Methods for Assessing the Raw Material Requirements in Energy System Analyses

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Interest in the Energy-Material-Nexus Has Increased Over the Last Decade

DOI: 10.1016/j.energy.2019.05.156

Energy-material nexus: The impacts of national and international energy scenarios on critical metals use in China up to 2050 and their global implications



DOI: 10.1016/j.apenergy.2018.05.047

Energy modeling approach to the global energy-mineral nexus:

of fuel cell vehicle

Ayman Elshkaki a, *,

Energy modeling approach to the global energy-mineral nexus: Exploring metal requirements and the well-below 2 °C target with 100 percent renewable energy

Flagship report

ellan^c, Mikael Höök^d, Shinsuke Murakami^e, Rieko rial cycles into metal-energy nexus of China's



Koji Tokimatsu^{a,b,*}, Mikael Höök^c, Be<u>niamin McLellan^d Henrik Wachtmeister</u>^c Shinsuke Murakami^e, Rieko Yasuoka^f,

DOI: 10.1016/j.egypro.2017.12.167

Chen^v, Jian-Ping Ge^c, Wenjia Cai^d, Wei-Qiang Chen^{a,f,g,*}

The Role of Critical Minerals in Clean **Energy Transitions**

DOI: 10.1016/j.apenergy.2019.113612

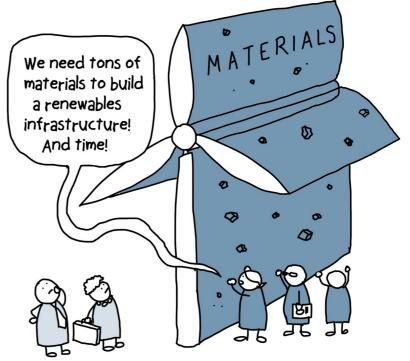


Image from https://www.businessillustrator.com/ and International Energy Agency





Introduction to raw material assessment methods

Improve the Modelling and **Assessment of Raw Materials** in Energy System Models



Model-supported vs. model-based methods



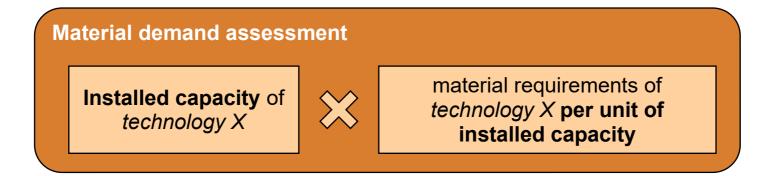
Challenges of current assessment approaches

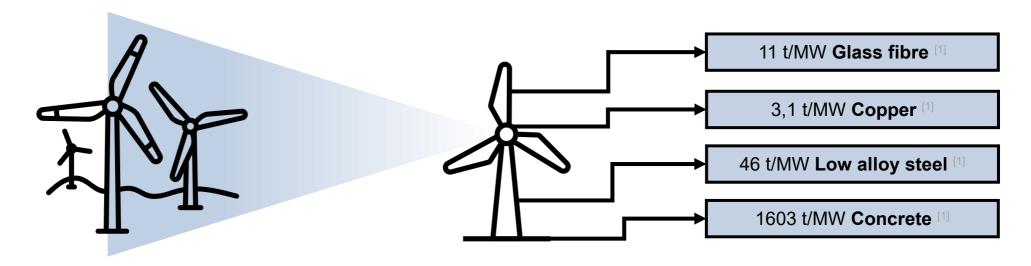


Best practice advice for future assessment

Icons by Design Circle, kerismaker, Mayor Icons and Freepik from https://www.flaticon.com/

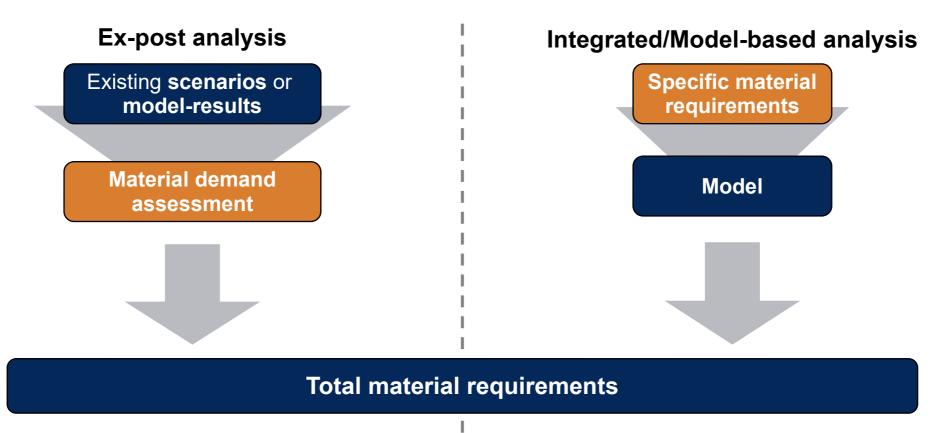
Assessing the Raw Material Demand of Energy Systems Starts at the Technology Level







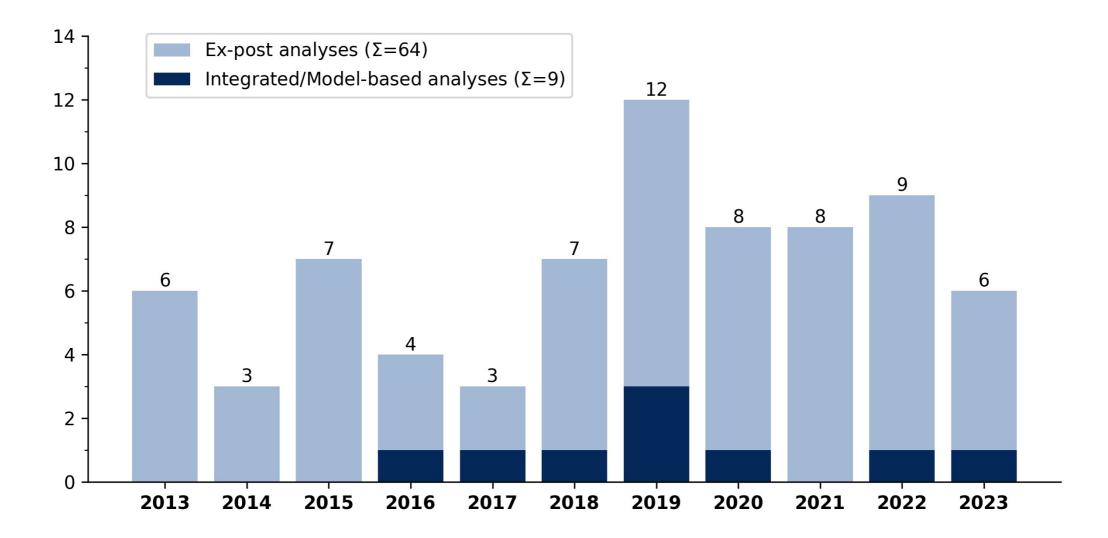
Two Main Methodologies for Assessing Raw Materials in Energy Systems Exist



- No model needed and easy to perform
- Energy system design is **not influenced** by the material demand assessment
- Use of models increases complexity but can enhance results significantly
- Material demand assessment influences model output (non-linear feedback)

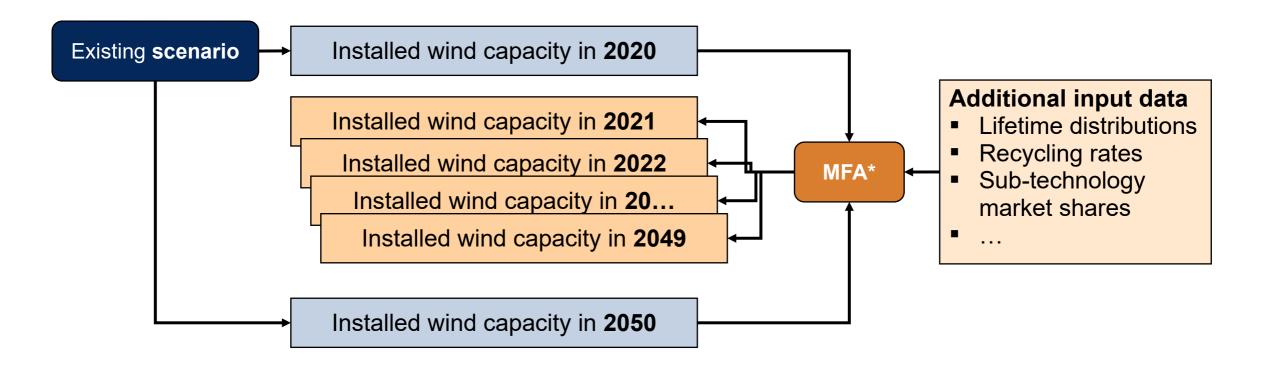


Ex-post Analyses Dominate the Research Field





Material Flow Analysis Can Enhance the Quality of Ex-post Analysis

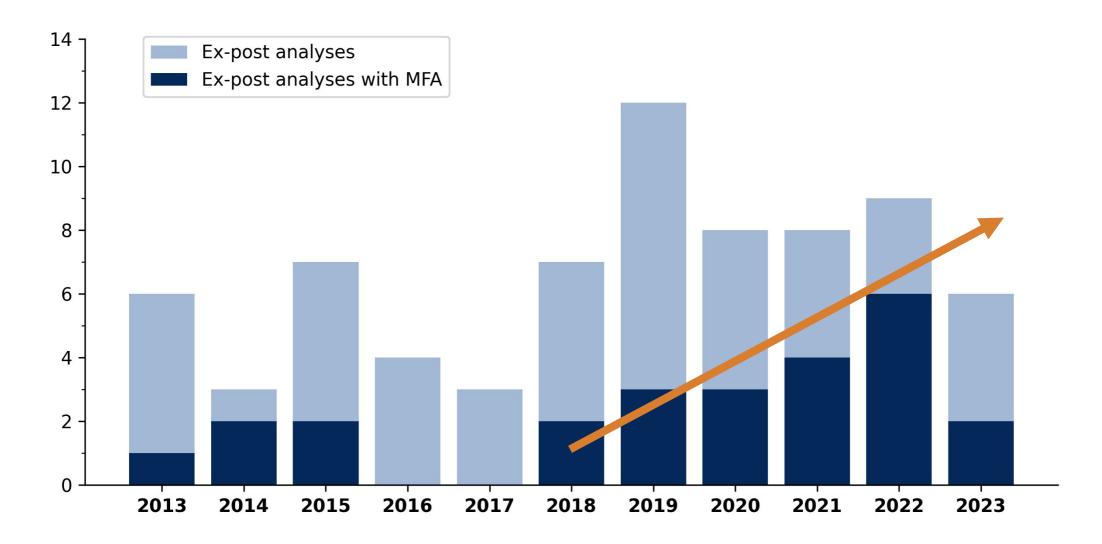


- MFA can be used to fill in data gaps
- MFA can **increase the informative value** of ex-post analyses

*Material Flow Analysis

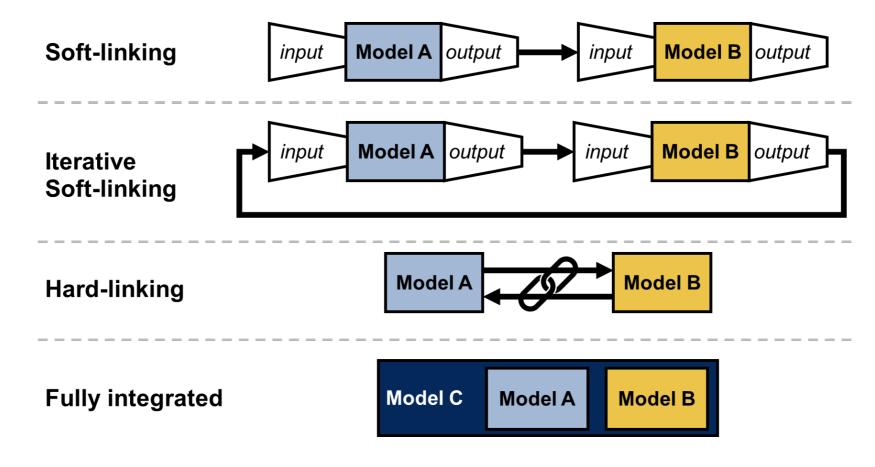


Share of Model-supported Ex-post Analyses is Slowly Increasing





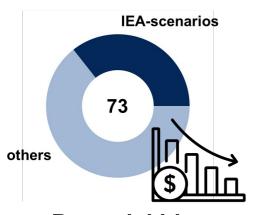
Integrating Material Assessment into Energy System Models Requires "Coupling-Methods"



Due to their high complexity, "Linking"-approaches are still rarely used



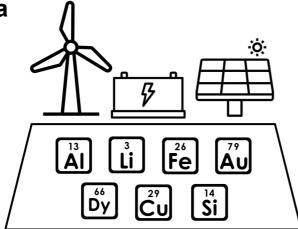
Current Assessment Approaches Face Multiple Challenges



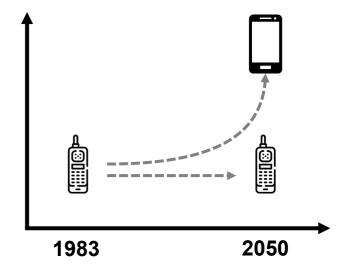
Potential biases within the input data



Unrealistic Lifetimes



Insufficient scope



No technology development over time





Best-Practice Advice for the Raw Material Assessment of Energy Systems

- 1. Aim for a **model-supported** or **model-based** analysis approach
- Be as **detailed as possible** while **maintaining a systemic viewpoint**
 - Place national analyses into an **international context**
 - **Couple models** of different sectoral-scopes and levels of details
 - Account for material demands of remaining sectors especially for bottleneck analyses
- Avoid static input data, instead use time-dependent input data or learning curves
- **Extend the time-horizon** of your analysis beyond the average 40 years
- Always account for uncertainty within your input data
- Aim for interdisciplinary approaches
- 7. Comply with the **FAIR*** **principles**



