



KRITISCHE ÖKONOMISCHE PARAMETER DER NETZDIGITALISIERUNG IN DER NIEDERSPANNUNG

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MOOSMOAR Energies OG



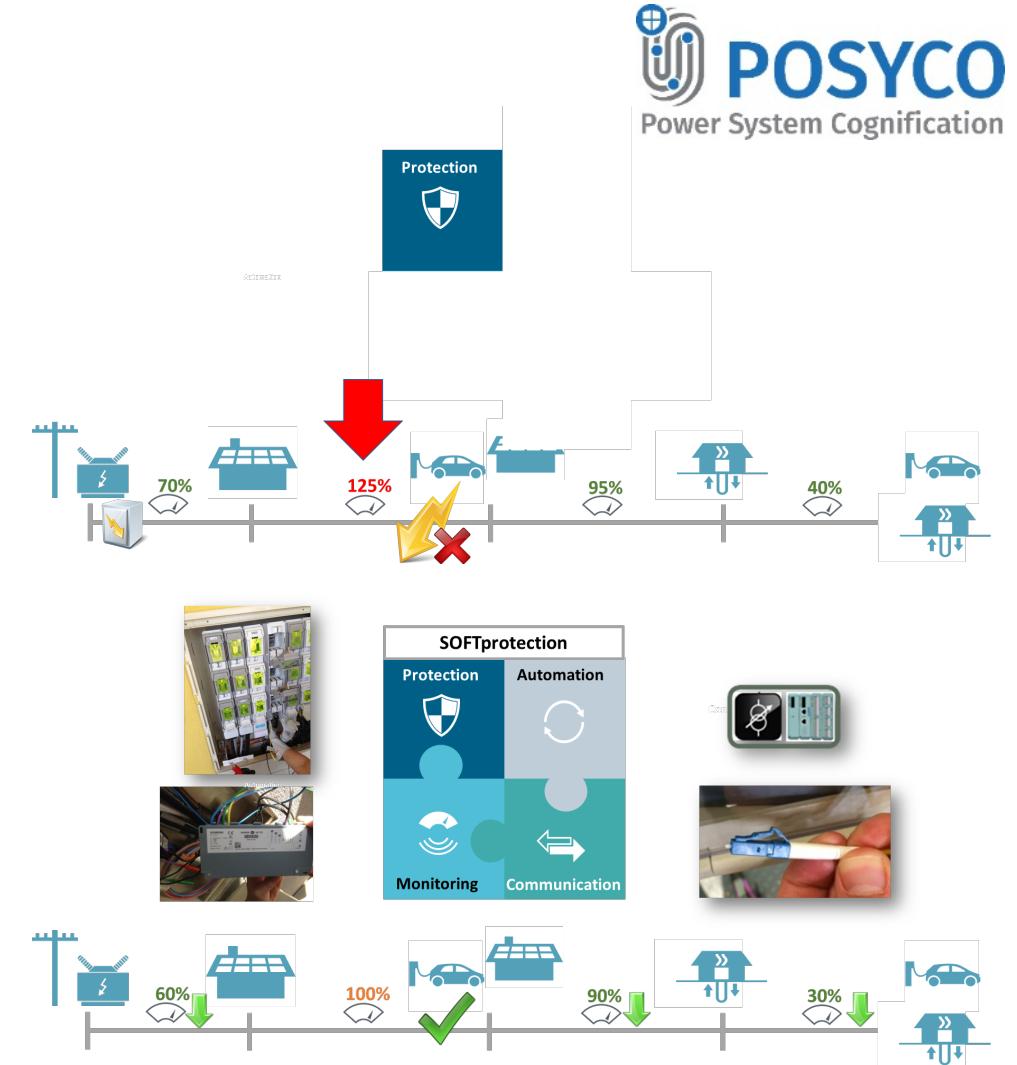
In a Nutshell

- Concept for a '**SOFTPprotection**' as add-on for protection and control in low and medium voltage grids - widely autonomous support system
- Solutions for how a distribution system operator (DSO) can **implement an advanced smart grid protection and control functionality** in his technical and organisational framework
- **An ICT (Information and Communication Technology) system** for automated operation
- **Integration into working processes** including the human-to-machine interaction

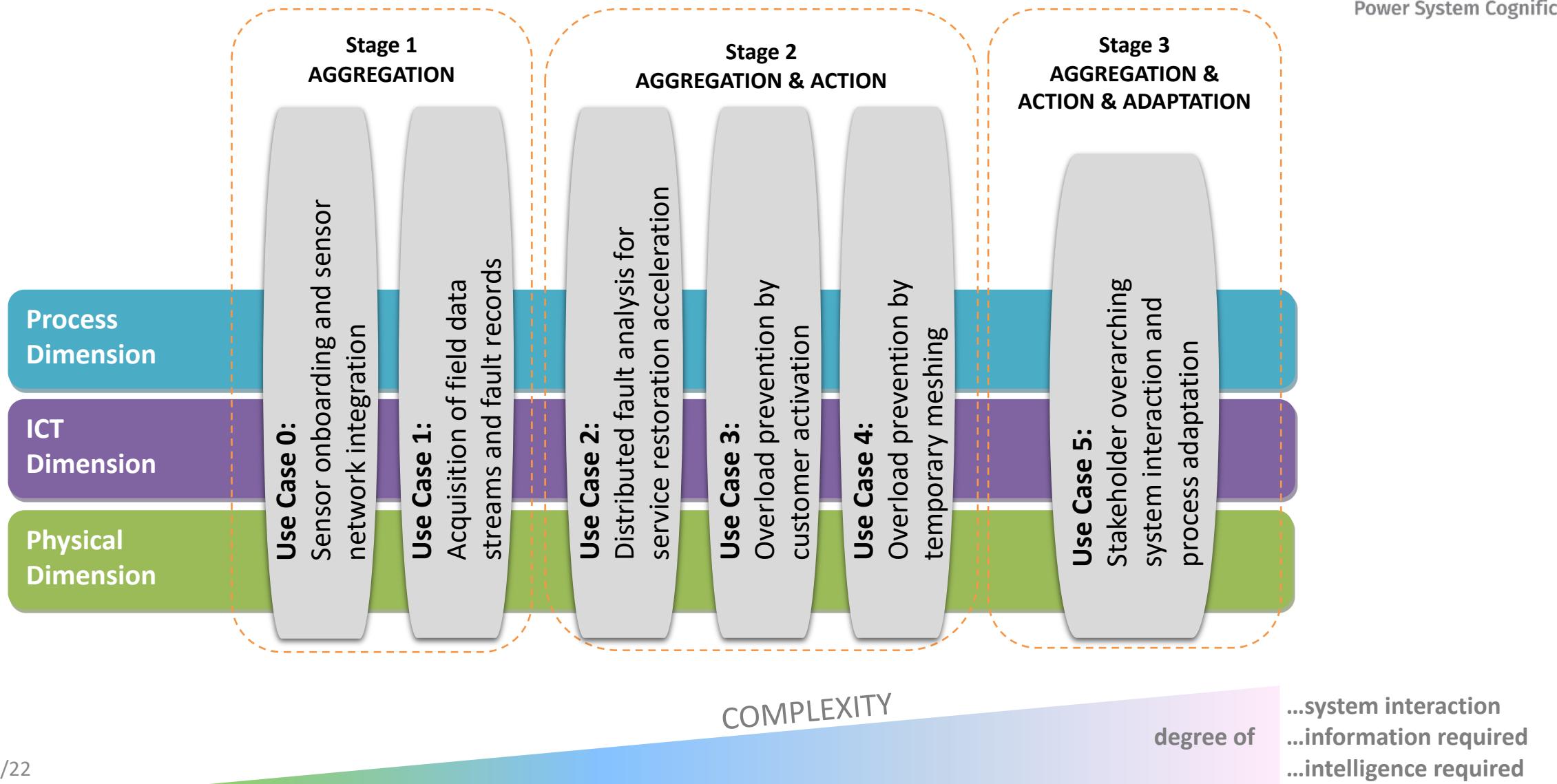
Physical Dimension

ICT Dimension

Process Dimension

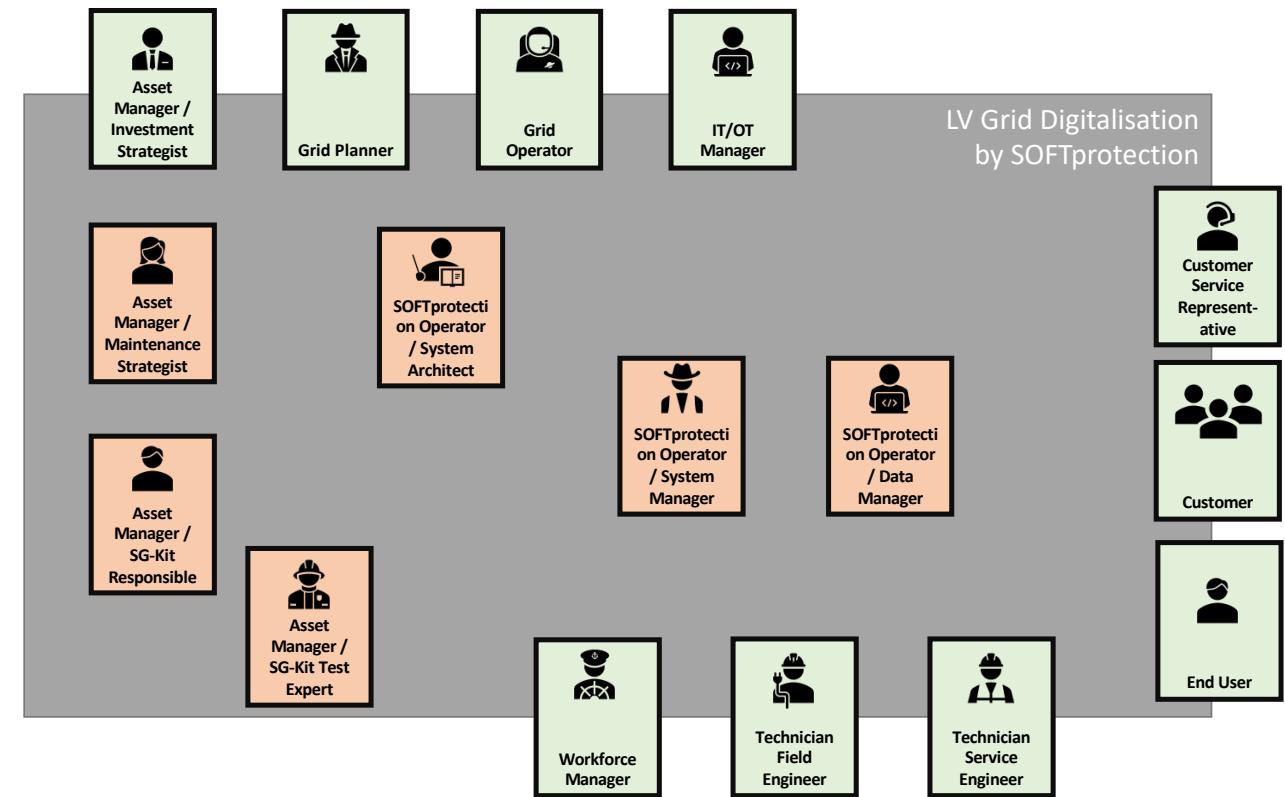


Use Cases

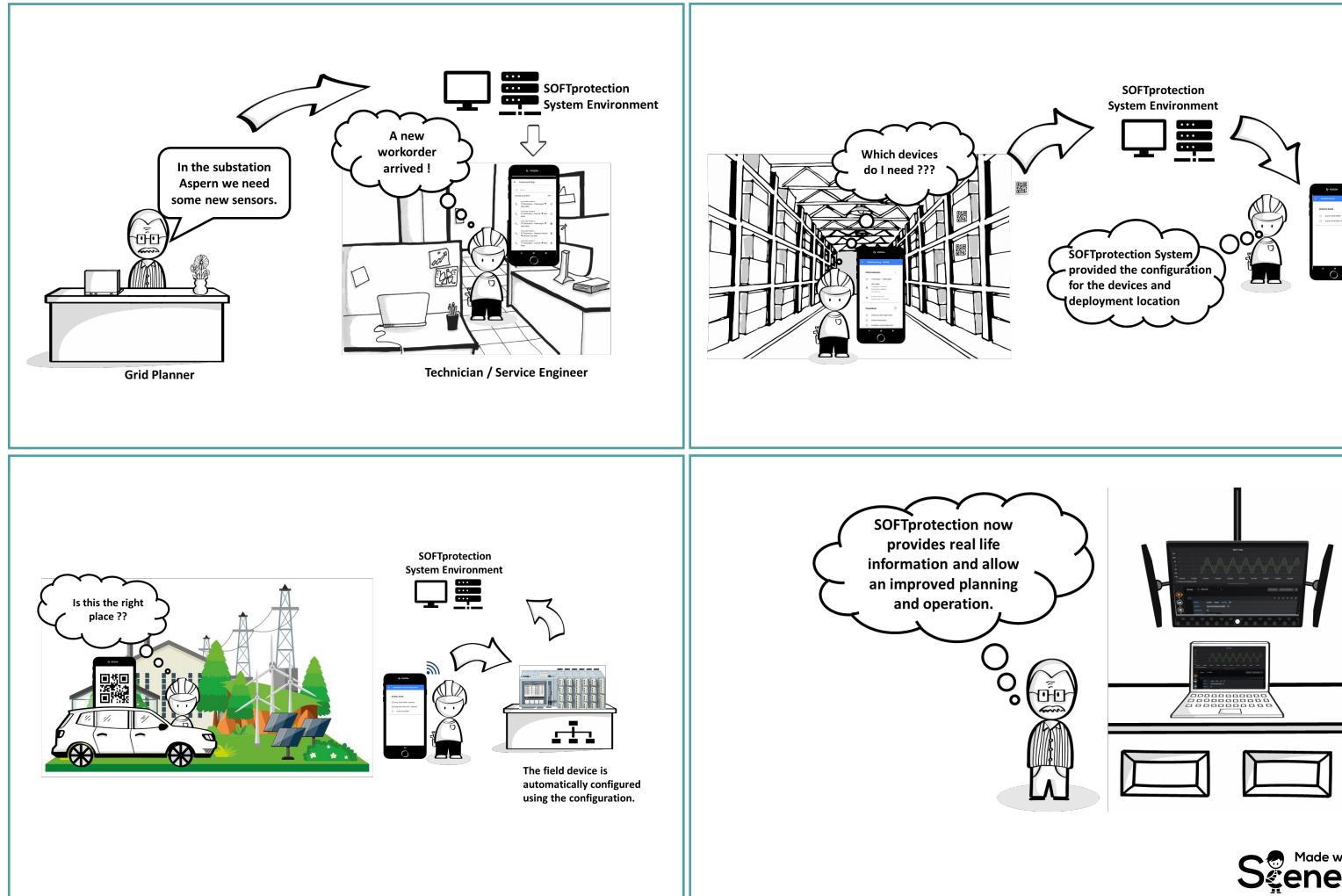


New Roles

- In several online and bilateral meetings, existing processes and interfaces were identified within DSO environments.
- For each Use Case of the PoSyCo project, corresponding roles (also new roles) and workflows (incl. new workflows) were identified.
- Roles and workflows are merged in special Show Cases, which will be analysed in depth (process optimisation and cost-benefit analysis) in the last project period.



New Workflows

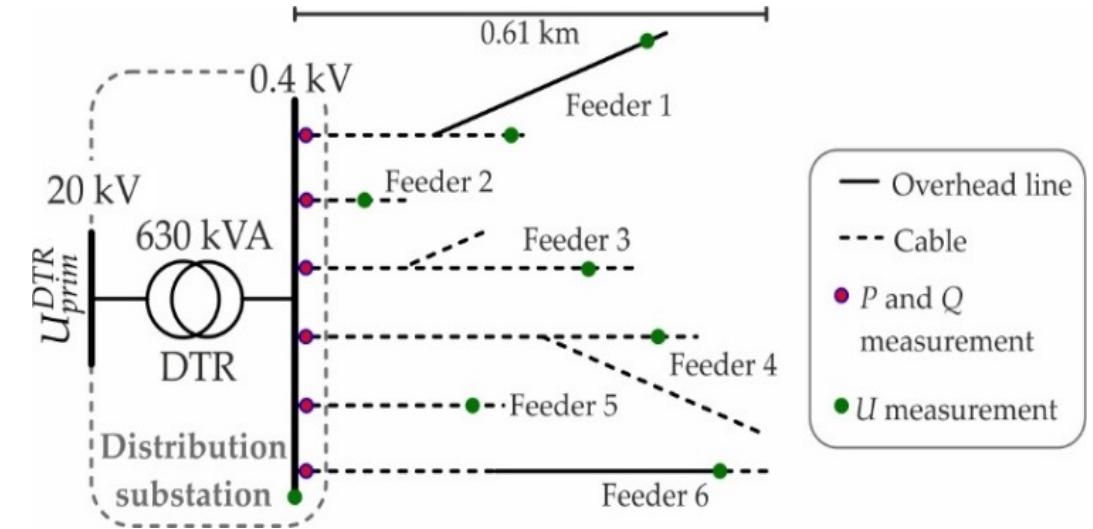


Work created with Scenes™ by SAP AppHaus (<https://experience.sap.com/designservices/scenes>)

- Optimise the implementation of processes, interfaces and roles within DSO environments by using and extending BIFROST
- Corresponding user stories based on workflow descriptions
- Emulation of a wide range of possible scenarios with corresponding dependencies.
- Scenes represent workflow “sensor roll-out”

Chosen Case Study: Cost parameter setting

| | |
|--|-------|
| Number of additional PoSyCo role full-time equivalents | 5 |
| Yearly staff cost per role in [€] | 70000 |
| Number of transformers of Wiener Netze | 10841 |
| Digitalisation rate | 15% |
| Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) | 4,88% |
| Inflation rate | 2% |
| | |
| Number of measurement points in test grid | 14 |
| Integration cost per measurement point in [€] | 1150 |
| Operation cost per measurement point in [€/yr] | 50 |
| PoSyCo controller hardware cost per transformer in [€] | 3000 |
| | |
| Cable laying cost (average) in [€/m] | 450 |
| Asset lifetime – cables in [yr] | 40 |
| Asset lifetime – IT equipment in [yr] | 10 |

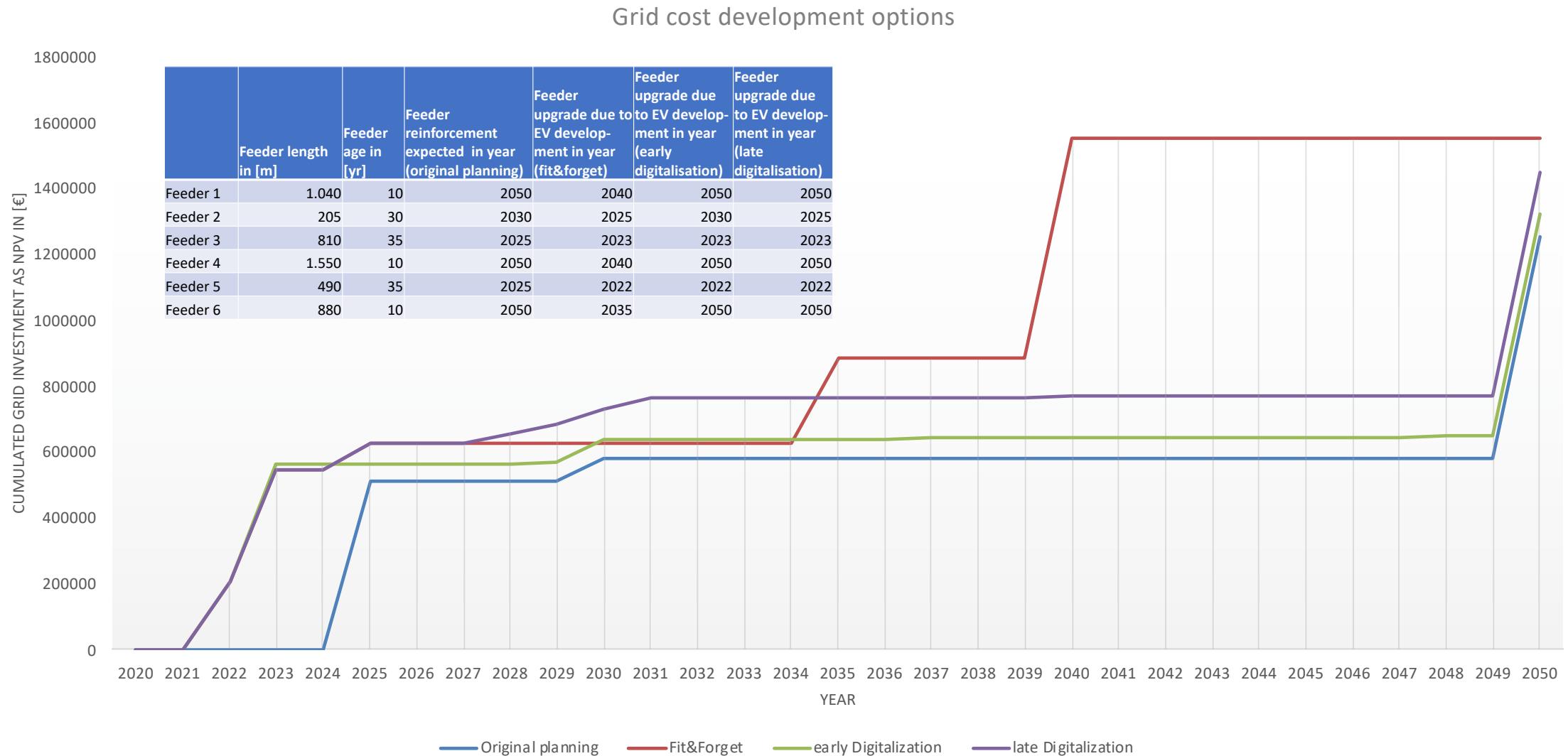


- Real urban grid with cable share of 81%
- 91 customers connected
- Scenario: 46 customers with PV (5 kWp), EVCS (11 kW) and EVs (40 kWh)
- Voltage measurement placed at the backmost distribution cabinet or pylon

Grid cost development options / strategies

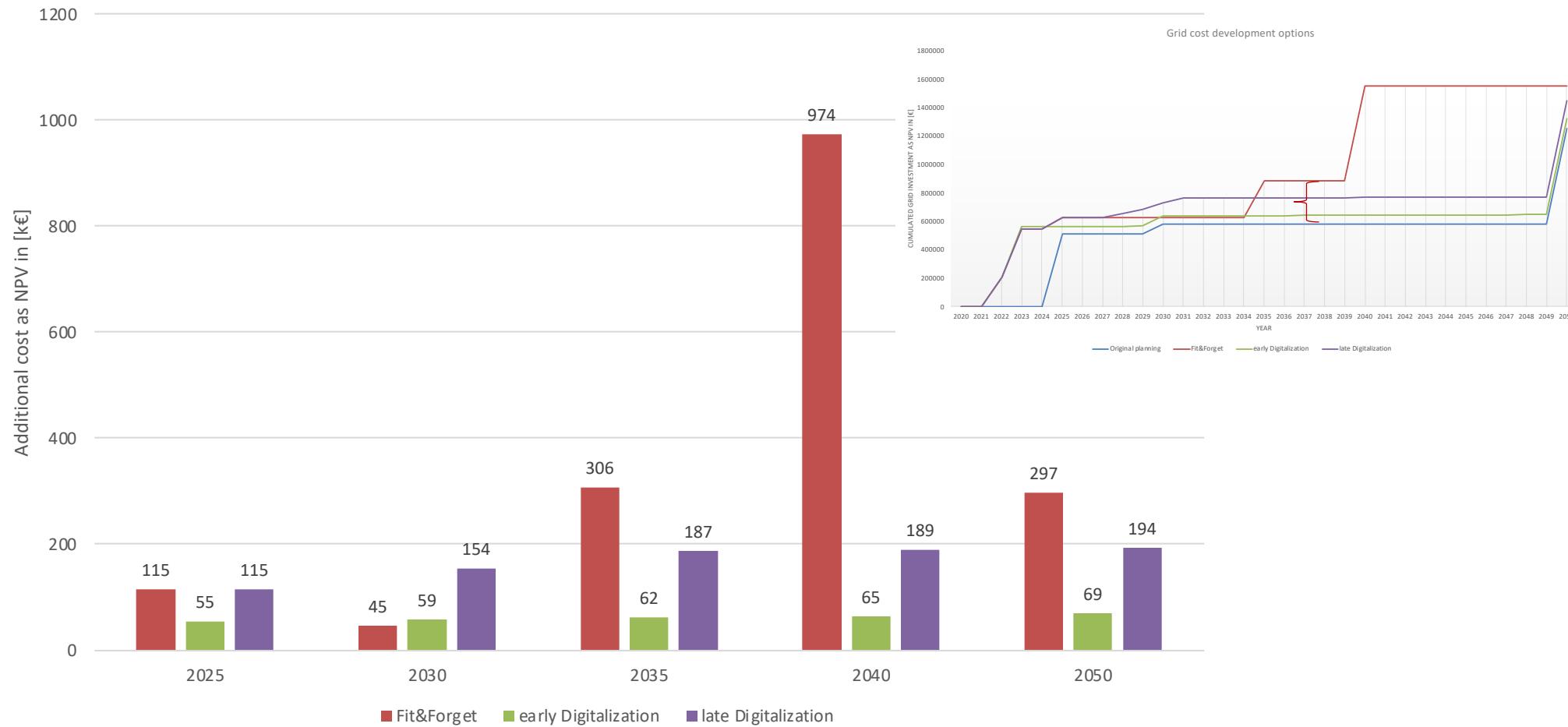
| | Feeder length in [m] | Feeder age in [yr] | Feeder reinforcement expected in year (original planning) | Feeder upgrade due to EV development in year (fit&forget) | Feeder upgrade due to EV development in year (early digitalisation) | Feeder upgrade due to EV development in year (late digitalisation) |
|----------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Feeder 1 | 1.040 | 10 | 2050 | 2040 | 2050 | 2050 |
| Feeder 2 | 205 | 30 | 2030 | 2025 | 2030 | 2025 |
| Feeder 3 | 810 | 35 | 2025 | 2023 | 2023 | 2023 |
| Feeder 4 | 1.550 | 10 | 2050 | 2040 | 2050 | 2050 |
| Feeder 5 | 490 | 35 | 2025 | 2022 | 2022 | 2022 |
| Feeder 6 | 880 | 10 | 2050 | 2035 | 2050 | 2050 |

Net Present Value (NPV) of cost development

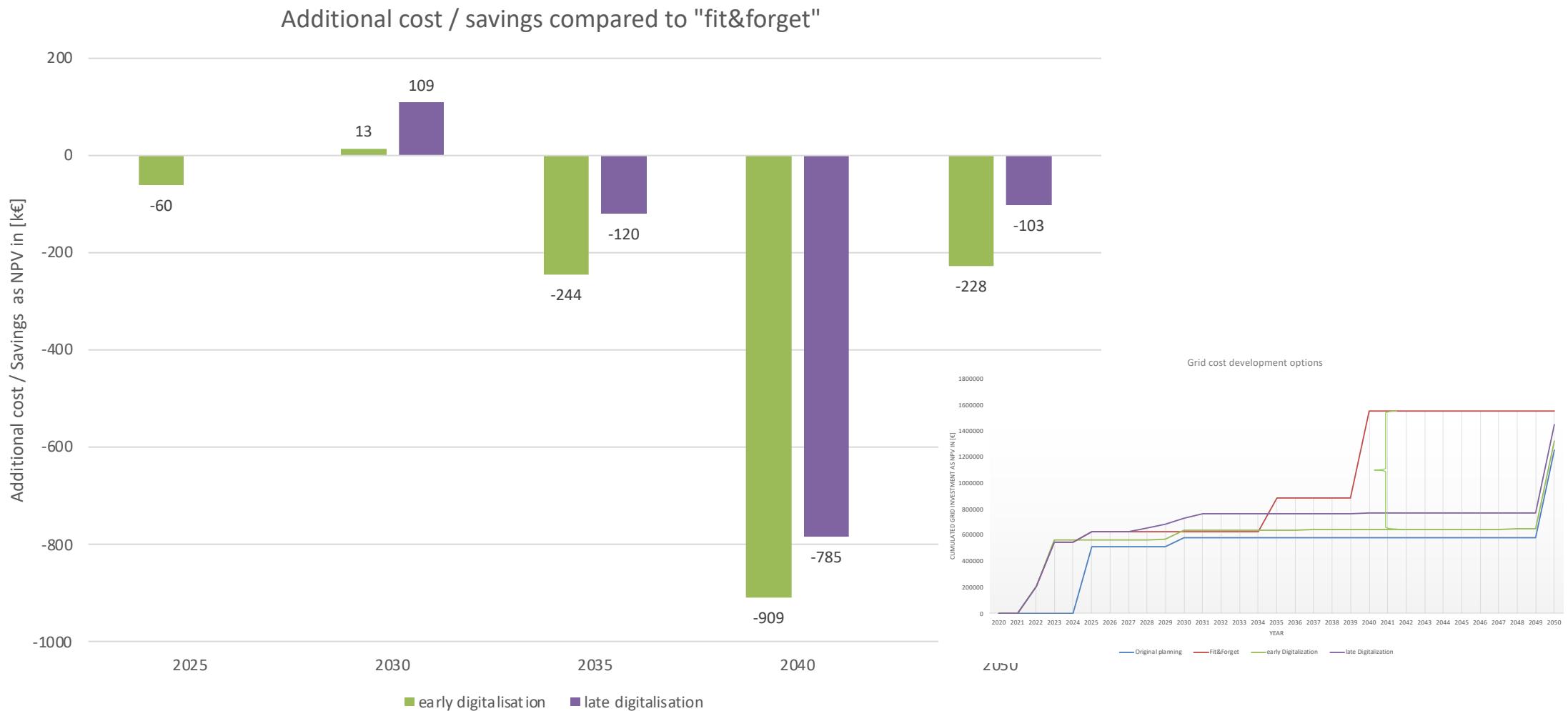


NPV of additional cost

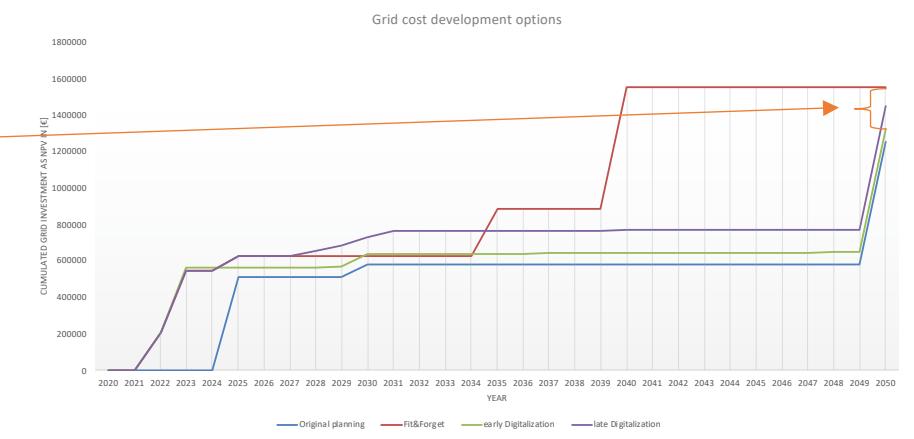
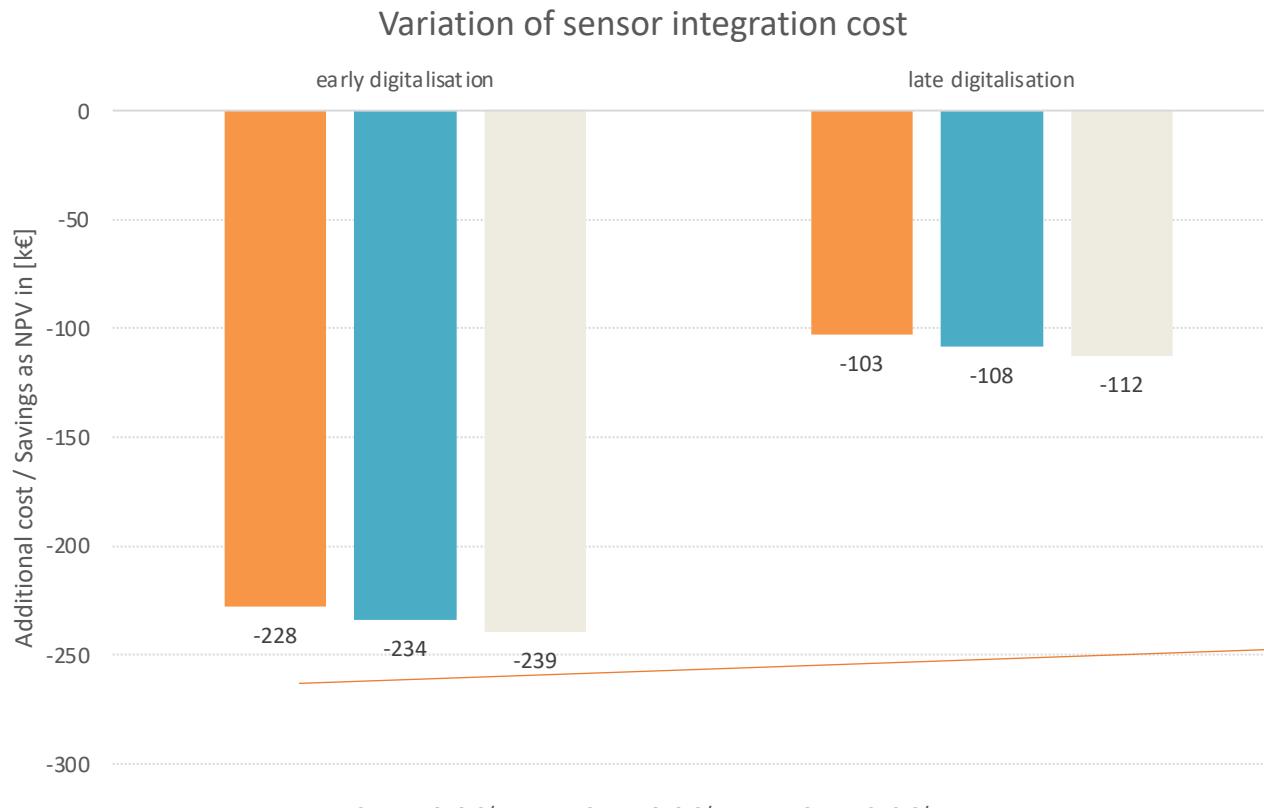
Additional cost compared to "original planning"



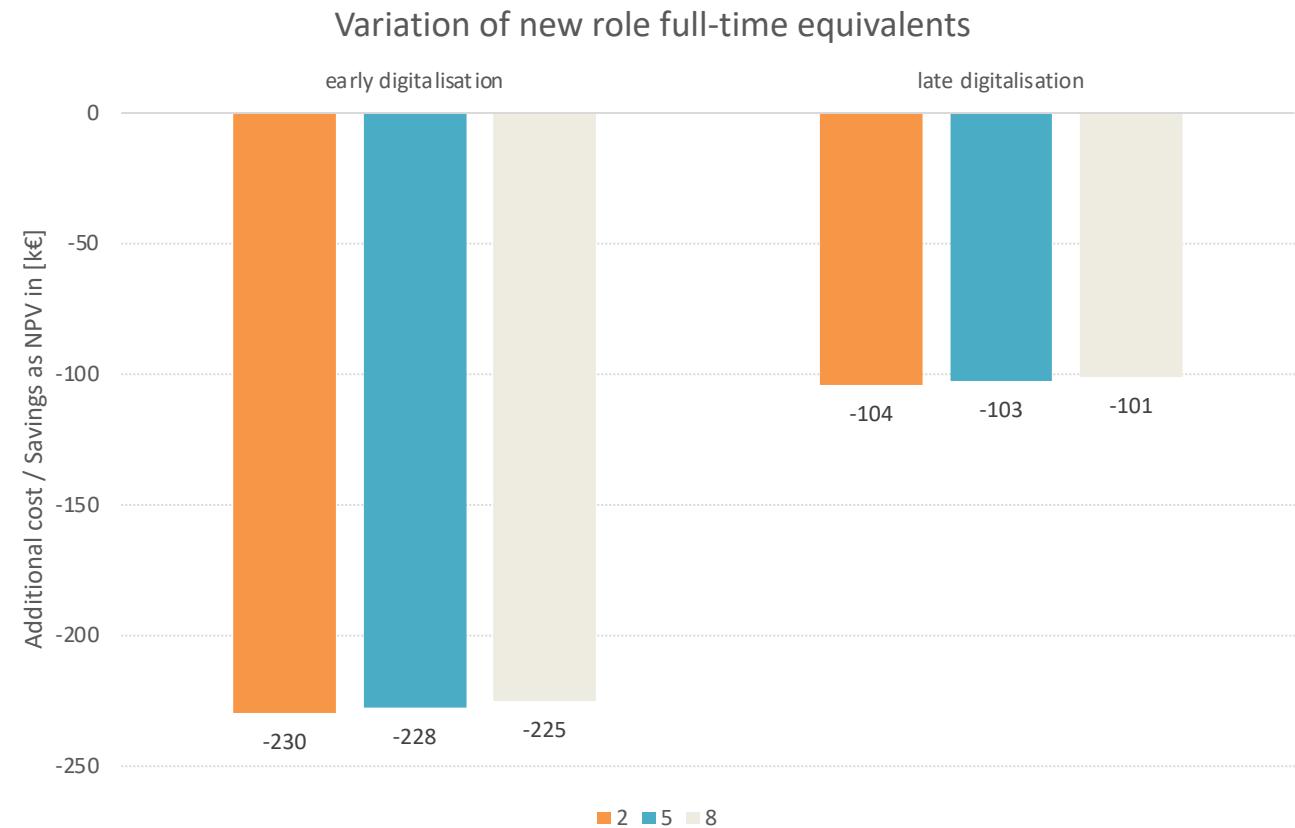
NPV of additional cost compared to “Fit&Forget”



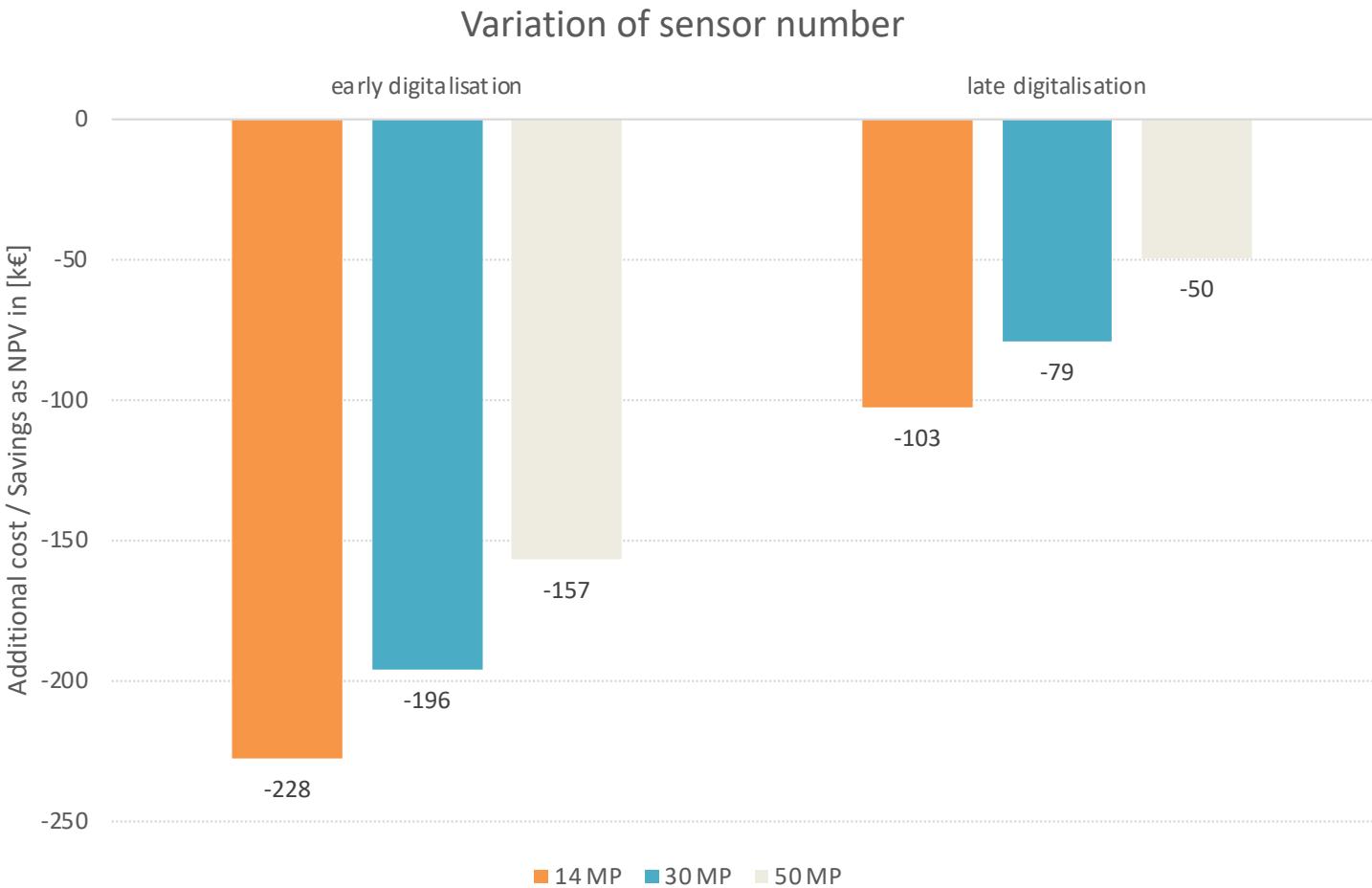
Variation of sensor integration cost (10h – 1h)



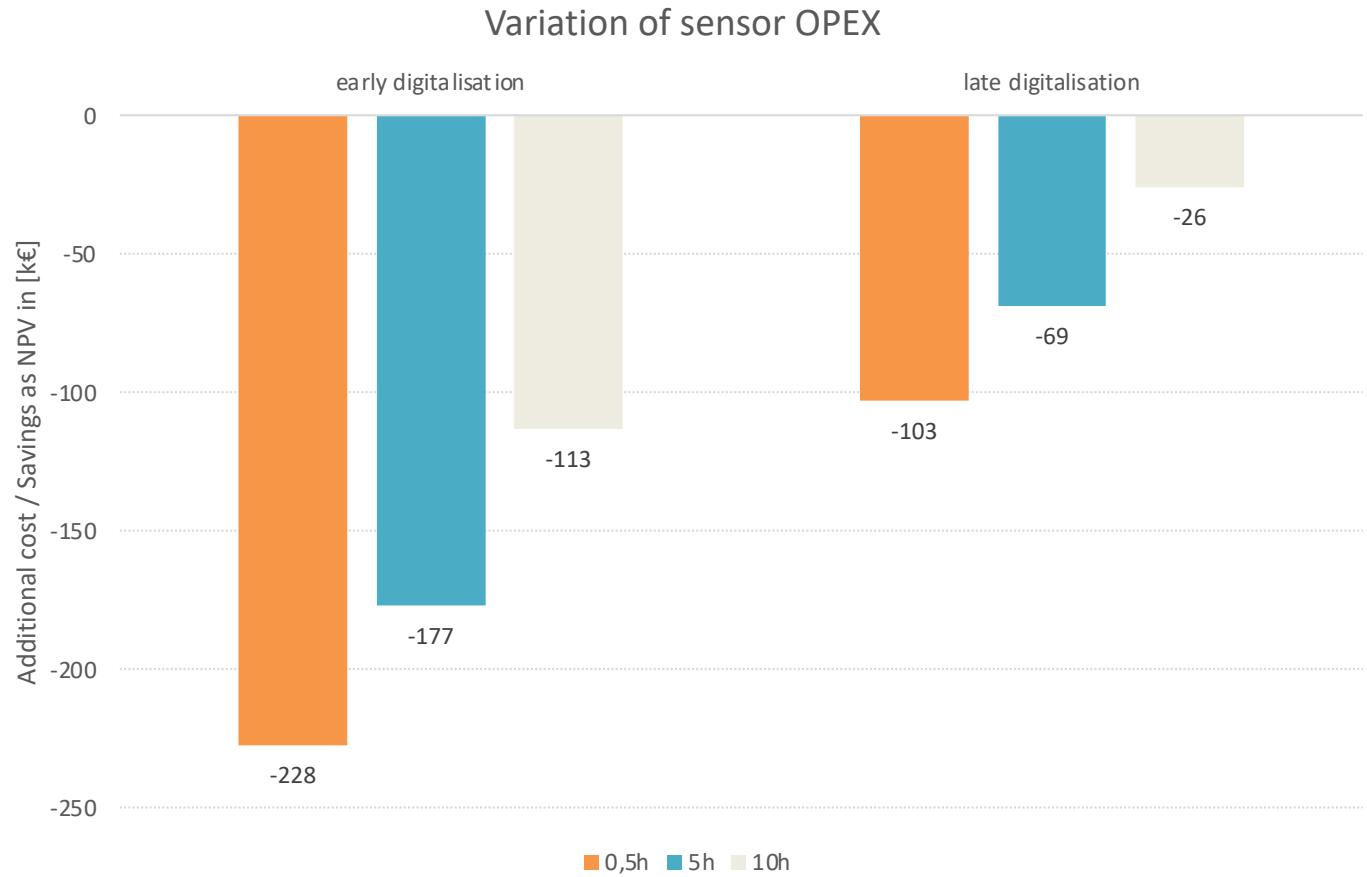
Variation of new role full- time equivalents (2 to 8)



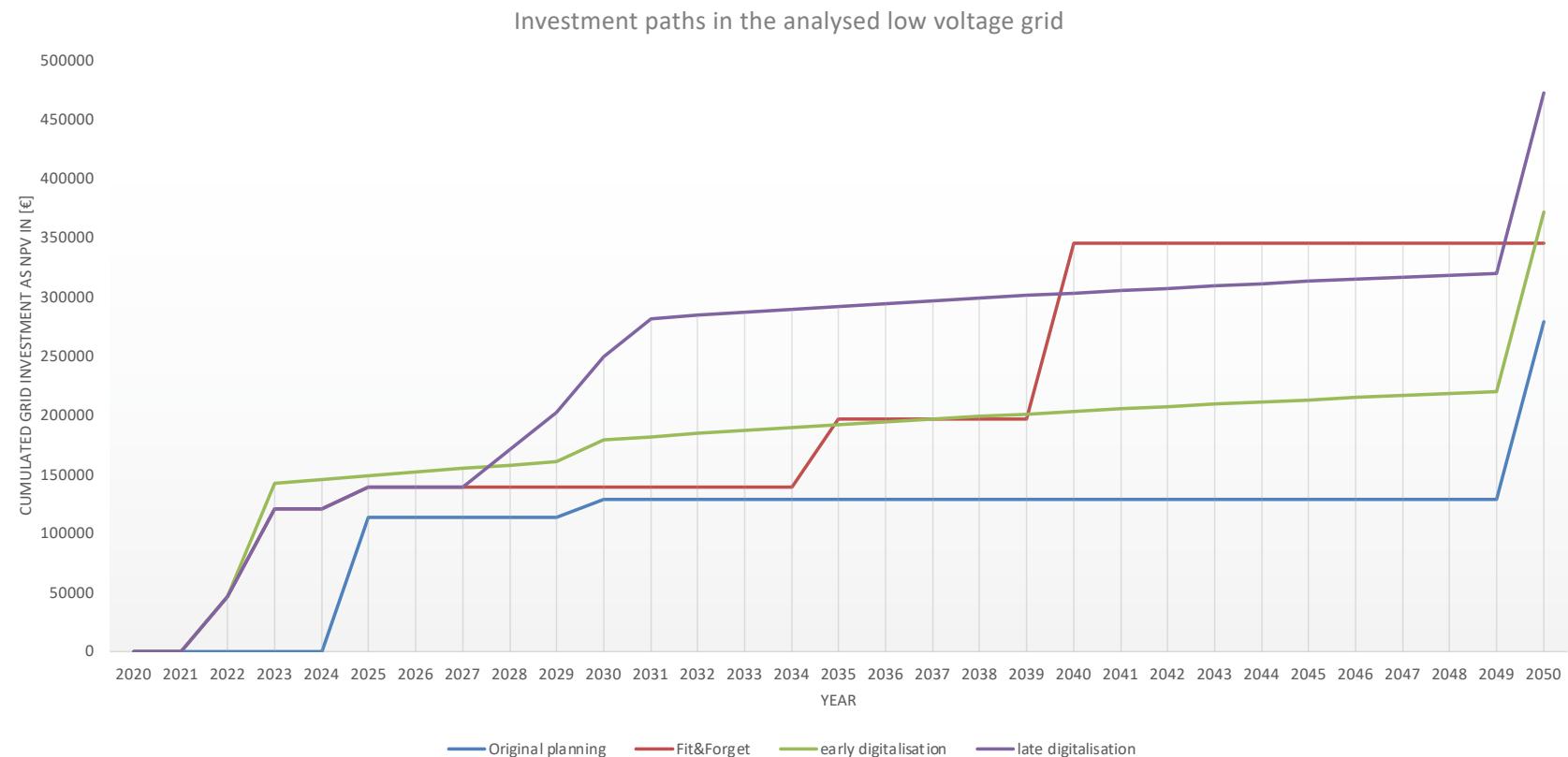
Variation of sensor numbers (14 MP – 50 MP)



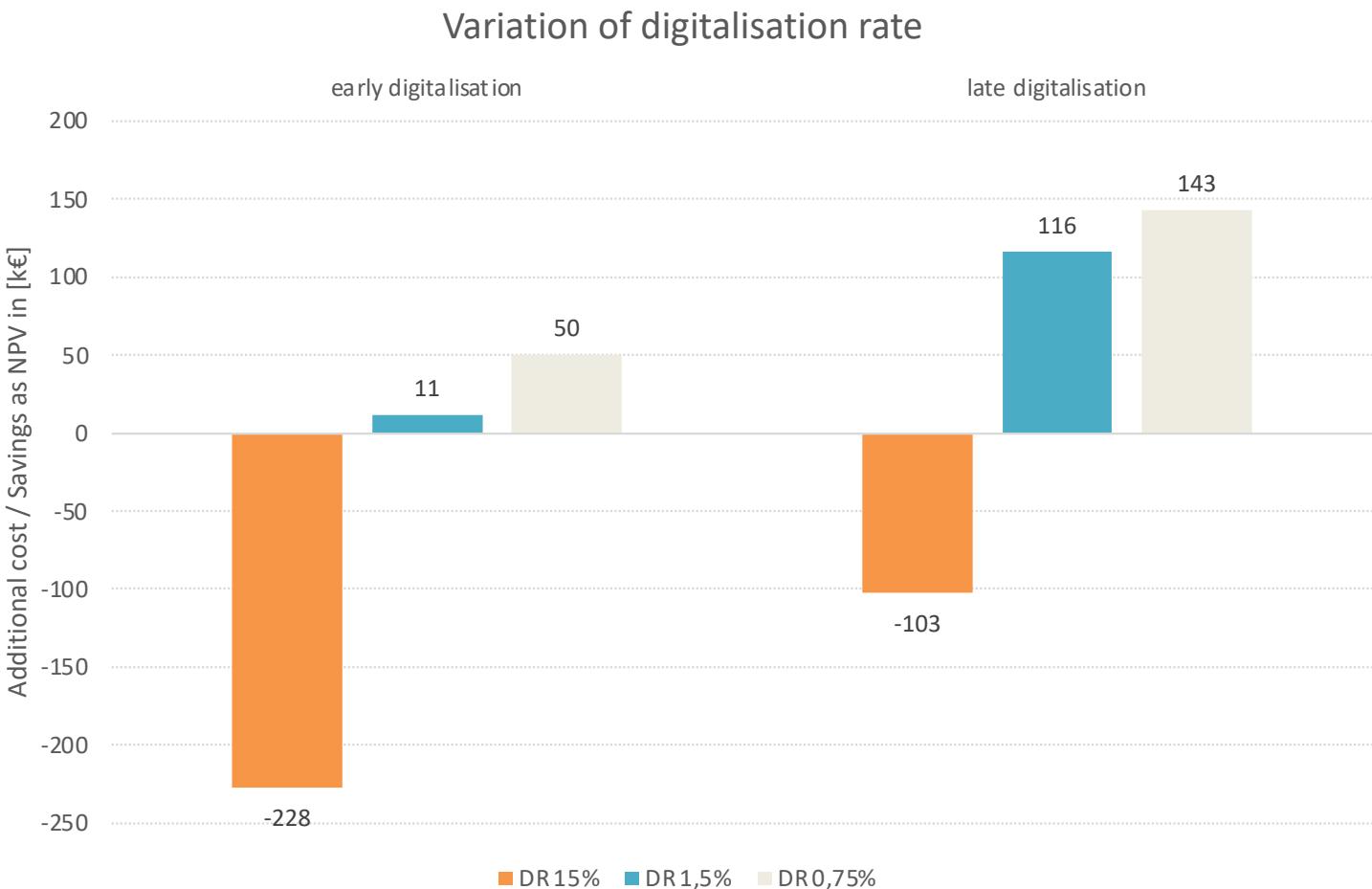
Variation OPEX of sensor (50 €/yr - 1000 €/yr): Cable price 450 €/m



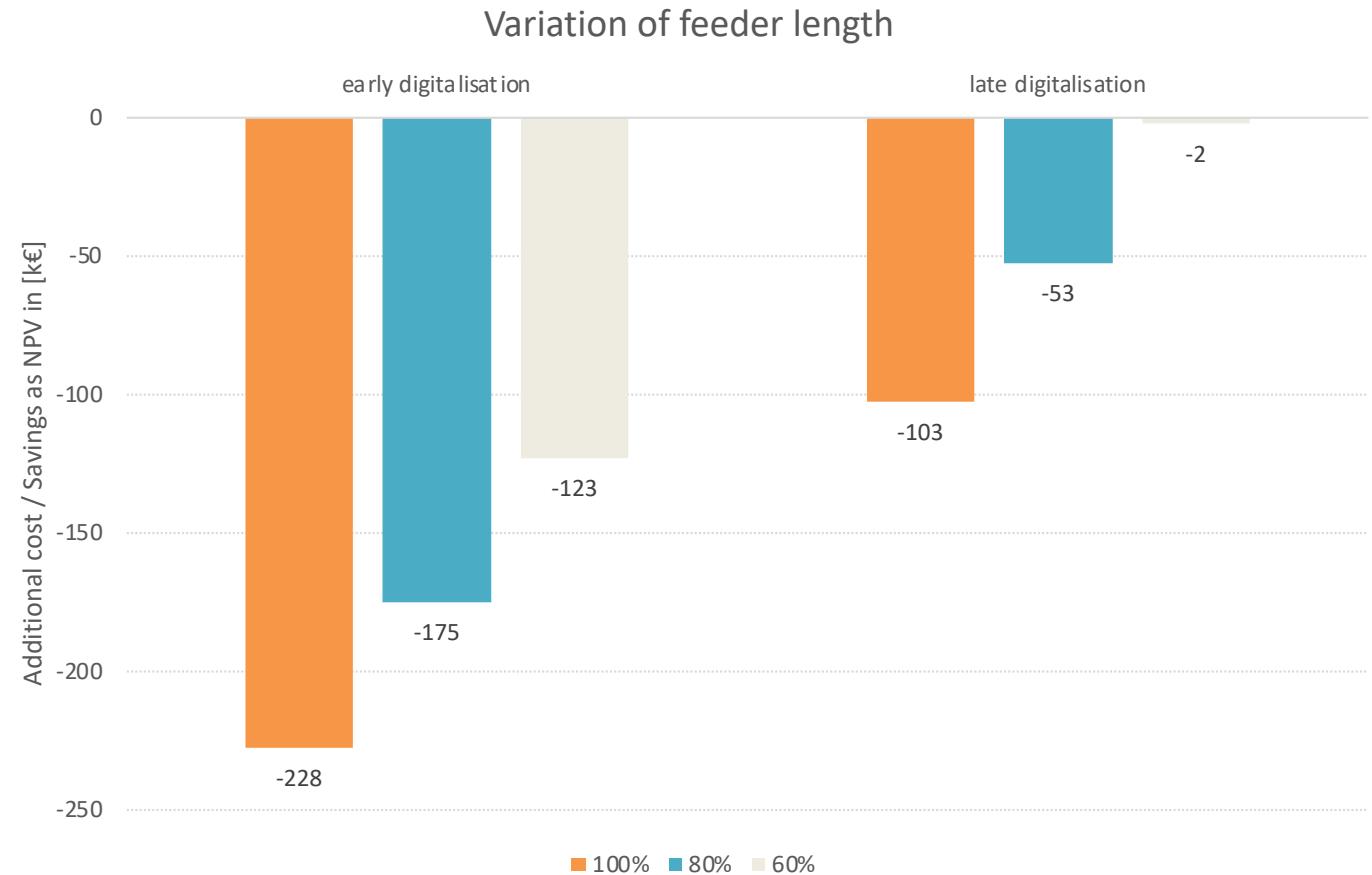
Variation of sensor OPEX (50 €/a - 1000 €/a): Cable price 100 €/m

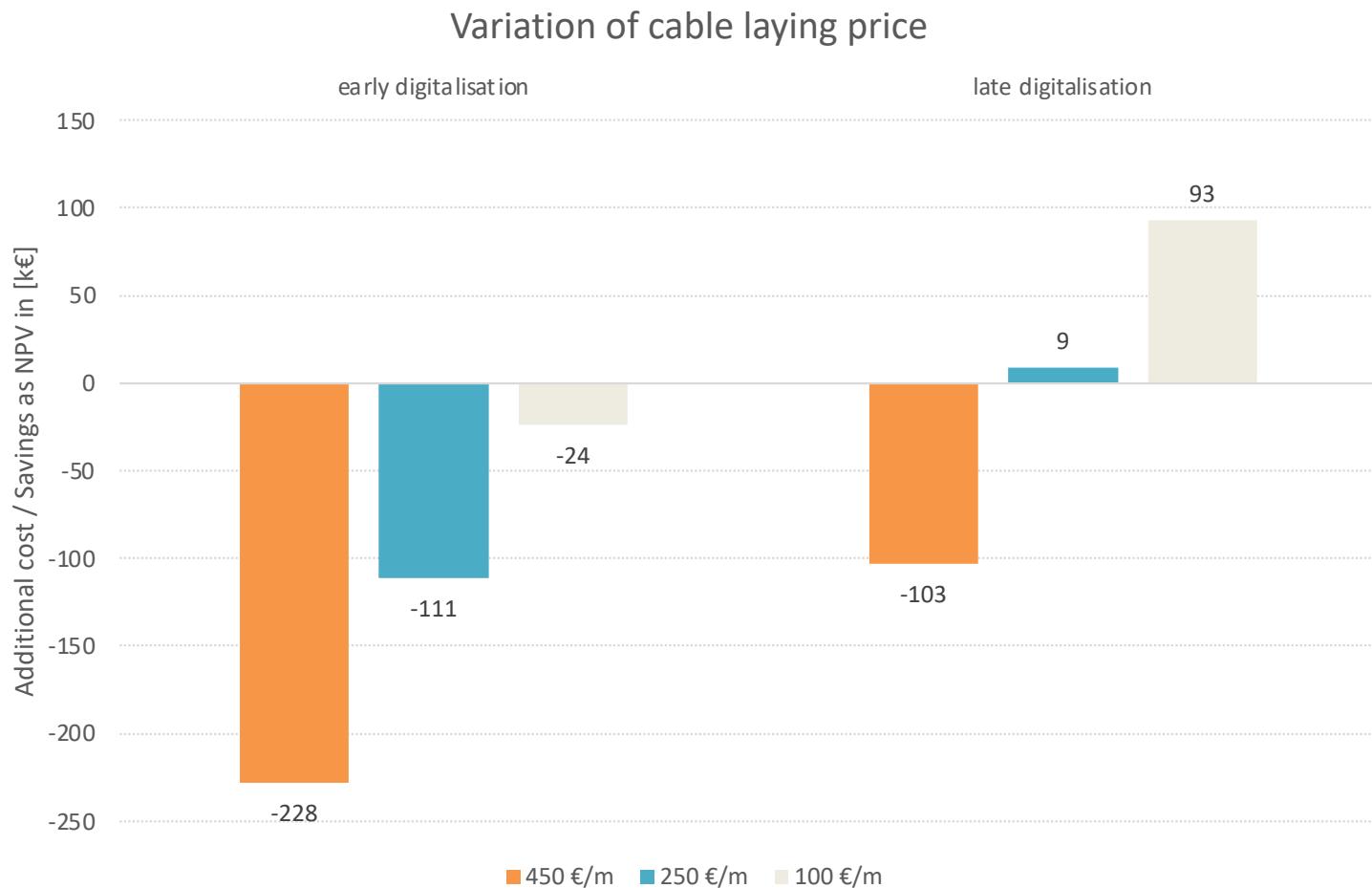
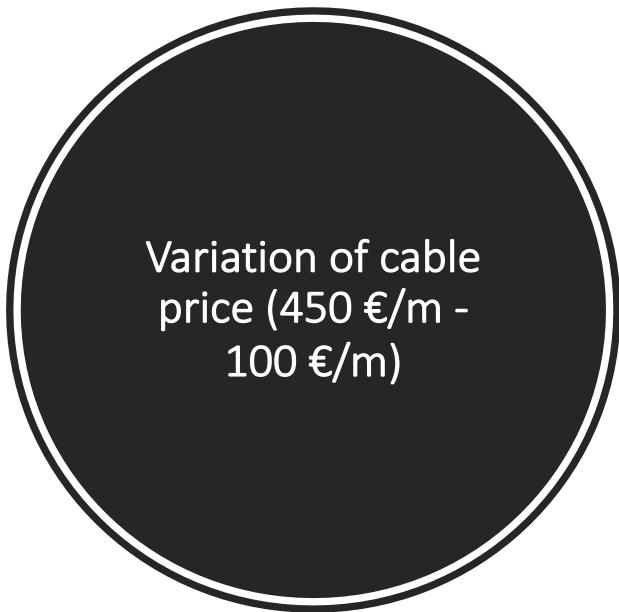


Variation of
digitalisation rate
 $15\% \rightarrow 0,75\%$

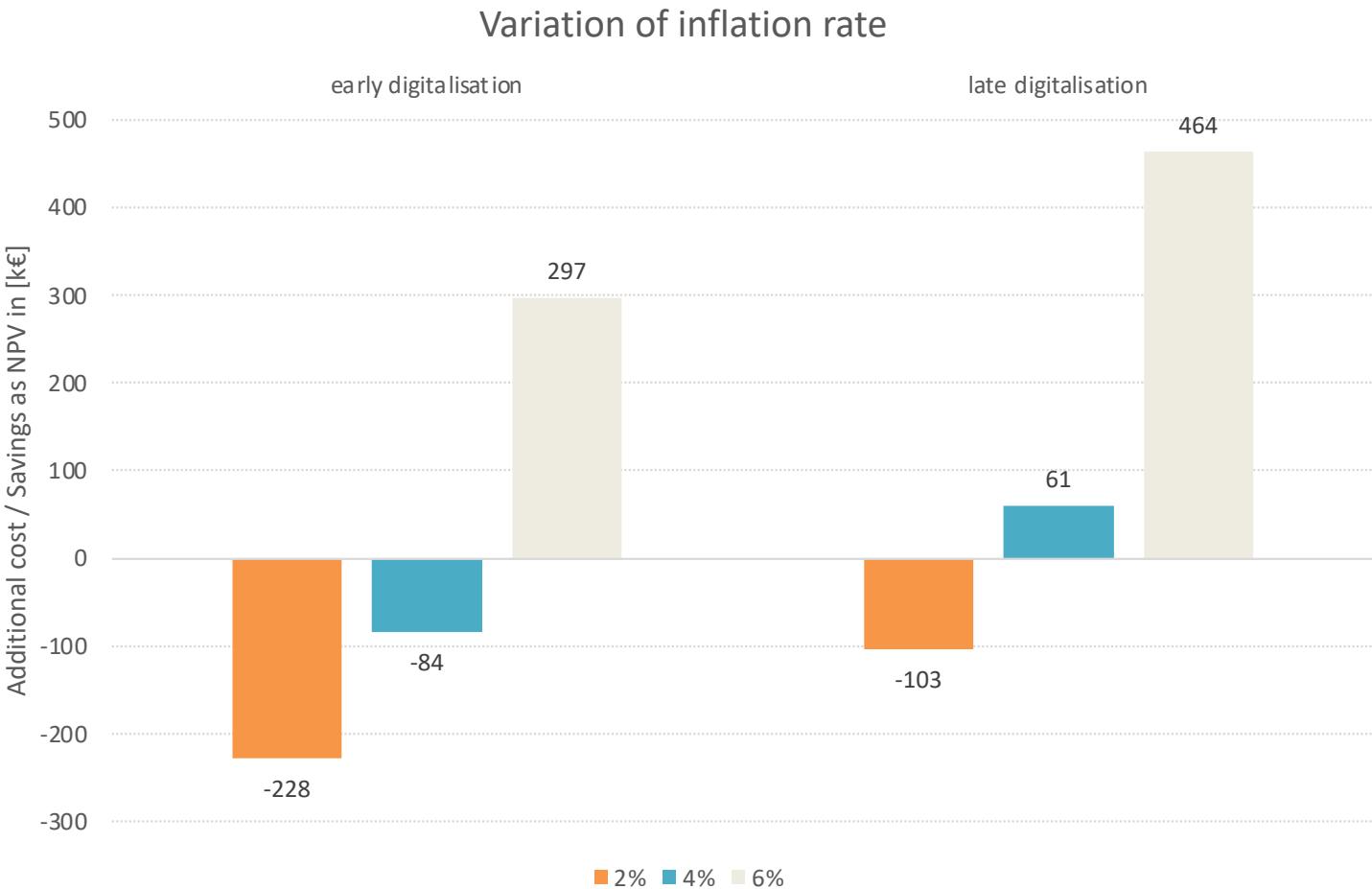


Variation of feeder lenght (100% - 60%)





Variation of inflation (2%/a - 6%/a)



Conclusion and outlook

- Sensor integration cost impacts are low due to the long evaluation period
- At high digitalization rates impacts of role numbers are low
- Medium impacts can be seen for variation of sensor numbers, sensor OPEX and feeder length
- High impacts are given for variation of cable prices, digitalization rate as well as inflation

→ Identified critical parameters show that investment strategies towards network digitalization must be evaluated in depth before decisions are taken

Thus, a SWOT analysis from the perspective of DSOs is foreseen in the final stage of the PoSyCo project.





Dieses Projekt wird aus Mitteln des Klima- und Energiefonds gefördert und im Rahmen des Energieforschungsprogramms 2017 durchgeführt

