

Supplement to the curriculum for the

Master's Programme Biomedical Engineering

Curriculum 2016 in the 2021 version

This amendment was approved by the Senate of Graz University of Technology at its meeting on 27 May 2024.

The addition to the curriculum is necessary as the new Bachelor's degree programme in Electrical and Electronics Engineering (EEE) has a corresponding impact on courses in the Master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering. In addition, further equivalent courses from the current Master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering 2016 in the 2021 version have been defined. The following equivalence list, which was approved by the StuKo BME in its meeting on 6 March 2024, was drawn up in order to continue to guarantee studyability.

Equivalence list

| Bachelor's degree Electrical Engineering a | | | 2024 | Existing curriculum for the M Biomedical Engineering 2016 | | | |
|---|---------------|------|------|--|---------------|------|------|
| Course | Course Typ | SSt. | ECTS | Course | Course Typ | SSt. | ECTS |
| Digital Communications | VO | 2 | 3 | Nachrichtantachnik | VO | 3 | 4 5 |
| RF System Design | VO | 2 | 3 | Nachrichtentechnik | VO | 3 | 4,5 |
| Digital Communications | UE | 1 | 1,5 | Nachrichtentechnik | UE | 2 | 2,5 |
| Fundamentals of RF and Microwave Engineering | VO | 2 | 3 | Grundlagen der Hochfrequenztechnik | VO | 2 | 3 |
| Fundamentals of RF and Microwave Engineering | UE | 1 | 1,5 | Grundlagen der Hochfrequenztechnik | UE | 1 | 2 |
| Microcontroller | UE | 2 | 3 | Microcontroller | UE | 2 | 2 |
| Dimensionierung elektronischer Schaltungen, Labor | LU | 1 | 1 | Practical Analog Circuit Design, Laboratory | LU | 1 | 1,5 |
| Simulation elektronischer Systeme | VO | 1 | 1,5 | Circuit Simulation | VO | 1 | 1,5 |
| Simulation elektronischer Systeme | UE | 2 | 3 | Circuit Simulation | UE | 2 | 3 |
| Grundlagen elektrischer Antriebe | VO | 2 | 3 | Grundlagen elektrischer Antriebe | VO | 1,5 | 2 |

| Existing curriculum programme Biomedica in the versi | al Engine | | | Existing curriculu programme Biomedi in the ver | | | 16 |
|--|---------------|------|------|---|---------------|------|------|
| Course | Course Typ | SSt. | ECTS | Course | Course Typ | SSt. | ECTS |
| Mikro- und Markoökonomie für ElektrotechnikerInnen | VO | 2 | 3 | Krankenhaus- und Projektmanagement | VO | 2 | 3 |
| Bürgerliches Recht und Unternehmensrecht | VO | 3 | 3 | Krankenhaus- und Projektmanagement | VO | 2 | 3 |
| Betriebssoziologie | VO | 2 | 3 | Krankenhaus- und Projektmanagement | VO | 2 | 3 |
| Medical Laser Technology | VO | 2 | 3 | Advanced Control in Biomedical Systems | VU | 2 | 3 |
| Biosignal Processing | VO | 2 | 3 | Advanced Control in Biomedical Systems | VU | 2 | 3 |
| Medical Instrumentation | VU | 2 | 3 | Advanced Control in Biomedical Systems | VU | 2 | 3 |

This amendment comes into force on 1 October 2024.



Curriculum for the master's degree programme in

Biomedical Engineering

Curriculum 2016 in the version of 2021

This curriculum was approved by the Senate of Graz University of Technology during its meeting on April 19, 2021

(Please note: The English version of this document is a courtesy translation. Only the German version is legally binding.)

On the basis of the Federal Act on the Organisation of Universities and their Studies (UG), Austrian Federal Law Gazette (BGBI.) No. 120/2002 as amended, the Senate of Graz University of Technology issues the following curriculum for the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering.

§ 1 General provisions

- (1) The engineering sciences master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering comprises four semesters. The total scope of the programme is 120 ECTS credit points.
- (2) The master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering is exclusively held in English according to § 71.e para. 4 UG.
- (3) Graduates of this programme are awarded the university degree of "Diplom-Ingenieurin"/"Diplom-Ingenieur", abbreviated: "Dipl.-Ing." or "DI". The international equivalent of this university degree is "Master of Science", abbreviated: "MSc".
- (4) Admission to the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering requires a subject-related bachelor's degree or another equivalent degree according to § 64 para. 5 UG. The master's programme in Biomedical Engineering is based on the bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering offered by TU Graz. Graduates of this degree programme shall be admitted to this master's degree programme without any further prerequisites.
- (5) Depending on the previous education of the applicant to the programme, up to 22 ECTS credit points from the courses of the above bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering may be prescribed as part of the admission to the curriculum presented here for graduates of other bachelor's degree programmes. These prescribed courses reduce the workload outlined in the curriculum for achievements in

elective subjects or minors accordingly. A bachelor's degree programme that entitles the student to be admitted must comprise at least 180 ECTS credit points. In order to obtain an overall scope of 300 ECTS credit points for the graduate and postgraduate study programmes together, students shall not be assigned courses in the master's programme which they have already completed as part of their bachelor's degree and which were part of their qualification for the master's degree programme.

(6) The study programme is completed by writing a master's thesis and passing an examination before a committee according to § 7a below.

§ 2 Qualification profile

(1) Object of study programme

The master's degree programme is designed to be part of the overall training to become a graduate engineer in Biomedical Engineering, which provides a futureoriented, interdisciplinary education in combination with the preceding bachelor's programme. The sound, interdisciplinary basic education offered by the bachelor's programme is followed by specialisations in the fields of five elective subjects: Biomechanical Engineering, Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors, Biomedical Imaging and Sensing, Computational Neuroscience and Health Care Engineering. The curriculum aims to provide a comparatively high degree of freedom in choosing the teaching content, and increases students' independence and initiative in the way they think, decide and act in an interdisciplinary manner.

(2) Qualification profile and skills

The master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering is intended to enable graduates to work at the interface between technology, medicine and biology, to understand the language and content of these fields and to apply their interdisciplinary, technical expertise in cooperation and to solve problems.

Graduates of the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering are prepared for a variety of challenges in medical engineering and are able to familiarise themselves in a short time with all the fields of biomedical engineering better than graduates of other, less interdisciplinary master's degree programmes. Students who have successfully completed the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering have achieved the following objectives and acquired the following skills:

Knowledge and understanding

Graduates

- are familiar with the key theories, principles and methods of biomedical engineering;
- have deepened their knowledge in two particular fields of biomedical engineering;
- understand the working methods in these fields and are capable of applying these methods and the scientific basics for them in a practical way, and
- · know the most important strategies to solve problems efficiently.

Knowledge-based application and assessment

Graduates

 have acquired the skills to apply theoretical knowledge in a practical way, both technically and scientifically;

- have developed skills for interdisciplinary analysis and assessment, and are able to formulate scientifically founded assessments and possible solutions;
- recognise ethical, social, societal and economic implications, connections and needs, and
- are able to correctly interpret the results acquired with the subject-specific methods and to continue working with these results.

Communicative, organisational and social competencies

Graduates

- are able to write scientific texts and to present results both in written form and orally;
- are able to acquire new knowledge independently, to contribute independently to research and development;
- are able to integrate themselves into a team and to assume subtasks and leadership roles independently;
- have basic knowledge of handling projects;
- have developed an awareness for the necessity of lifelong learning, and
- are capable of international, interdisciplinary cooperation.

(3) Demand for and relevance of the study programme for science and on the job market

The current sociopolitical and scientific challenges underline the importance of and future prospects for the study programme in Biomedical Engineering. The demographic development combined with the increased life expectancy is leading to a dramatically ageing population and, consequently, to an enormous increase in healthcare costs, as well as to a growing demand for new solutions to provide efficient, safe and cost-effective healthcare and for new, innovative medical products, therapies and everyday medical aids for the ageing population.

In combination with new possibilities in modelling and simulation, but particularly in computational science and engineering, telecommunications and neurosciences, molecular medicine, biomedical instruments and sensors, imaging, bioinformatics, biomechanics and tissue engineering as well as the structural, economic and methodological challenges in healthcare, very promising research potential, development potential and market potential is created.

This dynamic development is giving rise to an increased demand in business, research and development for graduates of the study programme in Biomedical Engineering. The intention is for graduates to work in research and development, business and the public sector to develop improved diagnostic and therapeutic solutions, to implement them technically, and to make them available efficiently and economically.

Through the sound, broad education of the basics, with a subsequent specialisation in one of the five focus areas offered, the conditions are created for graduates of the study programme in Biomedical Engineering to analyse interdisciplinary issues, to create new foundations, to prepare concepts and principles and to implement them for the benefit of society. The career opportunities for graduates of this study programme are extraordinarily diverse: in industry (from start-ups to large-scale industry), for service providers and public authorities, and in science, research and teaching.

§ 3 ECTS credit points

In accordance with the European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System, the individual courses are assigned ECTS credit points that determine the relative share of the workload. The Universities Act (UG) determines the workload for one ECTS credit point to be an average of 25 full hours.

§ 4 Structure of the study programme

The master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering consists of:

- 1. a major with at least 50 ECTS credit points;
- 2. a **minor** from a second subject-specific specialisation with at least **21 ECTS cred**it points;
- 3. elective courses with a workload of 10 ECTS credit points, which are assigned to the minor. These elective courses can be chosen from the catalogues of electives. The courses are to be selected from the list in § 5a in such a way that the total for the major, minor and elective courses without the master's degree seminar comprises at least 81 ECTS credit points. A higher number of ECTS credit points for the major and the minor reduces the required workload of the elective courses accordingly;
- 4. a **free-choice subject** that contains free-choice courses with a workload of **6 ECTS credit points**, and
- 5. a **master's thesis**. The master's thesis corresponds to **30 ECTS credit points** and must be assignable to the major or the minor according to § 4b below.

As part of the major or minor, a **master's degree seminar** with a workload of **3 ECTS credit points** must be completed. The subject to which the master's degree seminar is assigned is then allocated a further 3 ECTS credit points accordingly.

| Master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Subject | ECTS |
| Major according to § 4a below | min. 53 or 50 ¹ |
| Minor according to § 4a below (including elective courses) | min. 31 or 34 ¹ |
| Free-choice subject according to § 5b below | 6 |
| Total workload without master's thesis | 90 |
| Master's thesis according to § 4b below (assigned to the major or the minor in terms of content) | 30 |
| Total for the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering | 120 |

¹ The seminar with a workload of 3 ECTS credit points is included in the higher number of ECTS credit points.

§ 5a below contains a list of the individual courses of this master's programme and their allocation to the subjects. The semester allocation is a recommendation and ensures that the sequence of courses builds optimally on previous knowledge and that the workload of an academic year does not exceed 60 ECTS credit points.

Courses that were used to complete the bachelor's degree programme to grant admission to this programme are not part of this master's degree programme. If compulsory courses that are provided for in this curriculum were already used as part of the bachelor's degree programme described above, they are to be replaced by additional elective courses comprising the same workload (ECTS credit points).

§ 4a Choice of major, minor and elective courses

The major and minor are scientifically relevant and business-related specialisations in the field of biomedical engineering.

During the first semester of the master's degree programme, the catalogues of electives for the major and minor must be chosen. These are catalogues of electives from the list in § 5a. Each catalogue of electives contains a list of related courses, which enable an extensive specialisation in the field of biomedical engineering. The choice of a catalogue of electives listed in § 5a can be changed if the reasons are stated.

The **major** shall be selected from the *technical* catalogues of electives (catalogues c1-c5) defined in § 5a. This consists of a predefined compulsory course component and courses that can be freely chosen from the same catalogue of electives.

The **minor** can be selected from the catalogues of electives (catalogues c1-c5, b1-b2) defined in § 5a. This consists of a predefined compulsory course component and courses that can be freely chosen from the same catalogue of electives.

The diagram below provides an overview of how the major and minor can be combined. The combinations marked in black are not possible. For a combination with a number in brackets, compulsory courses that occur twice must be replaced according to the table entitled "Replacement courses" (see § 5a, page 18-19).

| | | | | | | | | Minors | | | | | | |
|--------|----|--|--------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|--|----------------|
| | | | Biomaterials | Biomolecular Analytics | Medical Electronics | Bioinstrumentation | Optical Microscopy | Biomedical Imaging | Brain-Computer Interfacing | Neural Engineering | Clinical Engineering | Cellular Electrophysiology and Sensors | Business, Law, Manage- ment and Soft Skills | Bioinformatics |
| | | | с 1 | | Ŋ | | | IJ | | 2 | | £ | b1 | b2 |
| | c1 | Biomechanics: Modeling and Simulation | | | | | | (1) | | | | | | |
| | c2 | Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors | | | | | | | | (2) | | (3) | | |
| Majors | c3 | Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | | (4) | | (5) | | | (8) | (6) | | (7) | | (9) |
| | c4 | Computational Neuroscience | | | | | | (10) | | | | | | (11) |
| | c5 | Biomedical Device Design, Safety and Regulation | | | (12) | (13) | | | | | | | | |

All courses offered according to § 5a can be selected as **elective courses**.

Other courses can also be completed as part of the elective courses to improve knowledge of a foreign language (English or German) with a total scope of up to 3 ECTS credit points.

§ 4b Master's thesis

Within the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering, a master's thesis must be written, which must be assignable to the named major or minor.

Before a student starts work on their master's thesis, it must be registered with the Dean of Studies via the responsible dean's office. The topic, the area of expertise of the topic and the supervisor as well as the institute must be stated.

When the student begins the thesis, in the case of individual subjects pursuant to the transitional provisions (§8 below), he/she must make an informed decision together with the Dean of Studies and the supervisor of the master's thesis with regard to assigning the master's thesis to a subject.

§ 5 Course content and semester plan

| Subject | Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Se | mester | incl. EC | TS | |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------|-------------|------|--------|----------|------|--|
| Subject | Course | 331 | oourse | LCIS | I | Ш | ш | IV | |
| | Master's degree seminar according to § 4 above | 1.0 | SP | 3.0 | | | 3.0 | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | |
| Total for | the major and minor | | | 81.0 | 30.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Master's | thesis according to § 4b above | | | 30.0 | | | | 30.0 | |
| | thesis according to § 4b above | | | 30.0 | | | | 30.0 | |
| | | | | 30.0 6.0 | | 3.0 | 3.0 | 30.0 | |

Abbreviations: SP: seminar project; SSt: semester hours

§ 5a Catalogues of electives

The technical catalogue of electives **c1 – Biomechanical Engineering** comprises:

- the major: Biomechanics: Modeling and Simulation, and
- Minor 1: Biomaterials.

| | | Turna | | | Con | npulso ne | • | ipo- | | Language |
|---------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | Mi- nor 1 | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recommen- dation | |
| Prerequisites from the bach | elor's | degree p | orogram | me in Biom | edical | Engin | eering | | L | ! |
| Strength of Materials | 3.0 | VU | 4.5 | WS | | | | | compulsory for the major if not completed in the bache- lor's programme | English |
| Theory of Materials / Structu | iral An | alysis | | | | | | | | |
| Tissue Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Theory of Materials | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Biological and Bio-based Materials | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Imaging Laboratory | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Electron Microscopy Imaging | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Bionanotechnology | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Microscopy in Biotechnology | 2.0 | VO | 4.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Materials Characterization II | 1.33 | VO | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Materials Characterization III | 1.33 | VO | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Physics of Modern Materials | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |

| Medical Image Analysis | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
|---|---------|----------|----------|------------|----------|------|-----|-----|----------------------------|---------|
| Medical Image Analysis | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Micromechanics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Biomaterials | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for Minor 1 | English |
| Pathologie | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for major | German |
| Subtotal | | | | | 9.0 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Multiscale Biomechanics | | | | | | | | | • | |
| Mechanics of Biological Tissues | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Mechanics of Proteins and Cells | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 6.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Basics of Biomechanical Mo | deling | and Si | mulation |) | | : | | | ! | |
| Continuum Mechanics | 3.0 | VU | 4.5 | WS | 4.5 | Г | T | Γ | Г | English |
| | | _ | | SS | | | | | | |
| Strömungslehre und Wärmeübertragung I | 4.0 | VO | 6.0 | 55 | | | | | | German |
| Strömungslehre und Wärmeübertragung I | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Strömungslehre und Wärmeübertragung II VT | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Strömungslehre und Wärmeübertragung II VT | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Höhere Strömungslehre und Wärmeübertragung | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Thermodynamics for Biomed- ical Engineers | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Thermodynamics for Biomed- ical Engineers | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | 2.0 | | | | | English |
| Höhere Thermodynamik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Höhere Thermodynamik | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Subtotal | | | | | 9.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Basics of Numerical Method | s (Fini | ite Elem | ent Meth | nod) and A | pplicati | ions | | | | |
| Optimization for Computer Science | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Optimization for Computer Science | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | 2.0 | | + | | | English |
| Finite Element Method | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |

| | | Tuno | | | Com | npulso ne | ry com nt | npo- | | |
|---|-----|----------------------|------|----------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | Mi- nor 1 | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Finite Element Method - Ad- vanced course | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Computational Biomechanics | 4.0 | VU | 5.5 | SS | 5.5 | | | | | English |
| Technische Numerik 2 | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Technische Numerik 2 | 1.0 | UE | 1.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Numerische Methoden Strömungslehre und Wärmeübertragung | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Numerische Methoden in der angewandten Thermodynamik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Partielle Differentialglei- chungen und Numerik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |

| | | Туре | | | Con | - | ry com ent | npo- | | |
|--|-----|--------------|------|----------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | Mi- nor 1 | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Partielle Differentialglei- chungen und Numerik | 1.0 | UE | 1.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Biostatistics and Experimental Design | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems, Laboratory | 2,0 | LU | 3,0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 16.5 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall total for the compul- sory component | | | | | 41.0 | 12.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |

Abbreviations: KU: design exercise; LU: laboratory course; SS: summer semester; SSt: semester hours; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; VU: lecture with integrated exercises; WW: winter semester

The technical catalogue of electives **c2 – Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors** comprises:

- the major: Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors;
- Minor 1: Biomolecular Analytics;
- Minor 2: Medical Electronics, and
- Minor 3: Bioinstrumentation.

| Catalogue of electi | 100. | | | | | | ory con | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|-------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | ne Mi- nor 1 | ent Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Prerequisites from the bache | elor's c | legree p | rogram | me in Biome | dical E | Ingine | ering | • | | • |
| | 1 | | | | | | | [| none | |
| Signal processing | | | L | | | | | | | |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | [| | English |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Nonlinear Signal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Nonlinear Signal Processing | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 6.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Analytics / Biosensors | : | | | | | | : | : | : | ÷ |
| Chemical Analytics and Sen- sors | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | SS | 4.5 | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | LU | 2.0 | SS | 2.0 | 2.0 | | | | English |
| Physical Effects for Sensors | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | <u> </u> | | English |
| Bionanotechnology | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | English |
| Biomaterials | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | recommended for Minor 1 | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 15.5 | 15.5 | 0.0 | 7.5 | | |

| | | | | | Con | npulso | - | npo- | | |
|---|--------|----------------------|------|----------|------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | | nt Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Biomedical Instrumentation I | Basics | | | | | | | | | |
| Medical Instrumentation | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | 3.0 | [| English |
| Medizinische Gerätetechnik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems 2 | 1.5 | VU | 2.0 | SS | 2.0 | | | | | English |
| Control of Medical Instrumen- tation | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | 3.0 | | English |
| Rehabilitation Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Medical Laser Technology | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Introduction to Brain- Computer Interfacing | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | WS | 1.5 | | | | | English |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems, Laboratory | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | 3.0 | | English |
| Biomedical Instrumentation Project | 1.0 | SP | 6.0 | J | | | | | | English |
| EMC of Electronic Systems | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | 3.0 | | recommended for major and Minor 3 | English |
| EMC of Electronic Systems, Laboratory | 1.0 | LU | 2.0 | WS | | | 2.0 | | recommended for major and Minor 3 | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 15.5 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 9.0 | | |
| Instrumentation Specializa- tion | | | | | | | | | | |
| Biooptics | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Biooptics | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Nachrichtentechnik | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Nachrichtentechnik | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Grundlagen der Hochfrequenztechnik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Grundlagen der Hochfrequenztechnik | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Energietechnik für biomedizinische Techniker- Innen | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Microcontroller | 1.5 | VO | 2.0 | WS | | | 2.0 | | | German |
| Microcontroller | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | | | 2.0 | | | German |
| Practical Analog Circuit De- sign | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | | 3.0 | | recommended for major | English |
| Practical Analog Circuit De- sign, Laboratory | 1.0 | LU | 1.5 | SS | | | | | recommended for major and Minor 2 | English |
| Circuit Simulation | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | SS | 1.5 | | | | recommended for Minor 3 | English |
| Circuit Simulation | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | recommended for Minor 3 | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 4.5 | 0.0 | 7.0 | 0.0 | | |
| General Skills | | | | | | | | | | |
| Development and Design of Biomedical Devices | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Predictive Healthcare Infor- mation Systems | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Medizinprodukterecht | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | recommended for major, Minor 1 and Minor 3 | German |
| Encyclopedia Business Eco- nomics | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | SS | | | | | | English |

| | | Type of course | ECTS | | Con | | ery con | ıpo- | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
|---|-----|----------------------|------|----------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | | | Semester | Ma- jor | Mi- nor 1 | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | | |
| Encyclopedia Business Eco- nomics | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Biostatistics and Experimental Design | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for Minor 1 | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall total for the compul- sory component | | | | | 41.5 | 15.5 | 15.0 | 16.5 | | |

Abbreviations: J: annually; SP: seminar project; SS: summer semester; SSt: semester hours; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; VU: lecture with integrated exercises; WW: winter semester

The technical catalogue of electives c3 – Biomedical Imaging and Sensing comprises:

- the major: Biomedical Imaging and Sensing;
- Minor 1: **Optical Microscopy**, and
- Minor 2: Biomedical Imaging.

| Catalogue of electives: c3 – Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | | Semester | Con Ma- jor | | nt Mi- nor 2 | npo- Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Prerequisites from the bache | lor's d | legree pi | rogramr | ne in Biome | dical E | Engine | ering | | | |
| Computer Vision | 2.0 | VU | 2.5 | SS | | | | | compulsory for major and Minor 1 if not completed in the bachelor's pro- gramme | German |
| General Skills | | | | | | | | | | |
| Encyclopedia Business Eco- nomics | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Encyclopedia Business Eco- nomics | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Medizinprodukterecht | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Pathologie | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | German |
| Strahlenschutz in der Medizin | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | + | German |
| Subtotal | | | | | 0.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Foundations | • | • | | | • | | | | | • |
| Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Inverse Problems in Biomedi- cal Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Inverse Problems in Biomedi- cal Engineering | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | 2.0 | | | | | English |
| Optimization for Computer Science | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |

| | | | | | Con | npulso | ory con | npo- | | |
|---|--------|----------------------|--------|----------|------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | | Semester | Ma- jor | | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Optimization for Computer Science | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 8.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Imaging and Sensing Method | s | | | <u> </u> | | ! | ! | | | |
| Magnetic Resonance in Medi- cine and Biology | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Selected Chapters in Bioimag- ing | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Imaging Laboratory | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Biooptics | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | WS | 1.5 | 1.5 | | | | English |
| Biooptics | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 | WS | | 1.5 | | | | English |
| Microscopy | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Microscopy (Lab Course) | 1.0 | LU | 1.5 | J | | 1.5 | | | | English |
| Electron Microscopy Imaging | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | WS | | 1.5 | | | | English |
| Chemical Analytics and Sen- sors | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | SS | 4.5 | | | | | English |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems, Laboratory | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems 2 | 1.5 | VU | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | LU | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Methods of Functional Brain | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Research Subtotal | | | | | 15.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Signal and Data Processing, | Analy | sis and I | lanage | ment | | | | | | |
| Biostatistics and Experimental | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Design | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Nonlinear Signal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Nonlinear Signal Processing | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Machine Learning 2 | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Machine Learning 2 | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Non-Invasive Brain-Computer Interfaces | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Non-Invasive Brain-Computer Interfaces | 2.0 | ΚU | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 12.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Image Processing and Visual | izatio | n | | | | | | | | • |
| Computergrafik | 2.0 | VU | 2.5 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Computer Vision | 2.0 | VU | 2.5 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Image Processing and Pattern Recognition | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Image Processing and Pattern Recognition | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | WS | 2.0 | 2.0 | | | | English |
| Medical Image Analysis | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Medical Image Analysis | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | SS | | | 2.0 | | | English |

| | Туре | | | Compulsory compo- nent | | | | Natas (Dagara | | |
|---|------|--------------|-----|---------------------------|------------|-----------------|------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | of course | | Semester | Ma- jor | Mi- nor 1 | | | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Biomedical Visualization | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 8.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall total for the compul- sory component | | | | | 43.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 0.0 | | |

Abbreviations: J: annually; KU: design exercise; LU: laboratory course; SS: summer semester; SSt: semester hours; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; VU: lecture with integrated exercises; WW: winter semester

The technical catalogue of electives **c4 – Computational Neuroscience** comprises:

- the major: Computational Neuroscience;
- Minor 1: Brain-Computer Interfacing, and
- Minor 2: Neural Engineering.

| | | Tuno | | | Compulsory compo- nent | | | | | |
|--|---------|----------------------|--------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | Mi- nor 1 | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Prerequisites from the bache | lor's c | legree p | rogram | me in Biome | dical E | Ingine | ering | | i | i |
| Machine Learning 1 | 2.0 | vo | 3.0 | SS | | | | | compulsory for major, Minor 1 and Minor 2 if not completed in the bache- lor's programme | English |
| Machine Learning 1 | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 | SS | | | | | compulsory for major, Minor 1 and Minor 2 if not completed in the bache- lor's programme | English |
| Foundations | | | | | | | | | | |
| Neurophysiology & Infor- mation Processing in Human | 1.0 | LU | 1.0 | WS | 1.0 | | | | | English |
| Cognitive Neuroscience | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Methods of Functional Brain Research | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | * | English |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Nonlinear Signal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Nonlinear Signal Processing | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Biostatistics and Experimental Design | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 13.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Brain-Computer Interfaces | | | | | | | | | | English |
| Introduction to Brain- Computer Interfacing | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Non-Invasive Brain-Computer Interfaces | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Non-Invasive Brain-Computer Interfaces | 2.0 | KU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Non-invasive Brain-Computer Interfaces 2 | 2.0 | KU | 3.0 | WS | | 3.0 | | | | English |

| | | | | | Con | npulso | - | ıpo- | | |
|--|------|----------------------|------|----------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | | Semester | Ma- jor | ne Mi- nor 1 | nt Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Neurocomputing, Seminar | 2.0 | SE | 3.5 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Neuroimaging with EEG, fNIRS and fMRI | 1.0 | SE | 2.0 | WS | 2.0 | 2.0 | | | | English |
| Imaging Laboratory | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Inverse Problems in Biomedi- cal Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Inverse Problems in Biomedi- cal Engineering | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Machine Learning 2 | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Machine Learning 2 | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | SS | 2.0 | 2.0 | | | | English |
| Principles of Brain- Computation | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Principles of Brain- Computation | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | SS | 2.0 | | | | | English |
| Computational Intelligence Seminar A | 2.0 | SE | 3.5 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Computational Intelligence Seminar B | 2.0 | SE | 3.5 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Deep Learning | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Deep Learning | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Network Science | 3.0 | VU | 5.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Optimization for Computer Science | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Optimization for Computer Science | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Seminar/Project Machine Learning & Neuroinformatics / Brain-Computer Interfacing | 1.0 | SP | 6.0 | J | 6.0 | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | 34.0 | | 61.5 | | 27.0 | 16.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Neural Engineering | | | | | | | | | | • |
| Selected Topics Neural Engi- neering | 2.0 | SE | 3.0 | SS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Medical Instrumentation | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Interdisciplinary Team-taught Lecture Series: Trends in Neurorehabilitation | 2.0 | vo | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Rehabilitation Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Neuroprosthetics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Neuroprosthetics | 1.0 | LU | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems, Laboratory | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.0 | 0.0 | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Overall total for the com- pulsory component | | | | | 40.0 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 0.0 | | |

Abbreviations: J: annually; KU: design exercise; LU: laboratory course; SE: seminar; SP: seminar project; SS: summer semester; SSt: semester hours; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; VU: lecture with integrated exercises; WW: winter semester

The technical catalogue of electives **c5 – Health Care Engineering** comprises:

- the major: Biomedical Device Design, Safety and Regulation;
- Minor 1: Clinical Engineering, and
- Minor 2: Cellular Electrophysiology and Sensors.

| | | _ | | | Con | npulso ne | ry con nt | npo- | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
|---|---------|----------------------|---------|------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | Mi- nor 1 | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | | |
| Prerequisites from the bache | lor's d | degree p | rogram | me in Biom | edical | Engine | ering | | ! | |
| Krankenhaustechnik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | compulsory for Minor 1 if not completed in the bachelor's programme | German |
| Control of Medica Instrumen- tation | | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | compulsory for Major if not completed in the bachelor's programme | English |
| Biomedical Device Design, S | afety | and Reg | ulation | | | | | | | |
| Medizinische Gerätetechnik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | German |
| Medizingerätesicherheit, Labor | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | German |
| Qualitäts- und Risikoma- nagement für Medizinprodukte | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | ws | 3.0 | | | | | German |
| Medizinprodukterecht | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | German |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems 2 | 1.5 | VU | 2.0 | SS | 2.0 | | | | | English |
| Practical Analog Circuit De- sign | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Practical Analog Circuit De- sign, Laboratory | 1.0 | LU | 1.5 | SS | 1.5 | | | | | English |
| EMC of Electronic Systems | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Grundlagen elektrischer Antriebe | 1.5 | VO | 2.0 | WS | 2.0 | | | | | German |
| Advanced Control in Biomedi- cal Systems | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | | English |
| Development of Electronic Systems | 4.0 | VO | 6.0 | WS | 6.0 | | | | | English |
| MB-Grundausbildung HCE 1 | 3.0 | VU | 4.0 | WS | 4.0 | | | | | German |
| CAD | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | | | | recommended VU "MB- Grundausbildung HCE 1" | German |
| CAE | 2.0 | VU | 2.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for major | German |
| Qualitäts- und Risikoma- nagement für Medizinprodukte | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 | ws | | | | | | German |
| Medizinische Gerätetechnik | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| EMC of Electronic Systems, Laboratory | 1.0 | LU | 2.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for major | English |
| Grundlagen der Hochfrequenztechnik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Grundlagen der Hochfrequenztechnik | 1.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Energietechnik für biomedizinische Techniker- Innen | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | German |
| Microcontroller | 1.5 | VO | 2.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for major | English |

| | | | | | Cor | npulso | ory con ent | npo- | | |
|---|--------|----------------------|------|----------|------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|---|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Semester | Ma- jor | 1 | Mi- nor 2 | Mi- nor 3 | Notes / Recom- mendation | Language |
| Development and Design of Biomedical Devices | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 39.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Clinical Engineering | | !! | | | | ! | ! | | | |
| GL der Hygiene und Mikrobio- logie | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | 3.0 | | | | German |
| Predictive Healthcare Infor- mation Systems | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | 3.0 | | | | English |
| Krankenhaustechnik, Labor | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | WS | | 3.0 | | | | German |
| Gesundheitssysteme und ökonomische Aspekte | 2.0 | SE | 3.0 | SS | | 3.0 | | | | German |
| Krankenhaus- und Pro- jektmanagement | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | 3.0 | | | | German |
| Rehabilitation Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Health Care Engineering, Projekt | 2.0 | PT | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Medical Laser Technology | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Strahlenschutz in der Medizin | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | German |
| Subtotal | | | | | 0.0 | 15.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Cellular Electrophysiology ar | nd Ser | nsors | | | | | | | | |
| Cellular Electrophysiology and Models | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Cellular Electrophysiology and Models, Laboratory | 1.0 | LU | 1.5 | SS | | | 1.5 | | recommended VO "Cellular Electrophysiology and Models" | English |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems, Laboratory | 2.0 | LU | 3.0 | SS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Basics of Microelectronics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | 3.0 | | | English |
| Chemical Analytics and Sen- sors | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | SS | | | 4.5 | | | English |
| Sensor Networks | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Medical Instrumentation | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | | | | | | English |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for Minor 2 | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | LU | 2.0 | SS | | | | | | English |
| Applied Electrophysiology and Sensors | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | | | | | recommended for Minor 2 | English |
| Subtotal | | | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.0 | 0.0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Overall total for the compul- sory component | | | | | 39.5 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 0.0 | | |

Abbreviations: KU: design exercise; LU: laboratory course; PT: project; SE: seminar; SS: summer semester; SSt: semester hours; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; VU: lecture with integrated exercises; WW: winter semester

The non-technical catalogue of electives **b1 – Business, Law, Management and Soft Skills** is designed to be a minor.

| Catalogue of elective | Catalogue of electives: b1 – Business, Law, Management and Soft Skills | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|------|----------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course | SSt | Type of | ECTS | Semester | Compulsory | Language | | | | | | |
| Encuelana dia Duaina an Esa | 2.0 | course | 4.5 | SS | 4.5 | English | | | | | | |
| Encyclopedia Business Eco- nomics | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | | 4.5 | English | | | | | | |
| Encyclopedia Business Eco- nomics | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | English | | | | | | |
| Financial Management | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | English | | | | | | |
| Management Control Systems | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | WS | 4.5 | English | | | | | | |
| Rhetoric und Presentation | 2.0 | SE | 2.0 | WS | | English | | | | | | |
| Purchasing and Supply Man- agement | 3.0 | VO | 4.5 | WS | | English | | | | | | |
| Marketing Management | 3.0 | SE | 3.0 | SS | | English | | | | | | |
| Research Design in Manage- ment Science | 2.0 | SE | 2.0 | WS | | English | | | | | | |
| Buchhaltung und Bilanzierung | 1.0 | VO | 1.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Buchhaltung und Bilanzierung | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Kosten- und Erfolgsrechnung | 1.0 | VO | 1.5 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Kosten- und Erfolgsrechnung | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Bürgerliches Recht und Un- ternehmensrecht | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Arbeitsrecht | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Patentrecht | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Steuerrecht | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Marketing Intelligence | 1.0 | SE | 1.0 | SS | | German | | | | | | |
| Betriebssoziologie | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| AK Controlling | 4.0 | SE | 4.0 | WS | | German | | | | | | |
| Overall total for the compulso- | | | | | 15.0 | | | | | | | |
| ry component | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Abbreviations: SE: seminar; SS: summer semester; SSt: semester hours; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; WW: winter semester

The catalogue of electives **b2 – Bioinformatics** is designed to be a minor.

| Catalogue of elective | s: b | 2 – Bi | oinfo | rmatics | | |
|--|------|----------------------|-------|----------|------------|----------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | | Semester | Compulsory | Language |
| Biostatistics and Experimental Design | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | English |
| Statistical Genomics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | 3.0 | English |
| Evolutionary Genomics (NEU) | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | English |
| Molecular Biology and Biochem- istry of Genes | 1.5 | VO | 2.0 | WS | 2.0 | English |
| Machine Learning 2 | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | 3.0 | English |
| Statistical Genomics | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | WS | | English |
| Evolutionary Genomics (NEU) | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Molecular Diagnostics | 2.0 | LU | 2.0 | SS | | English |
| Perl programming for Bioinfor- matics (BioPerl) | 5.0 | VU | 7.5 | SS | | English |
| System Biology (NEU) | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| System Biology (NEU) | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | SS | | English |
| Strukturelle Bioinformatik - La- borübungen | 2.0 | LU | 2.0 | WS | | German |

| Strukturelle Bioinformatik - Mo- | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | German/English |
|--|------|----|-------|----|------|----------------|
| lecular Modeling | | | | | | |
| Machine Learning 2 | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 | SS | | English |
| Molecular and Cellular Imaging | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | English |
| Biosignal Processing | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | WS | | English |
| Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining 1 | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining 1 | 1.0 | KU | | | | English/German |
| Genetics | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | English |
| Biochemische Analytik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | German |
| Biochemistry I | 3.75 | VO | 5.625 | SS | | English |
| Biochemistry II | 1.5 | VO | 2.0 | WS | | English |
| Bionanotechnology | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Evolution | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | WS | | German |
| Genetic Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | German |
| Introduction to Biophysics and Biochemistry | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | English |
| Molekulare Analytik und Spek- troskopie | 2.66 | VO | 3.5 | SS | | German |
| Molekulare Humangenetik | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | German |
| Genregulation | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | SS | | German |
| Analyse von DNA- und Pro- teinsequenzen | 2.0 | UE | 3.0 | WS | | German |
| Overall total for the compulso- | | | | | 14.0 | |
| ry component | | | | | | |

As an addition to the elective courses listed in § 5a, courses with the title "Selected Topics in [catalogue name: plus subheading]" can also be assigned to the corresponding catalogues of electives. These courses have descriptive subtitles and are offered with a total scope of 1-3 SSt for lectures and/or 1-2 SSt for exercises. Courses with different subtitles shall be classified as different courses.

"**Replacement courses**": For this combination of major and minor, compulsory courses in the minor must be replaced according to the table.

| Majo | r | Minor | Compulsory course in the minor to be replaced | Replacement course |
|------|--|--|--|---|
| (1) | Biomechanics: Modeling and Simulation | Biomedical Imaging | Medical Image Analysis VO | Microscopy VO |
| (2) | Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors | Neural Engineering | Medical Instrumentation VU Rehabilitation Engineering VO | Interdisciplinary Team-taught Lecture Series: Trends in Neu- rorehabilitation VO Neuroprosthetics LU |
| (3) | Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors | Cellular Electrophysiology and Sensors | Chemical Analytics and Sensors VO Biomedical Sensor Systems Laboratory LU | Sensor Networks VU Medical Laser Technology VO EMC of Electronic Systems, Laboratory LU |
| (4) | Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | Biomolecular Analytics | Chemical Analytics and Sensors VO | Biomaterials VO Biomedical Sensor Systems 2 VU |

| (5) | | Distantes entertient | | Mala sular Diama stira MO |
|------|---|---|---|--|
| (5) | Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | Bioinstrumentation | Chemical Analytics and Sensors VO | Molecular Diagnostics VO |
| | | | | Biomedical Sensor Systems 2 VU |
| (6) | Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | Neural Engineering | Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation VO | Biological Control, Modeling and Simulation UE |
| (7) | Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | Cellular Electrophysiol- ogy and Sensors | Chemical Analytics and Sensors VO | Microscopy VO*) |
| | | | | Microscopy LU*) |
| (8) | Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | Brain Computer Inter- facing | Machine Learing 2 VO | Deep Learning VO |
| (9) | Biomedical Imaging and Sensing | Bioinformatics | Biostatistics and Experi- mental Design VU | Statistical Genomics UE |
| | | | Machine Learning 2 VO | Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining 1 VO |
| (10) | Computational Neu- | Biomedical Imaging | Methods of Functional Brain | Biooptics VO |
| | roscience | | Research VO | Biooptics UE |
| (11) | Computational Neu- | Bioinformatics | Machine Learning 2 VO | Knowledge Discovery |
| | roscience | | _ | and Data Mining 1 VO |
| (12) | Biomedical Device Design, Safety and Regulation | Medical Electronics | EMC of Electronic Systems VO | Medical Instrumentation VU |
| | | | Practical Analog Circuit Design UE | Rehabilitation Engineering VO |
| (13) | Biomedical Device Design, Safety and Regulation | Bioinstrumentation | Advanced Control in Biomed- ical Systems VU | Medical Laser Technology VO |

Abbreviations: LU: laboratory course; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; VU: lecture with integrated exercises

*)Note: These course units may not be chosen from catalogue c5 of the minor, but rather from catalogue c3 of the major.

§ 5b Free-choice subject

The courses to be completed as part of the free-choice subject are designed to provide individual emphasis and further development of the students. They can be freely selected from the courses offered by any recognised Austrian or foreign universities, as well as universities of applied sciences and university colleges for education. A recommendation for this can be found in Part 3 of the Annex.

In addition, students are recommended to spread free-choice courses over the entire length of the programme.

If a course is assigned the same number of ECTS credit points in all curricula in which it is a compulsory or an elective course, it shall be allocated the same number of ECTS credit points when taken as a free-choice subject. If a course has been allocated varying numbers of ECTS credit points, the minimum number of assigned ECTS credit points is to be allocated to the course when taken as a free-choice subject.

Courses that are not intended either as a compulsory course or as an elective course are assigned 1 ECTS credit point for each semester hour (SSt). However, if such courses are lecture-type courses (VO), they are assigned 1.5 ECTS credit points for each semester hour.

§ 6 Admission to examinations

Admission to examinations is not subject to any prerequisites.

In order to assist students in completing their degrees in a timely manner, courses with continual assessment must allow students to submit, supplement or repeat partial course requirements no later than two weeks after commencement of the semester following the course.

§ 6a Guidelines for the allocation of places on courses

- (1) If the number of students registered for a course exceeds the number of available places, parallel courses are to be provided.
- (2) If it is not possible to offer a sufficient number of parallel courses (groups), the students are to be admitted to the course according to the following priority ranking:
 - a) Students who are required to complete the course according to their curriculum have priority.
 - b) Further students are to be ranked according to the sum of the successfully completed courses of the respective study programme (total ECTS credit points).
 - c) Students who have met the participation requirement at an earlier date are ranked by date.
 - d) Students who have already been placed on a waiting list or who have to repeat the course are to be given priority on the next course.
 - e) The further ranking is made according to the grade of the examination or the average grade of the examinations (weighted on the basis of the ECTS credit points) of the respective course(s) that are specified as the participation requirement.
 - f) Students who do not need to complete such courses in order to fulfil their curriculum are only considered based on the number of free places. It is possible to be included on a separate waiting list. The above-mentioned provisions shall apply accordingly.
- (3) Students who complete a part of their studies at TU Graz in the context of mobility programmes are given priority for up to 10% of the available places.

§ 7 Examination regulations

Courses are evaluated individually.

- 1. Examinations for courses held as lectures (VO) cover the complete content of the course.
- 2. For courses held as lectures with integrated exercises (VU), exercise-based courses (PT, UE), design exercises (KU), laboratory courses (LU), seminar-type courses (SE, SP), and excursions (EX), a student's performance is continually assessed on the basis of that student's contributions and/or through accompanying tests. The assessment must always consist of at least two examinations.
- Examinations with positive results are to be assessed as "very good" (1), "good" (2), "satisfactory" (3) or "sufficient" (4); those with negative results are to be assessed as "insufficient" (5). Specially indicated courses and excursion-type courses are assessed as "successful participation" or as "unsuccessful participation".
- 4. If a subject includes separate examinations for the relevant courses, the overall subject grade is to be determined by:
 - a) multiplying the grade of each examination result in connection with the subject with the ECTS credit points of the corresponding course;
 - b) adding the values calculated according to lit. a);

- c) dividing the result of the addition by the sum of the ECTS credit points of the courses, and
- d) rounding the result of the division to a whole-numbered grade if required. The grade must be rounded up if the decimal place exceeds 0.5. Otherwise, the grade must be rounded down.

The types of courses are explained in Part 4 of the Annex.

In addition to the types of courses, the maximum group sizes are as follows:

- 1. The maximum group size for exercise-based courses (UE), exercise components of lectures with integrated exercises (VU) and for design exercises (KU) is 30 students.
- 2. The maximum group size for seminars (SE) and excursions (EX) is 15 students.
- 3. The maximum group size for laboratory courses (LU) is 6 students.
- 4. The maximum group size for projects (PT) and seminar projects (SP) is 8 students. Alternatively, the Dean of Studies can commission the seminar/project with individual mentoring.

Lectures with integrated exercises (VU) are divided into lecture and exercise components, with 2/3 of the semester hours (SSt) being allocated to lecture components and 1/3 being allocated to exercise components.

§ 7a Final examination before a committee

Admission to the master's degree examination before a committee requires proof of the positive assessment of all examination results according to § 4 and § 5 above as well as proof of the positive assessment of the master's thesis.

The final examination before a committee takes place before an examination senate composed of three persons who are appointed by the Dean of Studies on a proposal from the student. The supervisor of the master's thesis must be part of the examination senate. In the event of the supervisor's incapacity, he/she can suggest a substitute.

During the master's degree examination before a committee, students must present their master's thesis written in accordance with the regulations, and must defend the thesis before the members of the examination senate in the subsequent oral examination. The final examination before a committee may not last longer than one hour.

§ 7b Degree certificate

The master's degree certificate contains the following information:

- a) the major according to § 5 above and its assessment;
- b) the minor incl. elective courses according to § 5 above and their assessment;
- c) the title and the assessment of the master's thesis;
- d) the assessment of the final examination before a committee;
- e) the entirety of the ECTS credit points for successfully completed free-choice courses from the free-choice subject, as defined in § 5b above, and
- f) the overall assessment

§ 8 Transitional provisions

Students of the master's programme in Biomedical Engineering who began their studies on October 1st, 2016 will be subject to the current version of the 2021 curriculum as of October 1st, 2021.

Regular students who started their master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering before 1 October 2016 are entitled to continue and complete their studies until 30 September 2019 according to the previously valid curriculum as published in the University Gazette of TU Graz dated 2 May 2011. If the study programme is not completed within this period of time, students are subject to this curriculum for the rest of the study period. Students are entitled to voluntarily opt for the new curriculum at any time within the admission periods. To this end, a written irrevocable declaration must be sent to the Registration Office.

All courses that were completed when they were included in an earlier version of the curriculum for the bachelor's or master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering and were not already assigned to the bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering may be credited in the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering. In this case, an individual subject is compiled (individual major and/or minor), whereby the Dean of Studies makes a decision on the proposal of the student and a name is defined for this subject (individual major/minor). If there is a difference of less than 10 ECTS credit points compared to a catalogue of electives listed in § 5a, the name may remain the same. All courses selected for an individual subject compilation must be completed.

§ 9 Legal validity

This curriculum 2016 in the version 2021 shall come into effect on 1 October 2021.

| Curriculum | Version | TU-GRAZonline Abbreviation | Published in the Newsletter TU Graz |
|------------|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2016 | 2016 | 16W | Newsletter of 03.08.2016, 21 copies |
| 2016 | 2018 | 18W | Newsletter of 21.03.2018, 12a copies |
| 2016 | 2021 | 21W | |

Versions of the curriculum:

Annex to the curriculum of the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering

Part 1 of the Annex:

Descriptions of the elective subjects listed in § 5a

Technical elective subject: c1 – Biomechanics

In the specialisation Biomechanical Engineering, the major Biomechanics: Modeling and Simulation and the minor Biomaterials are offered. Those studying the specialisation are

provided with a broad overview of the important, rapidly growing field of bioengineering. A wide range of topics is available, ranging from the basic theory of materials to biomechanical modelling and simulation, and numerical methods, with the focus on analysing the phenomena of biomaterials on the nano, micro or macro level in experiments, theoretically and numerically. This approach enables students to acquire a thorough understanding of biomechanics, which cannot be achieved through qualitative studies alone. In this way, students are equipped in the best possible way for the subject-specific industry as well as for research and development.

Major: Biomechanics – Modeling and Simulation

Subject content: The major provides the basics necessary for biomechanical modelling and simulation from the level of proteins to organs, based on experimental data. In particular, the mechanics of proteins and cells, biological and bio-based materials, healthy and diseased biological tissue, and tissue engineering are studied. The focus is on the finite element method (FEM), which has proven itself as a universal application method used by engineers to calculate complex materials, structures and processes – the application is taught in the Computational Biomechanics course.

Learning outcomes: After completing the major, students are able to simulate stresses and deformations in biomaterials and structures (cells, arteries, implants, etc.) and biomechanical processes using computer modelling. The knowledge acquired can be used in both mechanical engineering and civil engineering. Students are given an insight into the artificial production of biological tissue, which can replace or regenerate patients' diseased tissue.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-specific bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering, Mechatronics and Medical Engineering or a comparable degree programme.

Minor: Biomaterials

Subject content: The minor deals mainly with biological (and bio-based) materials, particularly with cells, biologically and artificially produced tissue and microscopy techniques, which can be used to identify the structure of these materials. In addition, the basics of the finite element method are taught in more detail.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students have acquired knowledge that enables them to understand and analyse the structure and function of biomaterials, particularly of biologically and artificially produced tissue. This is made possible using microscopic, mathematical and numerical methods.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-specific bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering, Mechatronics and Medical Engineering or a comparable degree programme.

Technical elective subject: c2 – Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors

The specialisation Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors consists of the major Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors and the minors Biomolecular Analytics, Medical Electronics and Bioinstrumentation. Students acquire extensive skills to understand biophysical and chemical mechanisms of sensors and transducers, their interaction with the physiological system and the environment as well as the basics of the hardware necessary for signal processing and of hardware-related signal processing, and skills to use them to develop measurement, analysis and diagnosis systems. They have acquired the ability to solve complex problems that occur at the interface between biosystems or analytes and technical systems, and to develop systems for the optimum yield of diagnostic information.

Major: Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors

Subject content: The subject provides in-depth knowledge from the fields of hardwarerelated aspects of biomedical measuring and diagnostic instruments, particularly of medical electronics, biosignal processing, biomedical sensor technologies, nanotechnological approaches for biosensors and biomedical analytics.

Learning outcomes: After completing the subject, students are able to independently create solutions to develop hardware and hardware-related components in biomedical sensor systems, measurement systems, laboratory analysis systems and diagnosis systems, and to implement them.

Formal prerequisites: There are no formal prerequisites, but basic knowledge of electronics and biomedical equipment technology is an advantage.

Minor: Medical Electronics

Subject content: The minor enables a specialisation focussing on analogue hardware development and provides further knowledge of electronics and microcontroller programming. The minor is intended as a specialisation for the major Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students are able to design and optimise electronic assemblies for biomedical applications and to launch their production.

Formal prerequisites: There are no formal prerequisites, but basic knowledge of electronics and biomedical equipment technology is an advantage.

Minor: Biomolecular Analytics

Subject content: The minor is intended as a complementary subject to majors from other specialisations of the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering and cannot be studied in combination with the major Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors. It broadens students' knowledge in the field of instrumental analytics, molecular diagnostics and the nanotechnological basics of biomedical sensor systems.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students understand sensor and analysis systems that are based on molecular mechanisms. They are able to use this knowledge to solve complex assignments requiring strong interdisciplinary thinking.

Formal prerequisites: There are no formal prerequisites, but basic knowledge of electronics and biomedical equipment technology is an advantage.

Minor: Bioinstrumentation

Subject content: The minor is intended as a complementary subject to majors from other specialisations of the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering and cannot be studied in combination with the major Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors. It broadens students' knowledge of several particularly important topics in biomedical instrumentation. In contrast to the two other minors in the specialisation, each of which focus on a certain aspect, it aims to provide a broad overview of biomedical instrumentation.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students understand hardware concepts in medical engineering. They are able to use this knowledge to solve complex assignments, e.g. system integration and industrial design.

Formal prerequisites: There are no formal prerequisites, but basic knowledge of electronics and biomedical equipment technology is an advantage.

Technical elective subject: c3 – Biomedical Imaging and Sensing

The specialisation Biomedical Imaging and Sensing aims to familiarise students with the basic principles, equipment and methods to gather, process, analyse and visualise biomedical information. This field is an essential pillar in the diagnostic and therapeutic continuum and a prerequisite for further personalisation in medicine. Two minors allow students from other majors to become acquainted with specific topics of Biomedical Imaging and Sensing. Through the universality of the principles and methods used as well as the broad education in engineering basics, the possible sphere of activity extends far beyond biomedical issues.

Major: Biomedical Imaging and Sensing

Subject content: The major focuses on methods to gather diagnostic data and on biomedical imaging for morphological and functional information. It offers a range of modern methods and deals comprehensively with the underlying methods of preparing, analysing and quantitating biomedical data. In connection with the imaging techniques, the basics of and current developments in image processing and visualisation are addressed. For specific focus areas of the field, nuclear magnetic resonance and biooptics, diagnostic issues are addressed universally, from the methodological basics to the analysis, and are discussed in the context of alternative methods. The focus is also on various aspects for the determination of biomarkers in these fields.

Learning outcomes: After completing the study programme, students have acquired the knowledge and ability to develop methods and systems for diagnostic issues, treatment monitoring and governance of interventions, and to enable the successful use of these systems in healthcare. In addition, they are able to process, evaluate quantitatively and visualise biomedical data and images.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-specific bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering or a comparable degree programme.

Minor: Optical Microscopy

Subject content: The minor focuses on the basics and principles of biooptics, and also deals with the key microscopic methods in biomedicine. In addition, image processing methods are taught.

Learning outcomes: After completing the study programme, students understand the principles of biooptics and microscopy, and are able to define possible areas of application for microscopic methods and make concrete proposals for a particular problem. The basics and methods of biooptics should be mastered to an extent that they enable innovative methods to be developed and implemented.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-specific bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering or a comparable degree programme.

Minor: Biomedical Imaging

Subject content: The minor focuses on the methods of medical imaging and the processing and analysis of the data obtained. It is intended for students who either wish to supplement their curriculum in this field or who require medical image data for their major.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students are able to describe the concepts of medical imaging, to understand and present typical technical solutions, to explain the advantages and disadvantages of imaging strategies, and to select and use image processing methods.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-specific bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering or a comparable degree programme.

Technical elective subject: c4 – Computational Neuroscience

Major: Computational Neuroscience

Subject content: The subject provides access to the most important methods currently known to further develop brain–computer interfaces, on the one hand, and to examine processes in the central nervous system with the help of computational methods on the other. In addition, practical experience of state-of-the-art software from the fields of machine learning, neural networks, simulation and modelling of technical systems, and mapping and imaging is promoted. As a result of this topic's interdisciplinary nature, the subject contains courses from the fields of biomedical engineering, computer science and neurosciences. The subject focuses on the practical implementation of the content learnt.

Learning outcomes: After completing the subject, students are familiar with the key algorithms, techniques and development of brain–computer interfaces and their applications, and the analysis of processes in the central nervous system. They know the advantages and disadvantages of the various methods and are able to solve practical and theoretical problems independently, and to examine brain processes for an assigned task or to design a brain–computer interface and create it accordingly.

Formal prerequisites: There are no formal prerequisites, but basic knowledge of computational intelligence, signal processing and programming is an advantage.

Minor: Brain-Computer Interfacing

Subject content: This minor focuses on the basics and principles of brain-computer interfaces, additionally dealing with the main methods of machine learning, functional brain mapping, and neural networks.

Learning outcomes: After completing the study programme, students are capable of setting up a brain-computer interface on their own, implementing the signal processing chain, including machine learning, and evaluating the data obtained. They will also learn the principles of functional brain mapping.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-specific bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering.

Minor: Neural Engineering

Subject content: This minor focuses on the basics and principles of rehabilitation and neurorehabilitation. The principles of neuroprosthetics are also taught. The unit also covers modelling and simulation principles.

Learning outcomes: After completing the programme, students will be familiar with the principles of rehabilitation technology and neurorehabilitation. This knowledge will enable students to create and implement new methods. The unit also teaches the basics and principles of neuroprosthetics, enabling students to develop and model new methods in this domain.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-specific bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering or comparable courses of study.

Technical elective subject: c5 – Health Care Engineering

The specialisation Health Care Engineering consists of the major "Biomedical Device Design, Safety and Regulation" and the two minors "Clinical Engineering" and "Cellular Electrophysiology and Sensors". Students acquire extensive skills that enable them to understand biophysical, electrophysiological, and medical and biological connections and to use them to develop biomedical devices and point-of-care technologies. They have learnt how to design and construct new biomedical systems and equipment, to recognise, monitor and assess safety risks, and to develop strategies and methods for healthcare provision in general.

Major: Biomedical Device Design, Safety and Regulation

Subject content: The subject provides students with knowledge for the conception, construction and safety assessment of biomedical modules, equipment and systems. These range from laboratory diagnostic systems to point-of-care technologies to be used directly on patients. As a result of this specialisation's interdisciplinary nature, the subject contains courses to deepen knowledge in the fields of electrical engineering, electronics and control technology, the basics of mechanical engineering and construction, and sensor technologies as well as product development and safety concepts of biomedical equipment and systems.

Learning outcomes: After completing the major, students are able to design biomedical equipment and systems with complex measurement and control functions independently and implement them constructively, taking into account the safety aspects of medical products. They know the basic tools for designing equipment and systems and can reflect critically on and assess the entire product development process.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-related bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering, Mechatronics and Medical Engineering or a comparable degree programme.

Minor: Clinical Engineering

Subject content: The subject acquaints students with selected aspects of clinical engineering from the fields of equipment technology, and hospital technology, safety and organisation.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students are able to apply and assess hospital processes and to assess the use of selected technologies.

Formal prerequisites: Major in Health Care Engineering is recommended.

Minor: Cellular Electrophysiology and Sensors

Subject content: The subject provides students with knowledge of electrophysiological processes and mechanisms on the level of cells, tissues and organs, and introduces the methods and sensor concepts to measure and interpret electrophysiological, biochemical and biophysical processes.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students are able to model electrophysiological processes and validate them metrologically. In addition, students are familiar with selected principles of biomedical sensors, and are able to apply and evaluate these.

Formal prerequisites: Major in Health Care Engineering or Biomedical Instrumentation and Sensors is recommended.

Non-technical elective subject: b1 – Business, Law, and Management

Minor: Business, Law, and Management

Subject content: The subject cannot be chosen as a major. If it is chosen as a minor, the focus is on the basics of business management in terms of content. In addition, supplementary options include the legal aspects of operational management, accounting tools and management tools, aspects of industrial sociology and basic rhetorical training.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students have acquired the necessary basics to be able to support or assume management positions in companies successfully.

Formal prerequisites: None

Elective subject: b2 – Bioinformatics

Minor: Bioinformatics

Subject content: The subject cannot be chosen as a major. The main focus of this minor is a combination of computer science, biological and mathematical methods to answer biomedical questions.

Learning outcomes: After completing the minor, students are able to

- understand current questions and problems from the biomedical sciences and translate them into the world of computer science and mathematics,
- to apply available mathematical models and IT approaches and programs, to question them critically and to modify them if necessary, and
- to translate proposed solutions from mathematics and computer science back into the world of life sciences.

Formal prerequisites: Completion of a subject-related bachelor's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering or a comparable degree programme.

Part 2 of the Annex:

Recognition and equivalence list

Courses for which the equivalence or recognition is defined in this part of the Annex to the curriculum do not require separate recognition by the Dean of Studies. Individual recognition awarded by means of an official decision made by the Dean of Studies according to § 78 UG is also possible.

An equivalence list defines the equivalence of successfully completed courses of this curriculum and of the previous curriculum. This equivalence applies in both directions, that is, successfully completed courses of the previous curriculum may be credited in this curriculum and successfully completed courses of this curriculum may be credited in the previous curriculum.

Courses that are the same with regard to name (even if this is an English translation of the German name) and type, number of ECTS credit points and number of semester hours are considered to be equivalent, and are therefore not listed explicitly in the equivalence list.

| Present curriculum 2016 in the version 2021 | | | | Previous curriculum 2016 in the version 2018 | | | |
|--|-----|--------------------------|-----|---|-----|--------------------------|------|
| Course | | SSt Type of course | | Course | SSt | Type of cours e | ECTS |
| Applied Electrophysiology and Sensors | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | SC Computational Bioengineering | 2.0 | SE | 3.0 |
| CAD | 2.0 | VU | 3.0 | CAD | 2.0 | KU | 3.0 |
| Computer Vision | 2.0 | VU | 2.5 | Computer Vision 1 | 1.5 | VU | 2.5 |
| Gesundheitssysteme und ökonomische Aspekte | 2.0 | SE | 3.0 | Gesundheitssysteme und ökonomische Aspekte | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 |
| Inverse Problems in Biomedical Engineering | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | Inverse Problems in Medical Imaging | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 |
| Inverse Problems in Biomedical Engineering | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 | Inverse Problems in Medical Imaging | 2.0 | UE | 2.0 |
| Machine Learning 1 | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | Computational Intelligence | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 |
| Machine Learning 1 | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 | Computational Intelligence | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 |
| Machine Learning 2 | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | Machine Learning | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 |
| Machine Learning 2 | 1.5 | KU | 2.0 | Machine Learning | 1.0 | KU | 2.0 |
| Physical Effects for Sensors | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | Physics of Modern Materials | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 |
| Qualitäts- und Risikomanagement für Medizinprodukte | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 | Grundlagen des Qualitätsmanage- ments in der Medizin | 2.0 | VO | 3.0 |
| Qualitäts- und Risikomanagement für Medizinprodukte | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 | Grundlagen des Qualitätsmanage- ments in der Medizin | 1.0 | UE | 1.5 |

Equivalence list:

Abbreviations: LU: laboratory course; PR: project; SE: seminar; SP: seminar project; SSt: semester hours; UE: exercise; VO: lecture; VU: lecture with integrated exercises

The equivalence list in the curriculum for the master's degree programme in Biomedical Engineering from 2011 remains valid.

A list of recognition, on the other hand, defines in which cases positively completed lectures of the previous curriculum are recognized as positively completed lectures of the current curriculum, whereby no automatic crediting in the opposite direction is planned. **Recognition list:**

| Present Curriculum 2016 in the | ion 2021 | Previous Curriculum 2016 in the version 2018 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|--|------|----------------------------------|-----|-------------------|------|
| Course | SSt | Type of course | ECTS | Course | SSt | Type of Course | ECTS |
| Biomedical Sensor Systems, Laboratory | 2,0 | LU | 3,0 | Medical Instrumentation | 2,0 | VU | 3,0 |
| Cognitive Neuroscience | 2,0 | VO | 3,0 | Information Processing in Humans | 2,0 | VO | 3,0 |
| Deep Learning | 2,0 | VO | 3,0 | Neural Networks | 2,0 | VO | 3,0 |
| Deep Learning | 1,0 | KU | 2,0 | Neural Networks | 1,0 | KU | 2,0 |

Part 3 of the Annex:

Recommended free-choice courses

Free-choice courses can be freely chosen from the courses offered at any recognised Austrian and foreign universities, universities of applied sciences and university colleges for education according to § 5b of this curriculum.

In order to broaden students' basic knowledge in the subjects of this study programme, courses in foreign languages, social competence, technology assessment and women's and gender studies are recommended. In particular, we would like to refer students to the courses offered by the TU Graz service department Languages, Key Competencies and In-House Training, the Centre for Social Competence of Uni Graz as well as the Inter-University Research Centre for Technology, Work and Culture (IFZ).

Part 4 of the Annex:

Types of courses offered by TU Graz

The types of courses are defined in the relevant regulations of the standard curriculum (decision of the Senate of Graz University of Technology dated 6 October 2008, announced in University Gazette No. 5 dated 3 December 2008), as follows:

1. Lectures (VO)

In lecture-type courses, students are given a didactically well-structured introduction to the sub-areas of the subject and its methods. In lectures, the content and methods of a subject are presented.

2. Exercise-based courses (UE, KU, PT, EX)

In exercises, abilities and skills are taught as part of a scientific pre-vocational education to deepen or broaden the subject matter of the respective lectures. These exercises may comprise practical, experimental, theoretical or design work. The curriculum may specify that the successful completion of the exercise is a requirement to register for the examination of the respective lecture.

a) UE

In exercises, students develop the ability to apply their subject knowledge to solve specific problems.

b) KU

In design exercises, abilities and skills are taught as part of a scientific prevocational education to deepen or broaden the subject matter of the respective lectures by means of design work. Special equipment or a specially equipped room is required.

c) PT

In projects, experimental, theoretical or design applied work is carried out, or small research papers are written, taking into account all necessary steps. Projects are completed with a written paper that is part of the assessment. Projects can be carried out as teamwork or individual work; in the case of teamwork, it must still be possible to assess individual performance within the team.

d) EX

Excursion-type courses help to illustrate and consolidate the content of this type of course. Due to their practical relevance outside the place of study, excursions help to illustrate the content developed in other types of courses.

3. Lecture with integrated exercises (VU)

In addition to the introduction in sub-areas of the subject and its methods, lectures with integrated exercises (VU) also offer guidance on independent acquisition of knowledge or independent application using examples. The percentage of lectures and exercises is specified in the curriculum. These courses are courses with continual assessment.

4. Laboratory courses (LU)

Laboratory courses (LU) deepen and/or broaden the subject matter of the respective lectures by means of practical, experimental or design work. Students are taught abilities and skills as part of a scientific pre-vocational education and training with particularly intensive tutoring. An essential component of the laboratory courses is the drawing up of short logs on the work carried out.

5. Seminar-type courses (SE, SP)

Seminar-type courses enhance scientific work and discussion, and are intended to introduce students to expert-level discourse and argumentation. In this context, students have to write papers or give an oral presentation and take part in critical discussions. Seminars are courses with continual assessment.

a) SE

Seminars introduce students to scientific methods, to the development and critical assessment of their own work results, and to special topics in scientific literature, and provide them with exercises in technical discussions.

b) SP

In seminar projects, students apply scientific methods to work on experimental, theoretical or design applied problems; or they carry out short research assignments, taking into account all the necessary steps. Seminar projects are completed with a written paper and an oral presentation that are part of the assessment. Seminar projects can be carried out as teamwork or individual work; in the case of teamwork, it must still be possible to assess individual performance within the team.

The regulations referred to at the beginning also encompass provisions concerning the implementation and assessment of the different types of courses. In particular, they stipulate the following:

In lectures (type of course VO), the assessment takes place by way of a final examination that – at the discretion of the examiner – may be a written examination, an oral examination, a written and an oral examination, as well as a written or an oral examination. The examination procedure must be announced in the course description. Courses of the type VU, SE, SP, UE, KU, PT, EX and LU are courses with continual assessment.