# Mathematical Principles in Visual Computing

# Prof. Friedrich Fraundorfer

SS 2021

## About me

- Assoc. Prof. Dr. Friedrich Fraundorfer
- Email: fraundorfer@icg.tugraz.at
- Institute of Computer Graphics and Vision
- Inffeldgasse 16/II
- +43 (316) 873 5020
- Send email to schedule an appointment



# **Additional lecturer**

- Ass. Prof. Dr. Markus Steinberger
- Email: steinberger@icg.tugraz.at
- Institute of Computer Graphics and Vision
- Inffeldgasse 16/II



#### Lecture schedule

- 03.3. Fraundorfer
- 10.3. Fraundorfer
- 17.3. Fraundorfer
- 24.3. Fraundorfer
- 14.4. Fraundorfer
- 21.4. Fraundorfer
- 28.4. Fraundorfer
- 05.5. Fraundorfer
- 12.5. Fraundorfer
- 19.5. Fraundorfer
- 26.5. Fraundorfer
- 2.6. Steinberger
- 9.6. Steinberger
- 16.6. Steinberger
- 23.6. Steinberger
- 30.6. Exam

# Tutor

- Benedikt Andritsch
- Email: bandritsch@student.tugraz.at
- Responsible for questions about classroom assignments
- Q&A slots with tutor
- Q&A in TC forum or e-mail

# Course grading

- 3 class room assignments (50% of grade)
  - Math problems
  - Small programming assignments
- Final written exam (50% of grade)
- Written exam at last lecture slot (30 June 2021)
- Submitting the first assignment counts as attempt. A grade will be issued in this case.
- "§ 22 para. 4: In order to assist students in completing their degrees in a timely manner, all courses with continual assessment must allow students to submit, supplement or repeat in any case at least one partial course requirement to be determined by the course director, by no later than four weeks after the course has ended."
- This one course requirement is the examination.

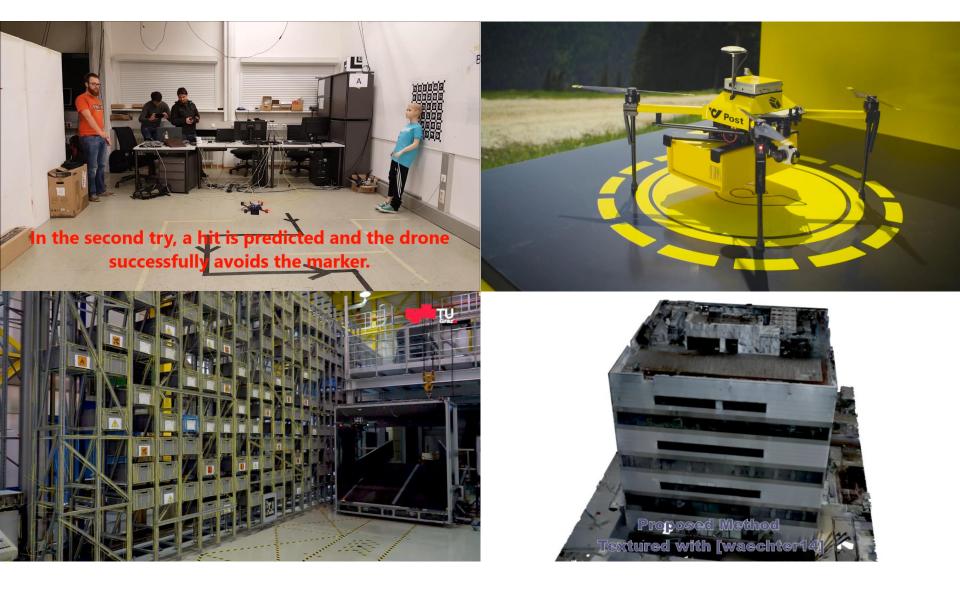
# Assignments

- Individual work, no group work
- Electronic submission using the TeachCenter (Hand-writing and scanning is ok)
- Schedule:
  - Assignment 1
    - Handout: 24.3.2021
    - Deadline: 27.4.2021
  - Assignment 2
    - Handout: 28.4.2021
    - Deadline:25.5.2021
  - Assignment 3
    - Handout: 2.6.2021
    - Deadline: 29.6.2021

# Lecture material

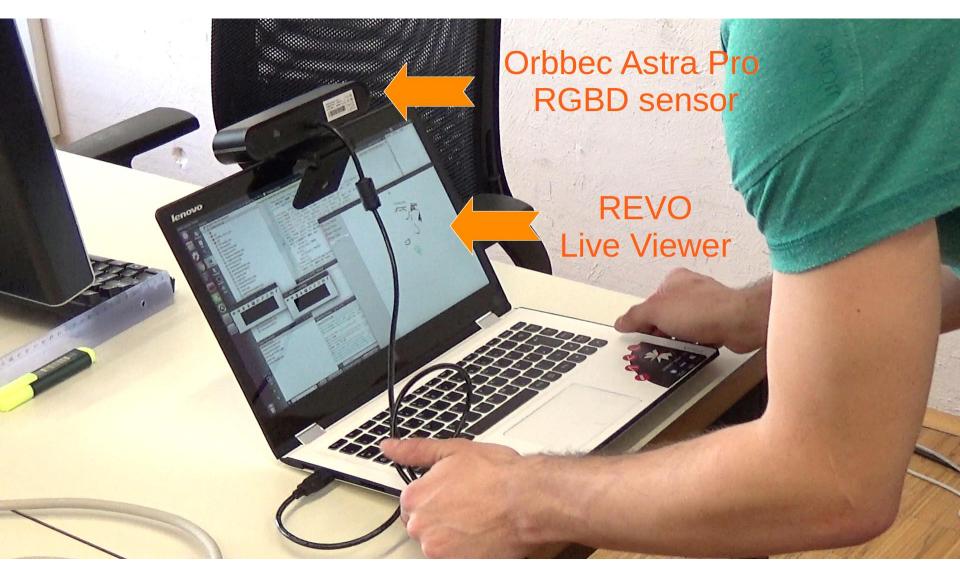
- Slides are the main material
- Links to relevant publications and book sections will be given
- Lecture will be recorded and recordings are visible for you in the Teach Center

#### Research areas

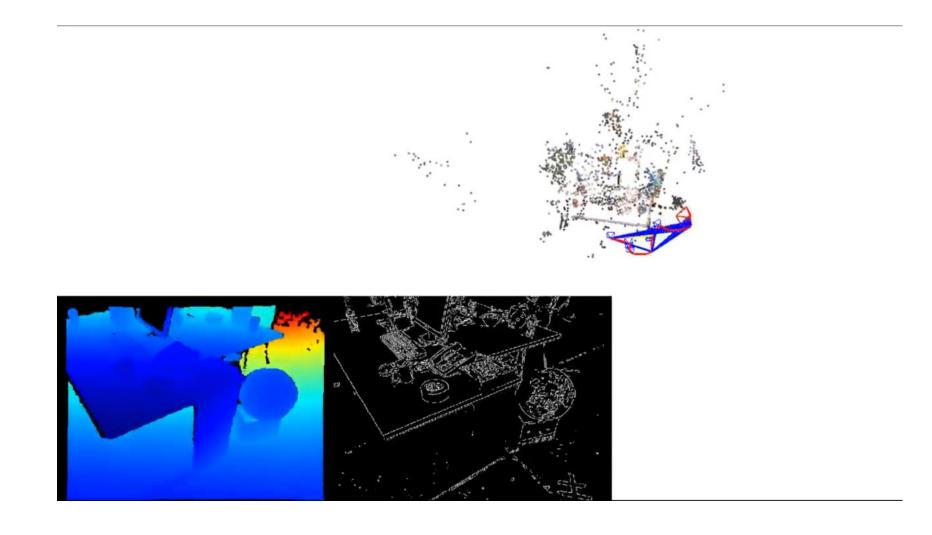


# 3D scanning - REVO

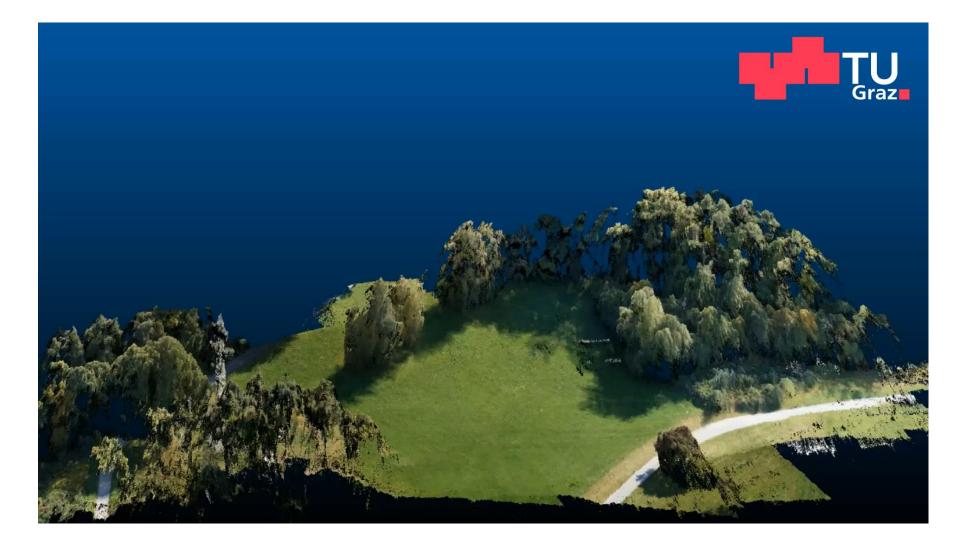
RGBD recordings with Orbbec Astra Pro



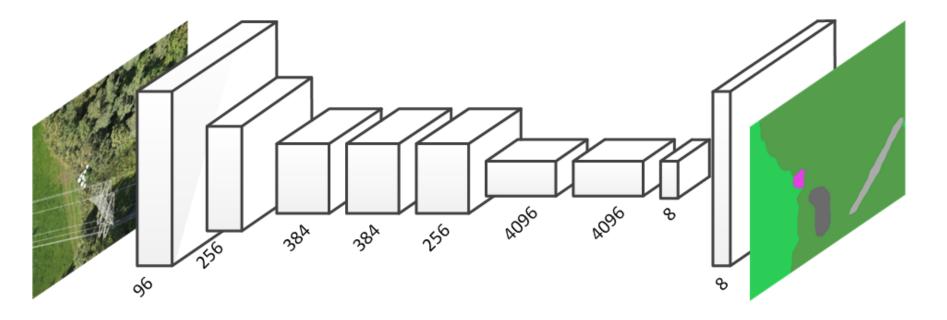
# 3D scanning - REVO

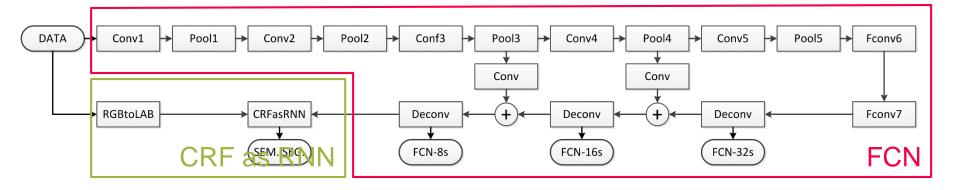


# Semantic 3D

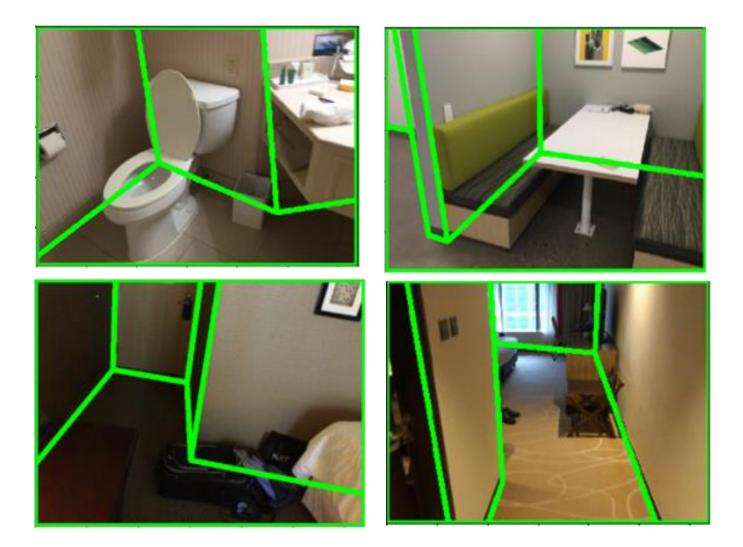


#### Semantic 3D



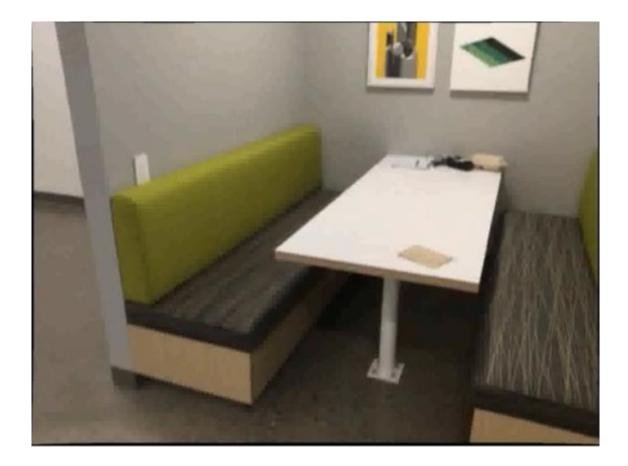


#### Single image room layout estimation



General 3D Room Layout from a Single View by Render-and-Compare. Sinisa Stekovic, Shreyas Hampali, Mahdi Rad, Sayan Deb Sarkar, Friedrich Fraundorfer, Vincent Lepetit https://github.com/vevenom/RoomLayout3D\_RandC<sup>14</sup>

# Single image room layout estimation



# Embedded AI – Dedicated processors allow integration of deep learning



# Embedded AI – Object detection

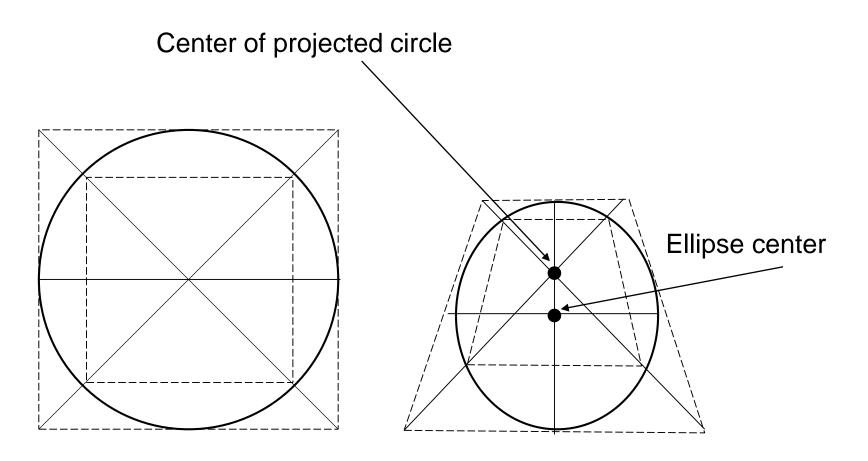


# Topics

- Projective geometry
- Geometry of multi-view camera system
- Parameterization of rigid transformations
- Robust estimation (Ransac, Robust cost functions)
- Polynomial systems in computer vision
- Root-solving
- Projective geometric algebra (Steinberger)
- Mesh Matrix Basics (Steinberger)

# Projective geometry

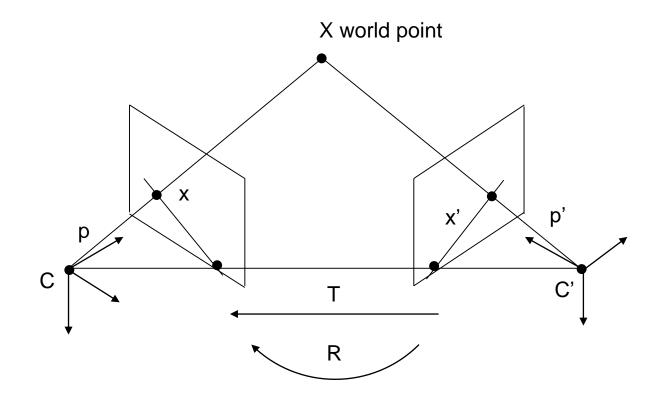




2D circle

Circle after projective transformation

$$x'^T F x = 0$$
 ... Epipolar constraint



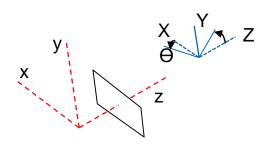
#### **Projective geometry**

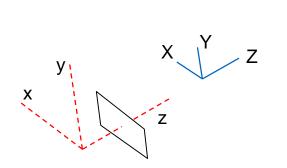




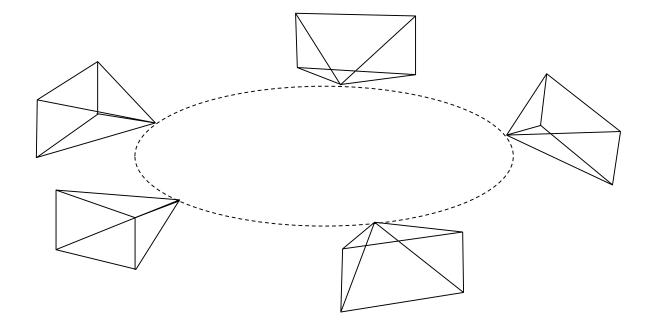
before rectification

after rectification





 $l'^{T}E_{G}l = 0$  ... generalized Epipolar constraint

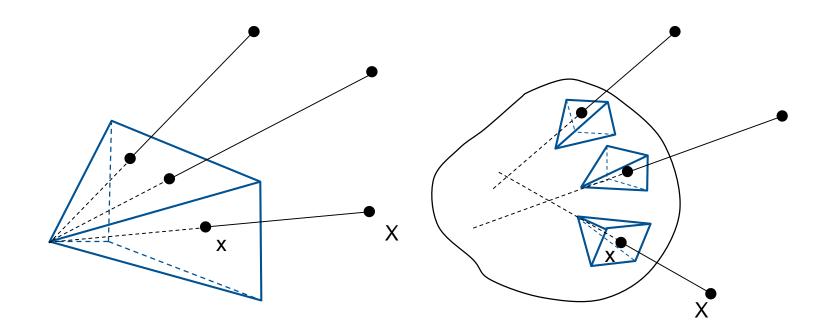


# Geometry of multi-view camera system





#### Geometry of multi-view camera system



pinhole camera

generalized camera

# Hololens is a multi-camera system



$$R_{x}(\alpha) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ 0 & \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

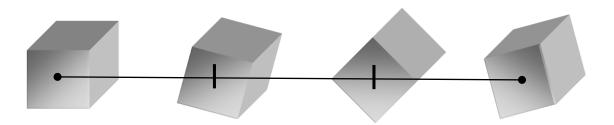
$$R_{y}(\beta) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \beta & 0 & \sin \beta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \beta & 0 & \cos \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{z}(\gamma) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma & -\sin \gamma & 0 \\ \sin \gamma & \cos \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Problems with rotation matrices

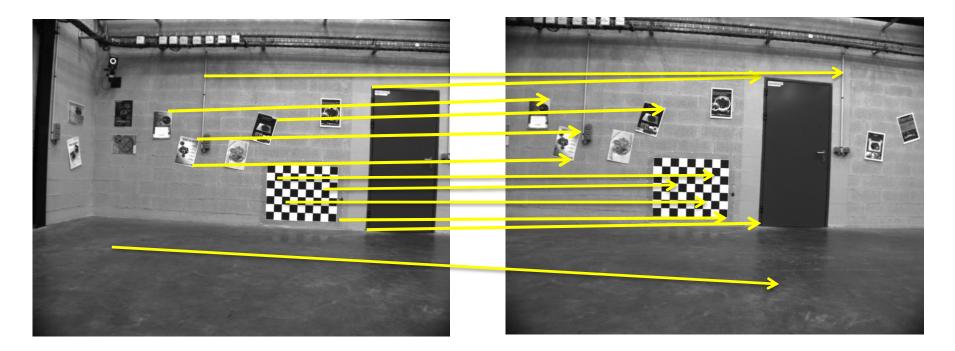
- Optimization of rotations (bundle adjustment)
  - Newton's method  $x_{n+1} = x_n \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)}$

Linear interpolation



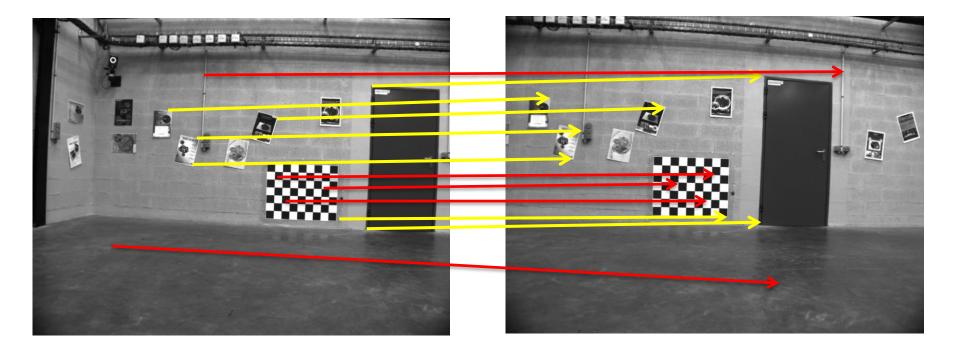
- Filtering and averaging
  - E.g. averaging rotation from IMU or camera pose tracker for AR/VR glasses

Motion estimation needs to be robust against mismatches



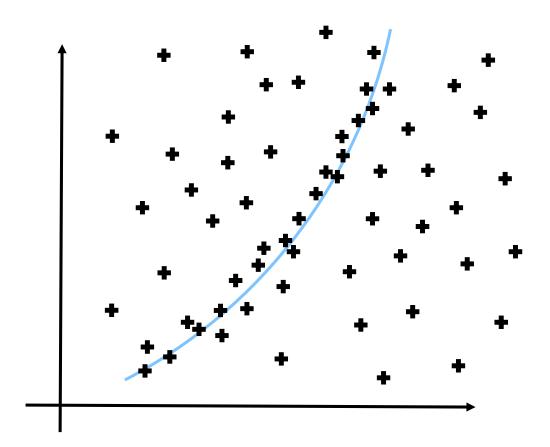
Yellow: automatically generated image matches (contain mis-matches)

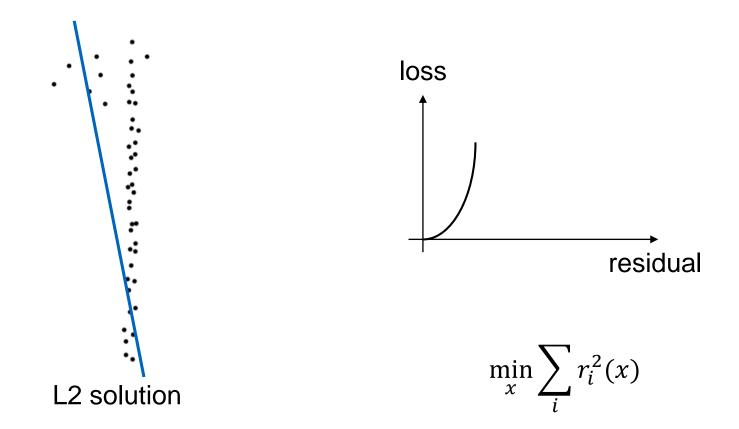
All feature matches need to follow the same motion



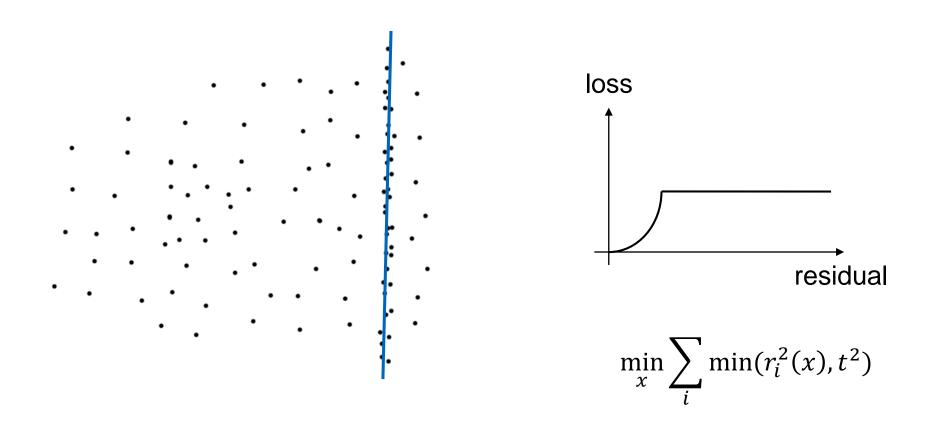
Yellow: correct matches Red: incorrect matches.

Ransac – Random sample consensus



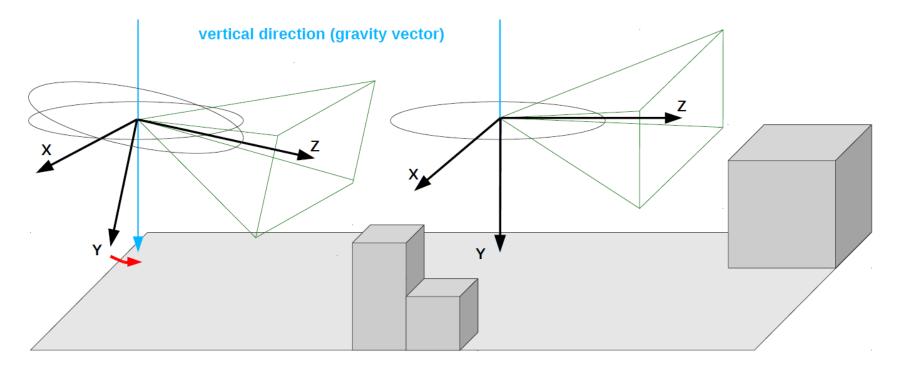


Outliers lead to wrong estimate

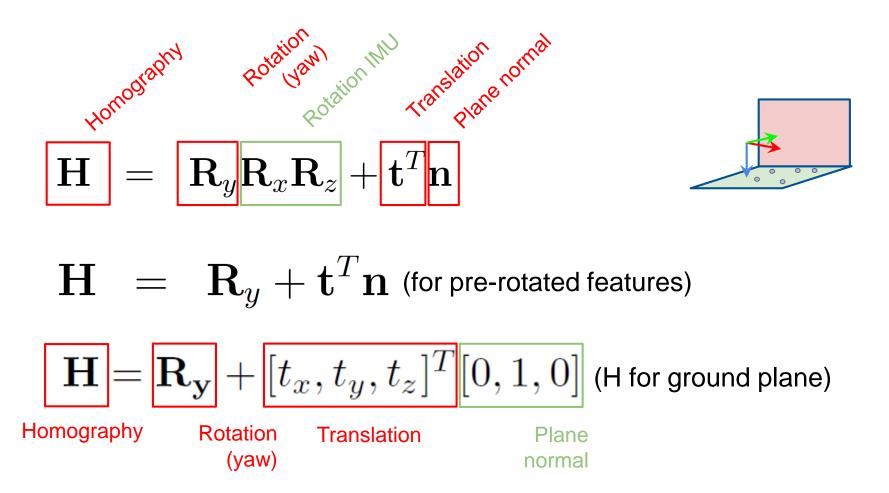


# Polynomial equation systems in computer vision

- Assumption: Ground plane normal to gravity vector, walls are vertical
  - IMU measurements can be used to align camera images/features to gravity vector
  - Motion can be computed from 2pt correspondences on the ground



# Polynomial equation systems in computer vision 2pt relative pose



4 unknowns left, 2 point correspondences give 4 equations

• P3P, PnP problem:

$$L_{1} \begin{cases} 2x^{2} + y^{2} - 2z + 3z^{2} + 5 = 0 \\ x^{2} + z + z^{2} = 0 \\ x^{2}y^{2} + y^{2}z^{2} - 2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

- Solution: Reduction to a single polynomial (several schemes)
- Automatic procedure Gröbner Basis

# Polynomial equation systems

Root solving

- 3pt+IMU, 8<sup>th</sup> degree polynomial
- 6pt generalized camera, 64<sup>th</sup> degree polynomial

Fast method: Sturm bracketing