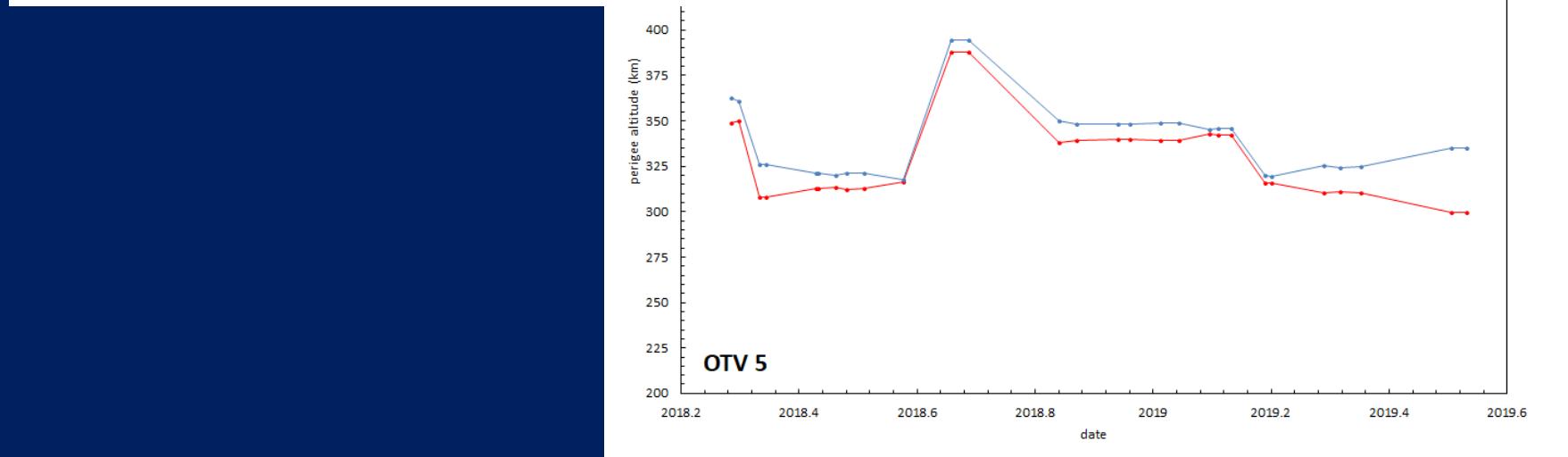
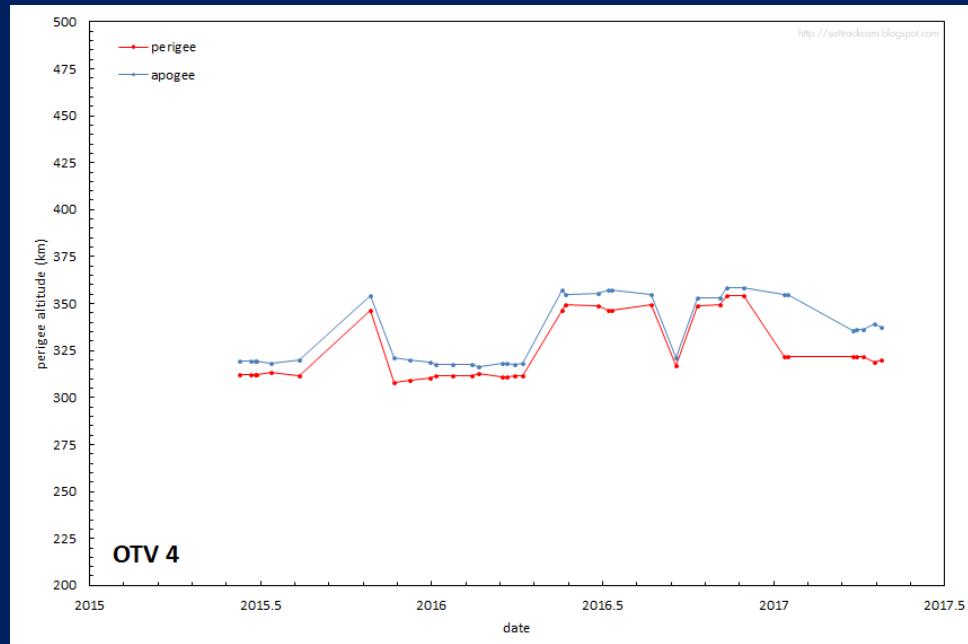
Optical Tracking and Characterization

Orbital behaviour



Optical Tracking and Characterization

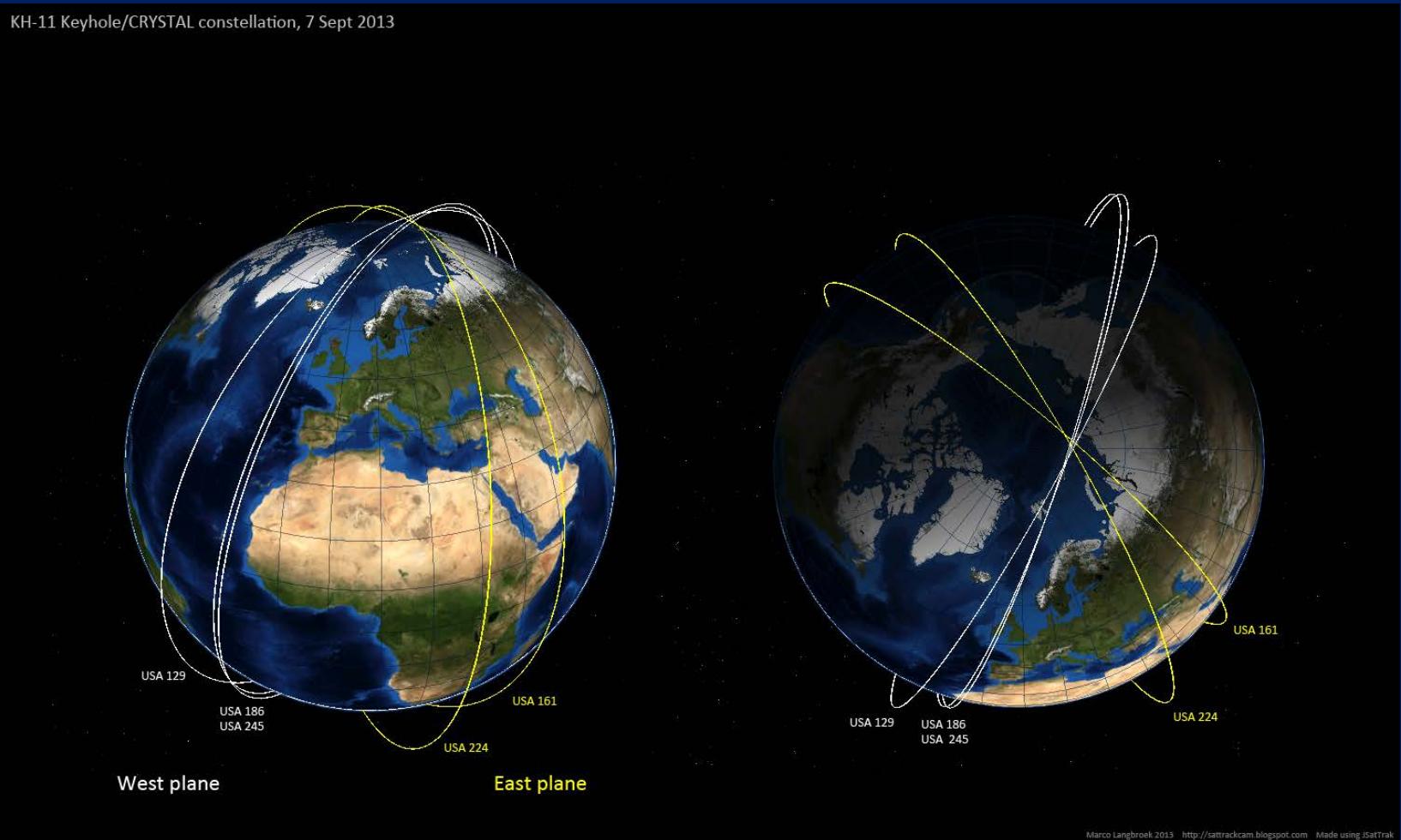
orbital behaviour



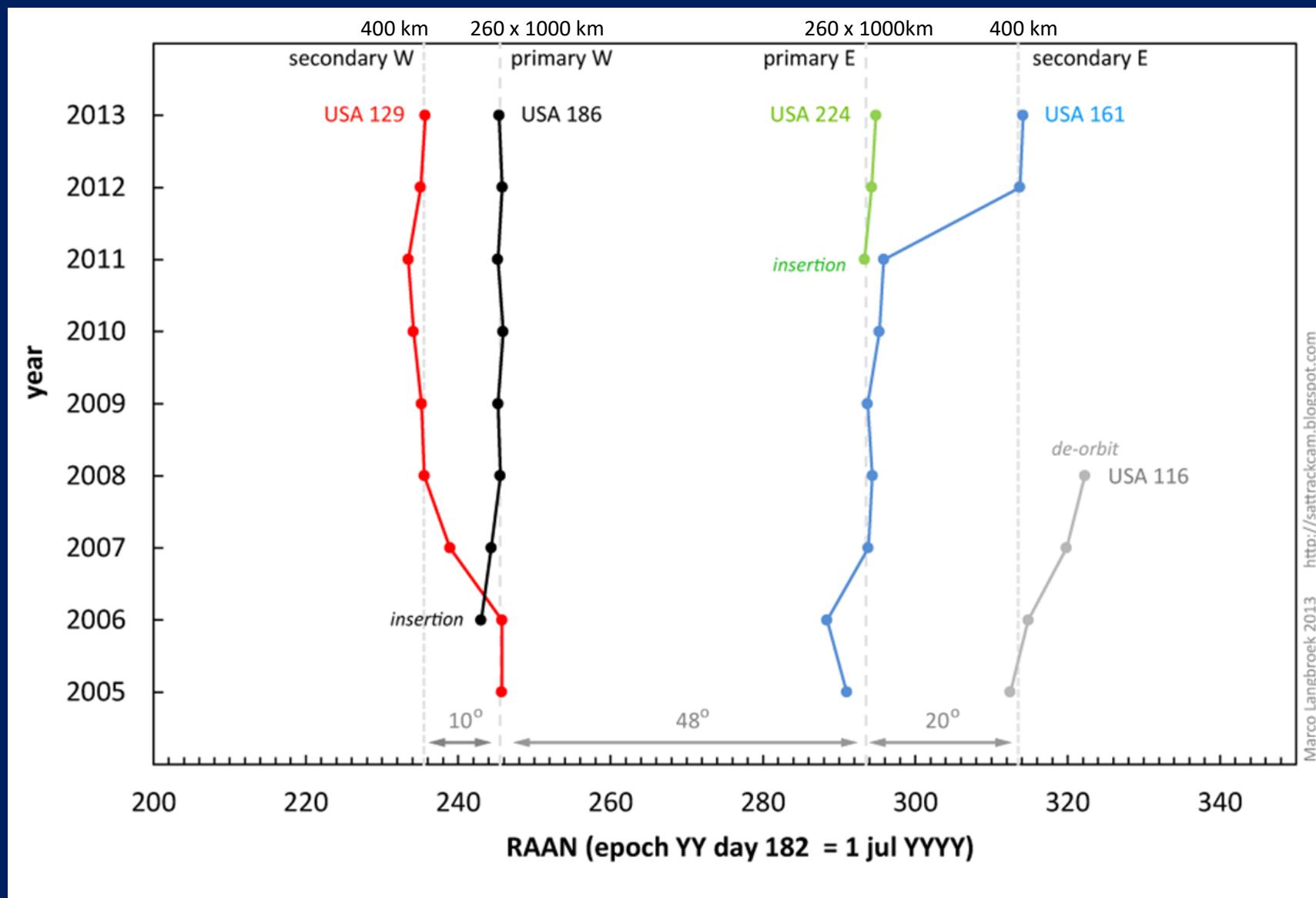
Optical Tracking and Characterization

orbit type and orbital behaviour

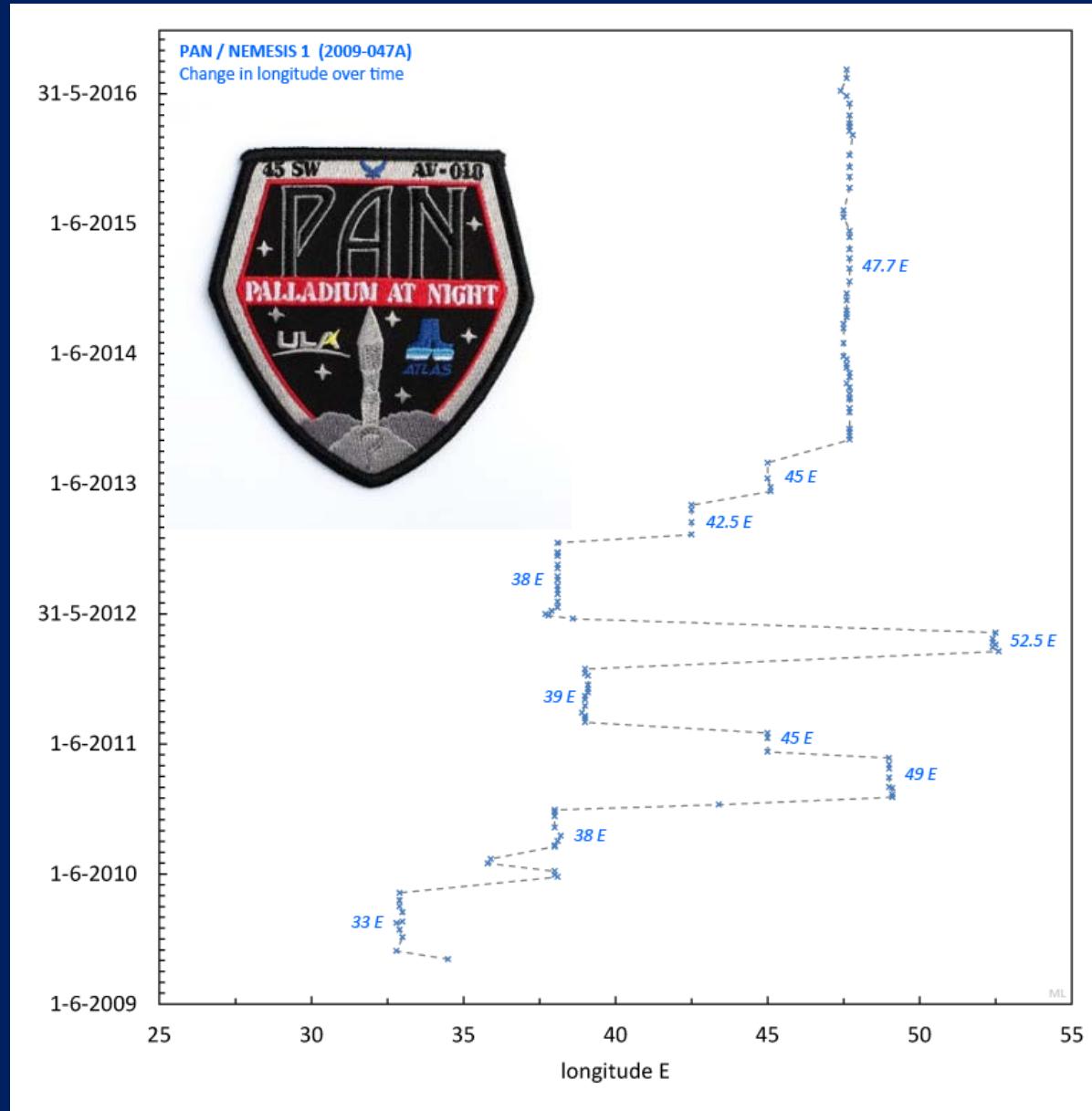
KH-11 ‘IMPROVED ENHANCED CRYSTAL’



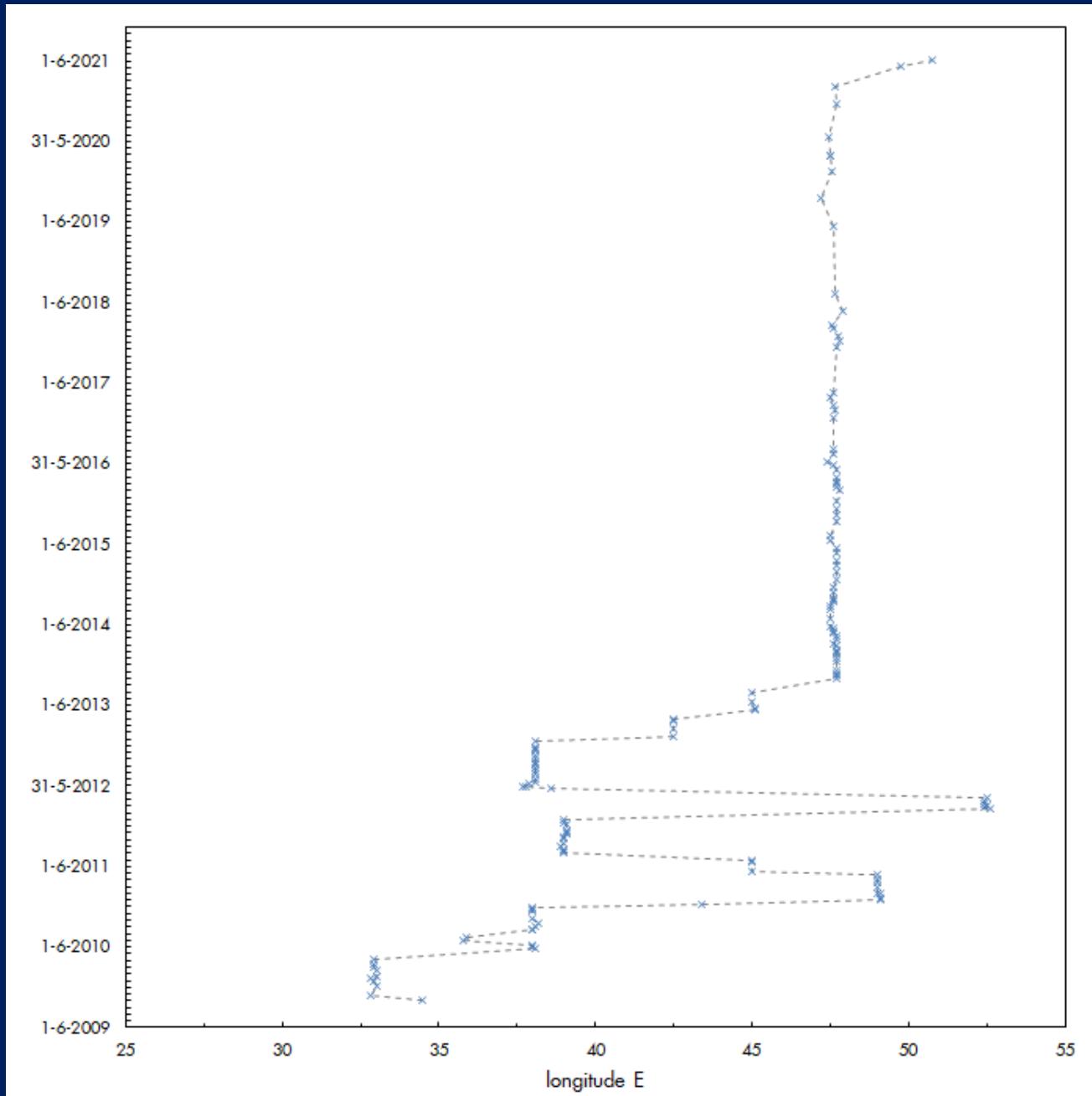
KH-11 'IMPROVED ENHANCED CRYSTAL'



CASE STUDY: Orbital Behaviour

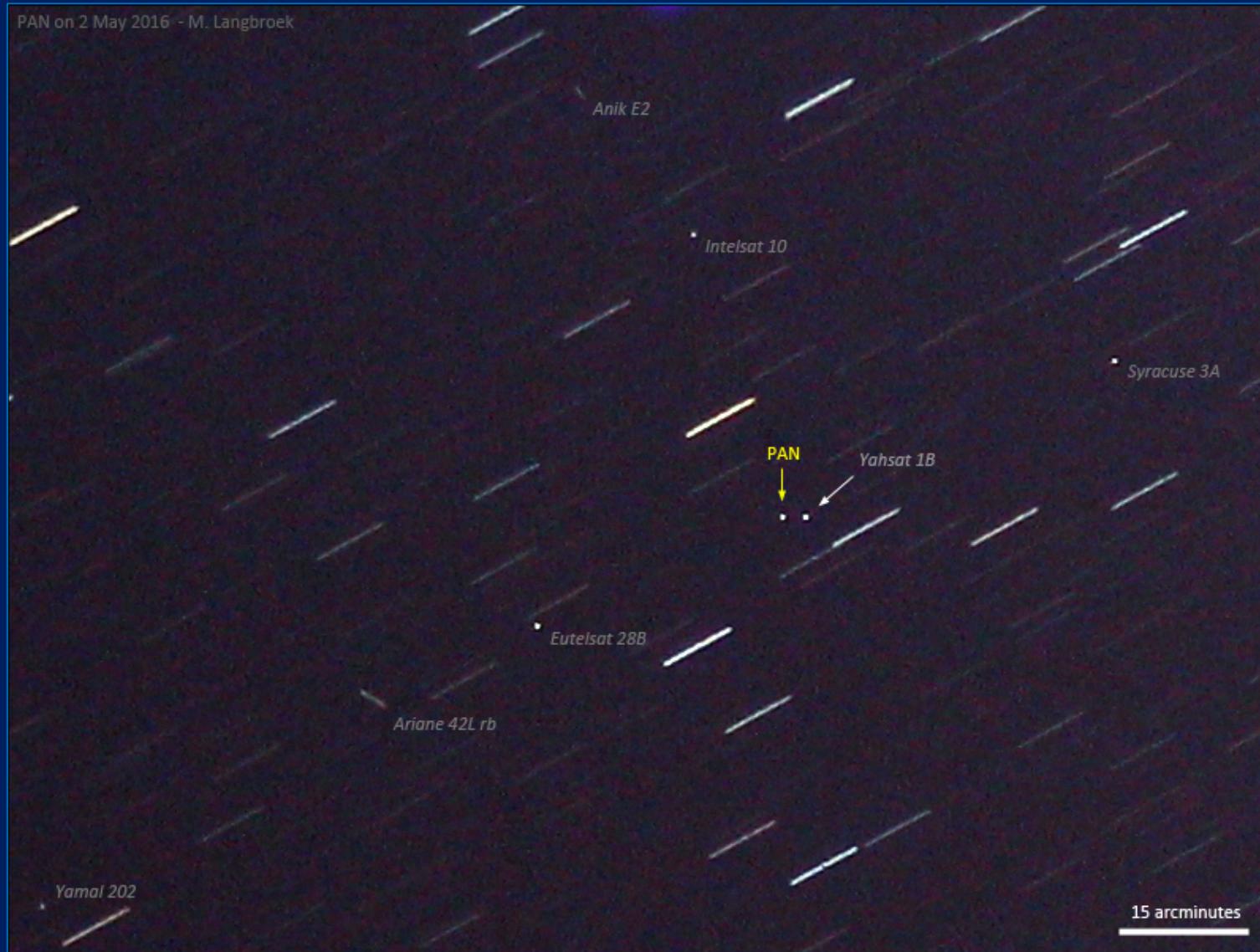


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Optical Tracking and Characterization

Orbital behaviour



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Orbital behaviour



PAN (NEMESIS I)

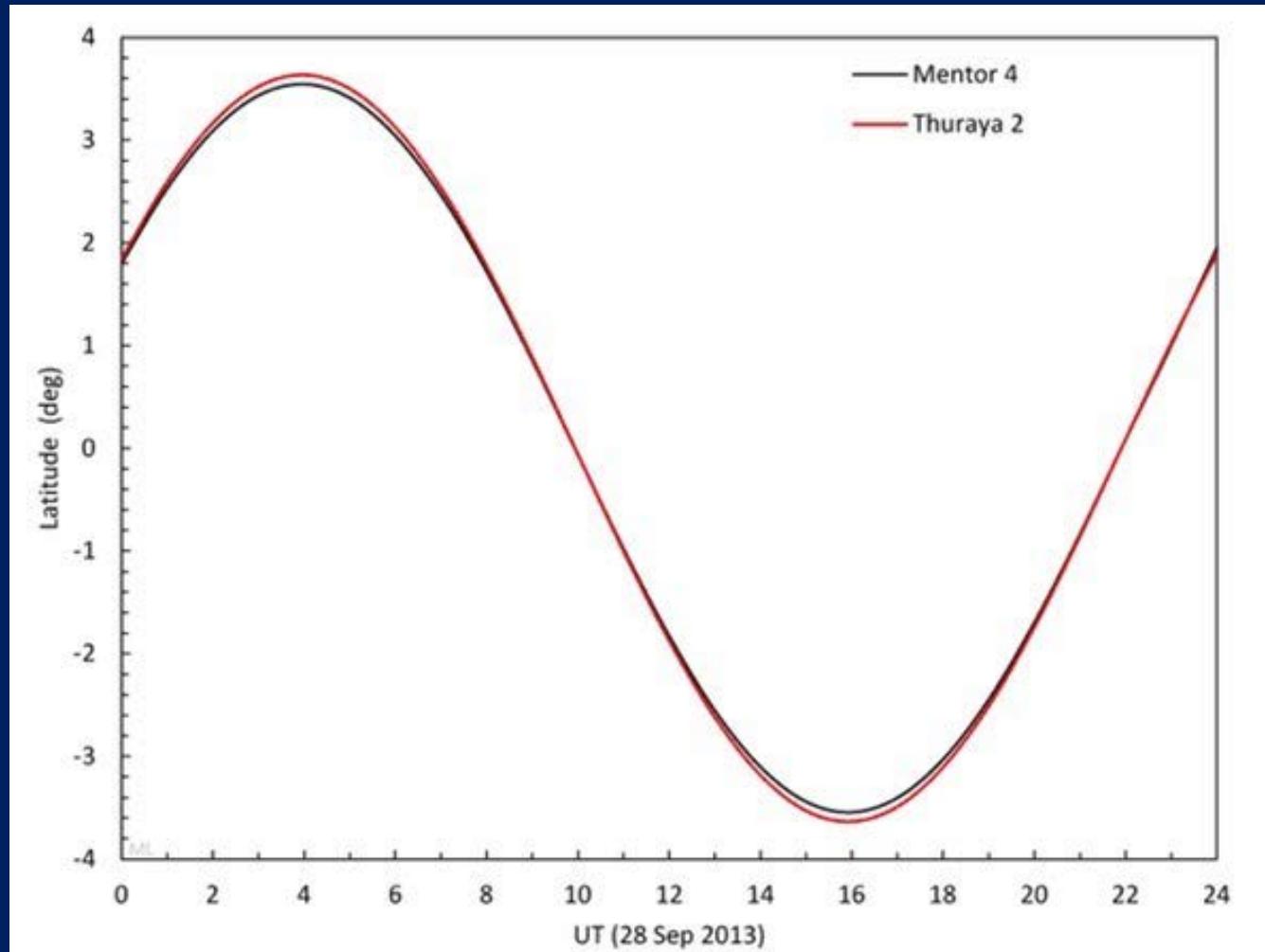


Mentor 4 (ADVANCED ORION 4)

Launched in the same year (2009)

Optical Tracking and Characterization

Orbital behaviour



Optical Tracking and Characterization

Orbital behaviour

TOP SECRET//COMINT/TALENT KEYHOLE//REL TO USA, AUS, GBR



January 2009

(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Two New Collection Assets to Greatly Expand MHS Target Coverage

By: (U//FOUO) [REDACTED] Menwith Hill Station (F77)

(TS//SI//TK//REL) Menwith Hill Station will accept two new satellites in 2009 – an ORION spacecraft [REDACTED] and a NEMESIS spacecraft [REDACTED]. The arrival of these new vehicles will give MHS greater flexibility in missions, surveys, and signals development efforts and provide opportunities for collection, discovery, and sharing. [REDACTED] will also provide the Intelligence Community with an opportunity to use Overhead in a non-traditional way for a FORNSAT SIGDEV mission.

(S//TK//REL) [REDACTED]

(TS//SI//TK//REL) [REDACTED] currently has a launch date of 13 January 2009. After launch, Alice Springs Mission Ground Station will control [REDACTED] as it deploys and drifts westward, with MHS gaining control 59 days later.

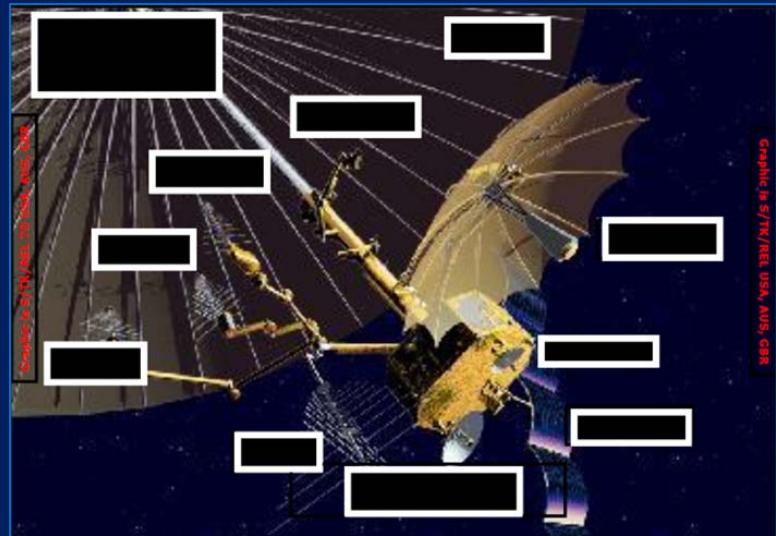


(TS//SI//TK//REL) MHS will perform testing and verification before putting the spacecraft into full operations. If the current launch date stands, [REDACTED] will be fully operational sometime around mid May 2009. (Click [HERE](#) for larger image.)

(TS//SI//TK//REL) [REDACTED]'s initial mission is a survey of the People's Republic of China (PRC) line-of-sight microwave towers and emitters. [REDACTED] will survey the area drifting from east for approximately 30-45 days. At east, [REDACTED] will pick up its new primary mission from [REDACTED] [Thuraya](#) collection and Afghanistan/Pakistan exfiltration.

(TS//SI//TK//REL) After spacecraft [REDACTED] transfers the Thuraya mission to [REDACTED] will drift 0.1 degree a day west, continuing the PRC survey for approximately 200 more days. After completion of the PRC survey, [REDACTED] will take on a new mission targeting Latin America, Middle East and North Africa, greatly expanding MHS's target and coverage area.

TOP SECRET//COMINT/TALENT KEYHOLE//REL TO USA, AUS, GBR



Graphic is S//TK//REL USA, AUS, GBR

Optical Tracking and Characterization

Orbital behaviour



(S//TK//REL) [REDACTED]

(TS//SI//TK//REL) Currently, [REDACTED] has a launch date of 11 April 2009. [REDACTED]'s mission will be Foreign Satellite (FORNSAT) collection from space – targeting

commercial satellite uplinks not normally accessible via conventional means. [REDACTED] will provide the Office of FORNSAT a “site in the sky” when denied a site on the ground for collection. Ground processing equipment is being put in place at MHS that can cover both drift/dwell and sustained collection.

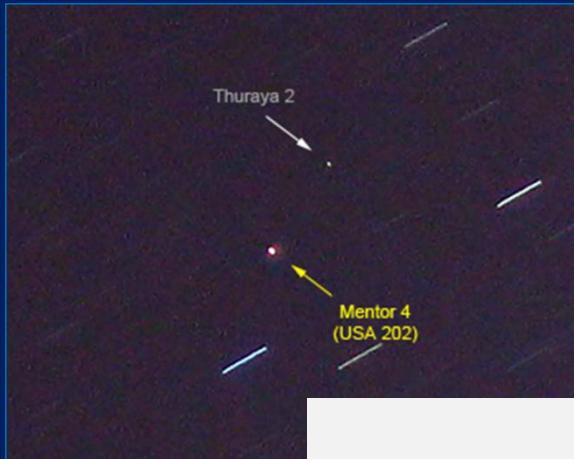


(S//TK//REL) MHS expects to have full operations on [REDACTED] 85 days after launch. (Click [HERE](#) for larger image.)

(TS//SI//TK//REL) The arrival of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] at MHS will open up new opportunities for discovery and will enhance collection efforts for the intelligence community into areas not previously explored.

Optical Tracking and Characterization

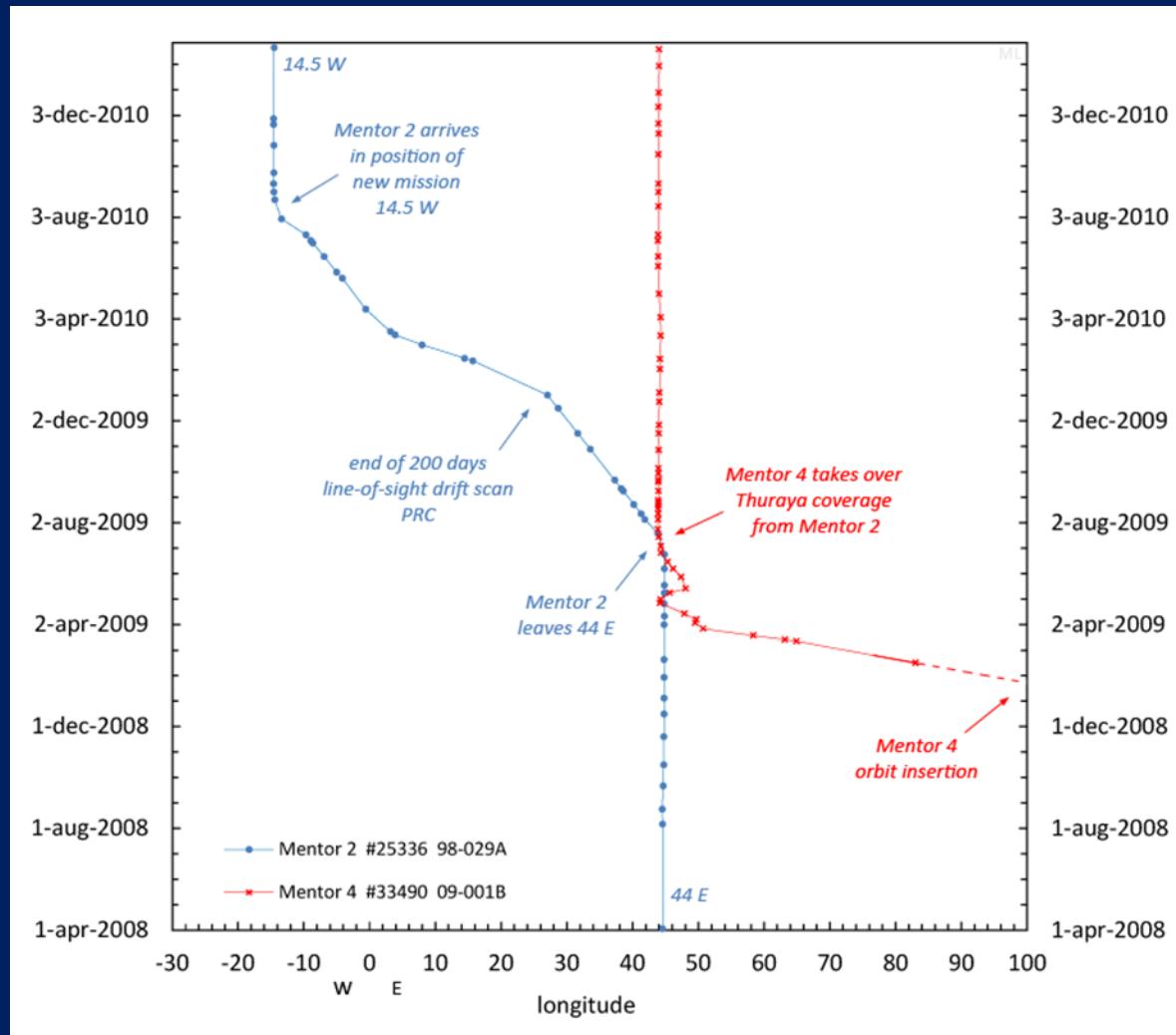
Orbital behaviour



(TS//SI/TK//REL) [REDACTED]'s initial mission is a survey of the People's Republic of China (PRC) line-of-sight microwave towers and emitters. [REDACTED] will survey the area drifting from [REDACTED] east for approximately 30-45 days. At [REDACTED] east, [REDACTED] will pick up its new primary mission from [REDACTED]: [Thuraya](#) collection and Afghanistan/Pakistan exfiltration.

Optical Tracking and Characterization

Orbital behaviour



M. Langbroek:

A NEMESIS in the Sky. PAN, Mentor 4, and Close Encounters of the SIGINT kind

The Space Review, 31 Oktober 2016

<http://www.thespacereview.com/article/3095/1>



The screenshot shows a blog post titled "Apparent failed deorbit of the Starlink-18 Falcon 9 upper stage [UPDATED]". The post includes a video thumbnail showing a bright object in the sky, likely the upper stage, and text from the blog's header: "THE SECRET SPIES IN THE SKY - Imagery, Data Analysis, and Discussions relating to Military Space". The post also features a donation button and a small logo for "SatTrackCam Leiden".

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21:07:18 21/07/21
0383.2 0363.2