

### AUSWIRKUNGEN DER GLOBALEN ENERGIEPREISENTWICKLUNGEN AUF AUSGEWÄHLTE PRODUKTIONSPROZESSE EINES AUTOMOBILZULIEFERERS

13. Symposium Energieinnovation TU Graz – 12.-14.2.2014

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1. Current situation & objectives 2. Energy market analysis 3. Global automotive trends 4. Hot forming process Bopfingen 5. Cold forming process Albersdorf 6. Global landscape - Cold/Hot forming 7. Energy cost saving measures 8. Key findings



#### **Current situation**

- Same production processes are implemented worldwide
- Rising energy prices increase the interest in energy cost saving measures
- > No detailed data of process specific energy consumption are available

#### **Objectives**

- Energetic market analysis of Magna's most important production regions: USA, China, Europe & Brazil
- Inquiry of the energy consumption of two Magna production processes
- Create a global landscape for production energy cost overview
- Identify Magna's cost saving leverages



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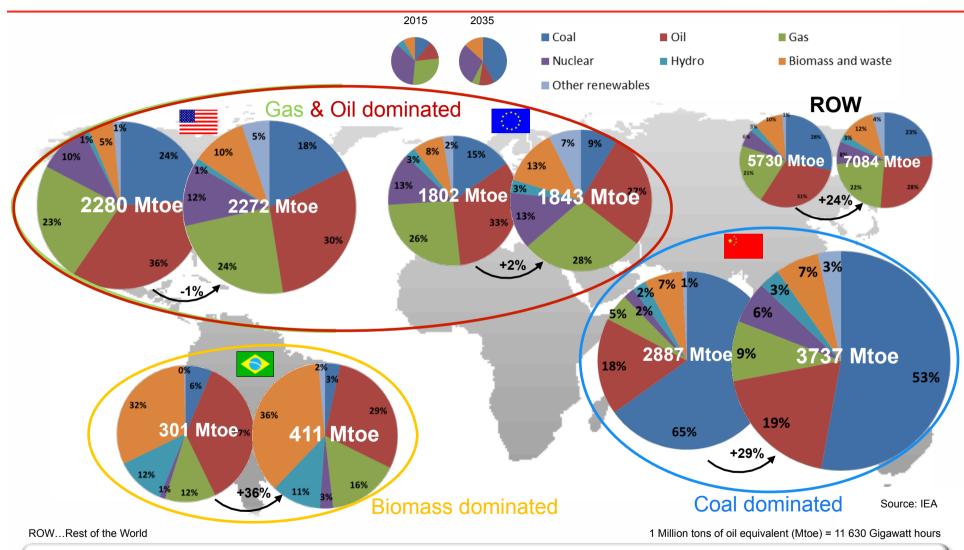
6. Global landscape - Cold/Hot forming

7. Energy cost saving measures

### 8. Key findings

## **Global primary energy demand 2015-2035**

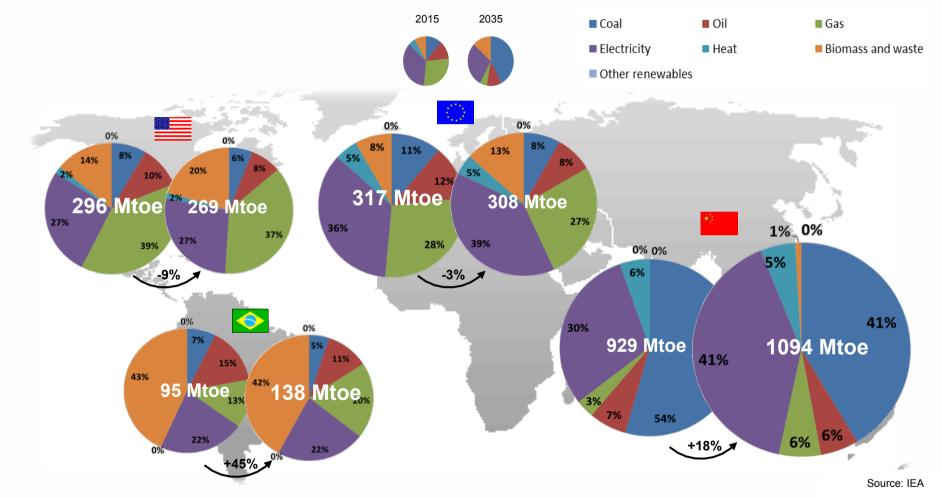




- Energy demand of top 4 automotive markets will increase about 13% (ROW: +24%)
- The regions have different primary energy focus
- Largest energy increase in Brazil (+36%) and China (+29%)

## **Global energy demand – Industrial sector**



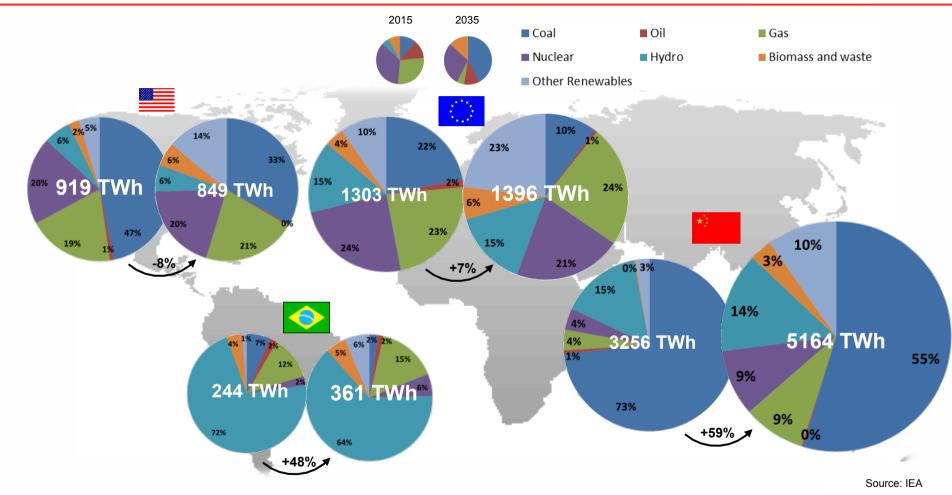


1 Million tons of oil equivalent (Mtoe) = 11 630 Gigawatt hours

- Largest demand growth will be expected in China (+18%) and Brazil (+45%)
- Electricity will command largest growth in consumption globally

## **Global electricity demand – Industrial sector**





1 Terawatt hour (TWh) = 10<sup>^</sup>3 Gigawatt hours

- Global electricity demand will rise ~50% by 2035
- Coal will still dominate as main source for electricity generation
- Largest energy increase in Brazil (+48%) and China (+59%)
- Coal will be replaced by Hydro, Gas, and other Renewables as electricity generation sources



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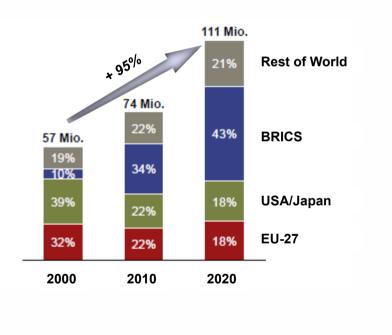
### 8. Key findings

## **Global automotive trends**

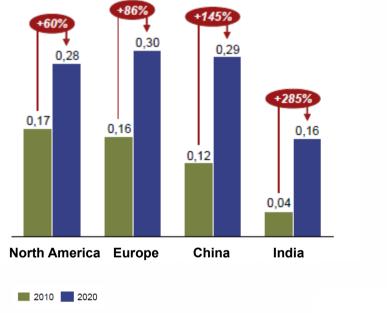


#### How will OEM platforms develop in the future?

Production trends – automotive industry



#### Platform strategy development (Production volume in Mio. cars per platform, 2010 vs. 2020)



BRICS...Brazil, Russia, India, China, SouthAfrica

Quelle: A.T.Kearney, JDPower, Frost&Sullivan

- Average automotive market growth rate p.a.: China (7%), Brazil (4,6%), EU (2,7%), NAFTA (4,1%)
- OEM focus on platform strategy to cover production volumes and to reduce costs
- 10 basic platforms will cover 30% of global car production in 2020



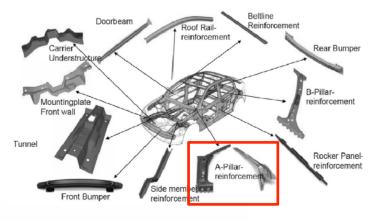
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## Parameters hot forming process Bopfingen

- Product: Ford Fokus A-Pillar
- > Cycle Time: 376 sec.
- Total production volume: 824.550 Cycles/a
- > All results referred to one cycle for regional transparency
- Regional average energy prices are adopted
- Breakdown and set-up times are included
- German process parameters are the basis for regional comparison



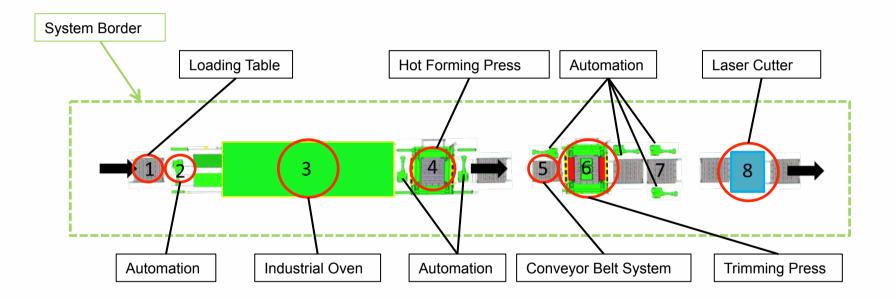




## **Process overview - Hot forming**



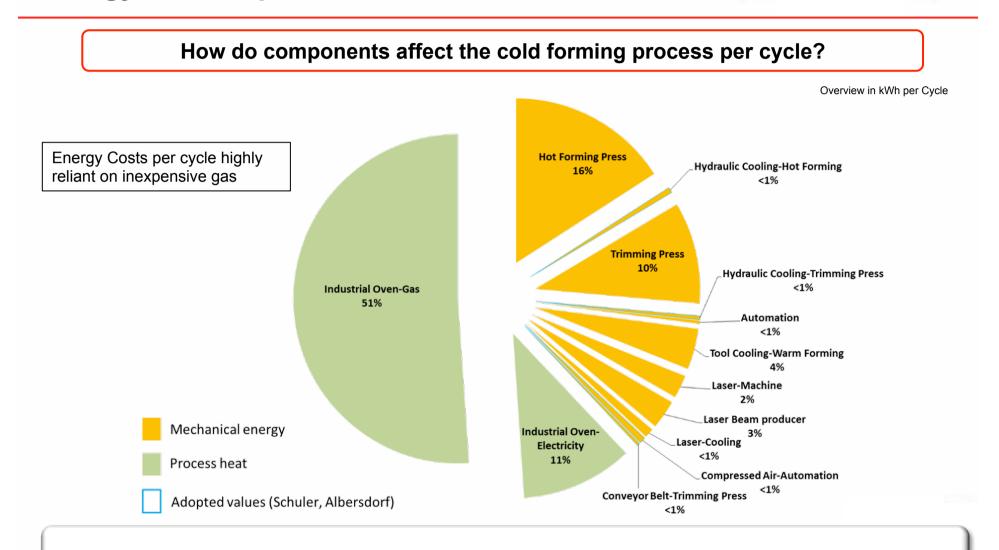
How is the hot forming process built up in Bopfingen?



- Roller hearth oven: 12 heating zones
- Hydraulic press with 12.000 kN press capacity

**Energy consumption break down** 



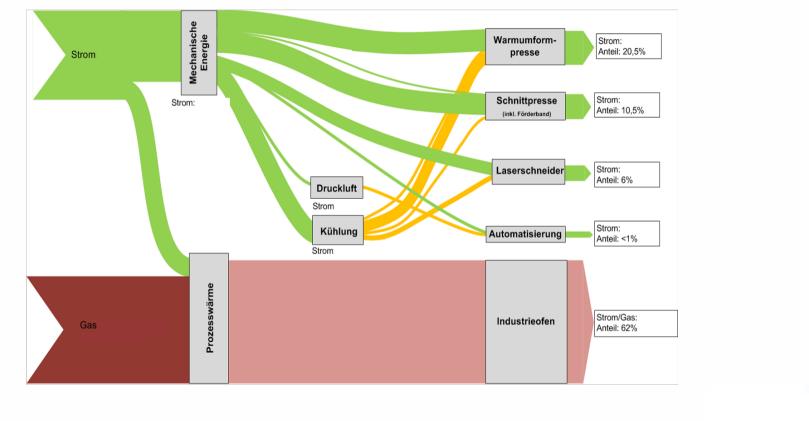


- Industrial oven consumes about 62% of the complete energy demand
- Compressed air and cooling units are not influencial on the total energy consumption

## **Energy flow chart - Hot forming process**



## Sankey-Diagramme for the production line



Energy demand per cycle

11,2 kWh/m^3 natural gas

#### Process heat is responsible for >60% of the process energy demand



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## Parameters cold forming process Albersdorf

- Product: Porsche Cayenne Aluminium Hood
- ➢ Cycle Time: 61sec.
- Total Press Cycles: 2.400.000 Cycles/a
- All results referred to one cycle for regional transparency
- Regional average energy prices are adopted
- Austrian process parameters are the basis for regional comparison

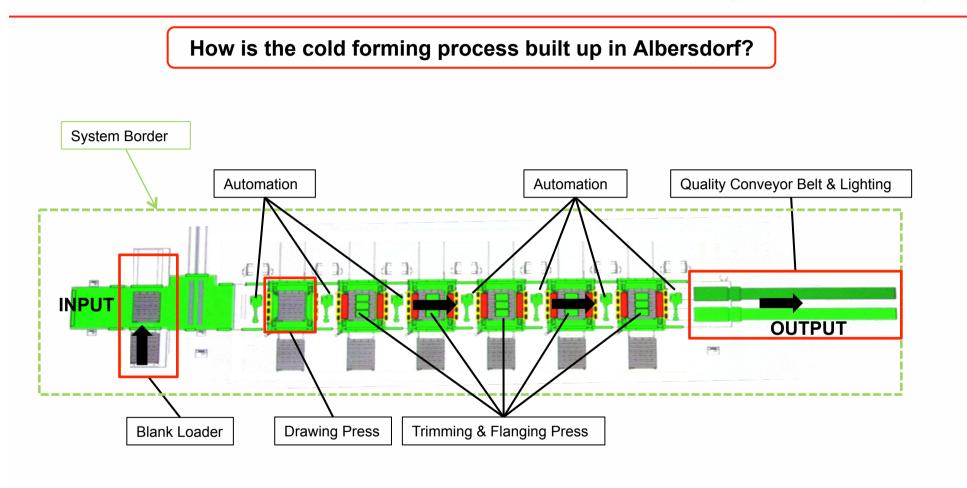






## **Process overview - Cold forming**

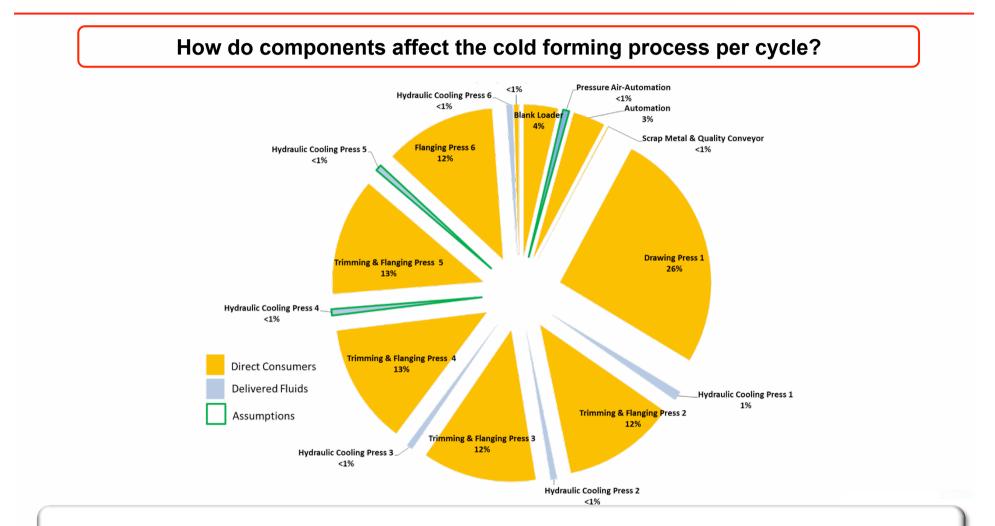




- SCHULER press line: 6 presses in operation
- Drawing press with 16.000 kN press capacity
- Trimming & flanging presses with 10.000 kN press capacity

**Energy consumption break down** 

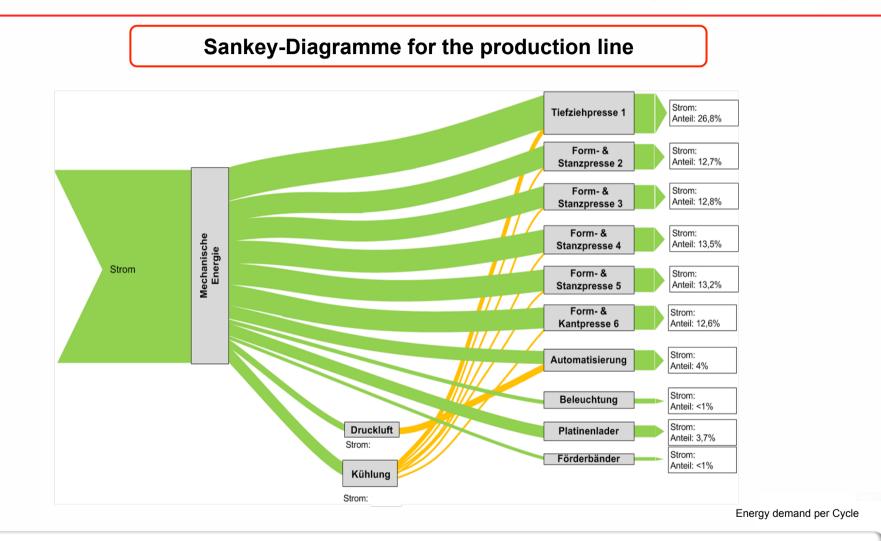




- Presses consume 1/3 of their energy demand in stand-by mode
- Cooling, air pressure & automation units are very cost efficient and cause no high affect
- Energy demand depends on required press work for forming the blank

## **Energy flow chart - Cold forming process**





- 100% electricity consumption transformed to mechanical energy
- Drawing press consumes double the energy compared to trimming and flanging presses
- Trimming and flanging presses have similar energy consumptions

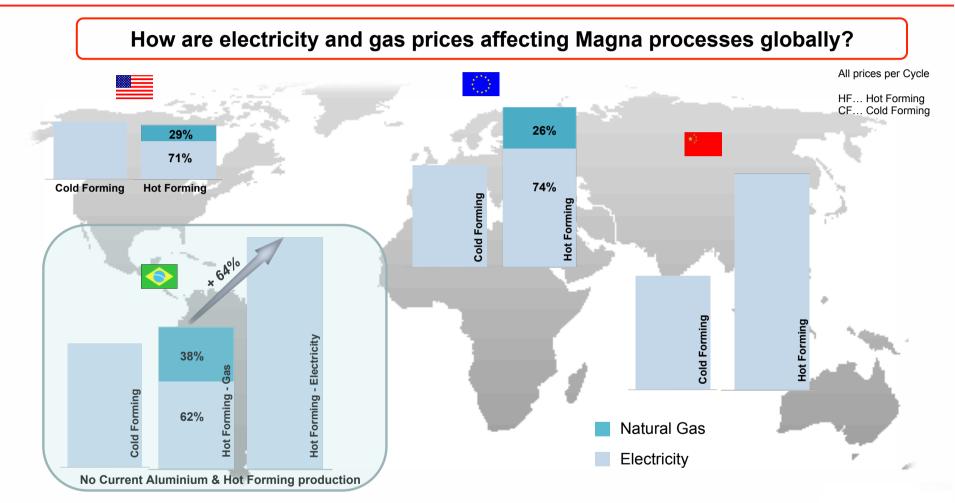


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## **Global landscape - Cold/Hot forming**





- USA has global cost advantage due to access to inexpensive NG, similar energy costs for CF/ HF
- US HF production is cheaper than EU CF production (Factor 2)
- No gas infrastructure in China and Brazil, no energy cost efficient production
- China HF has factor 4 price (CF factor 2) disadvantage over USA due to their high energy costs



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## **Energy cost saving measures**



## Tremendous cost saving opportunities due to missing energy efficient measures

Hot Forming	Energy Savings	
Preheat the blank	563 MWh/a	
Heat Up Fluids	108.000 m³/a	
More concepts:		
<ul> <li>Natural gas usage for oven system</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Heat up production building</li> </ul>	350 MWh/a	
Material inquiry		
Oven temperature optimization		
Cold Forming		
smart engine control management systems		
Engine management – Product data set	216 MWh/a	
<ul> <li>Engine management – Intellegent stand by</li> </ul>	369 MWh/a	
<ul> <li>Engine management – Special situations</li> </ul>	181 MWh/a	

#### Tremendous cost saving potential especially for new oven system in China and Brazil



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MAGNA Int. - Operational Improvement & Quality

# **Key findings**



#### **Energy Market**

- Global GDP in correlation with energy demand & oil price
- Oil price as a key driver for gas & electricity market prices
- Constantly growing import dependencies (especially in EU & China)
- Rising energy & electricity demand in China & Brazil until 2035

#### **Production Process**

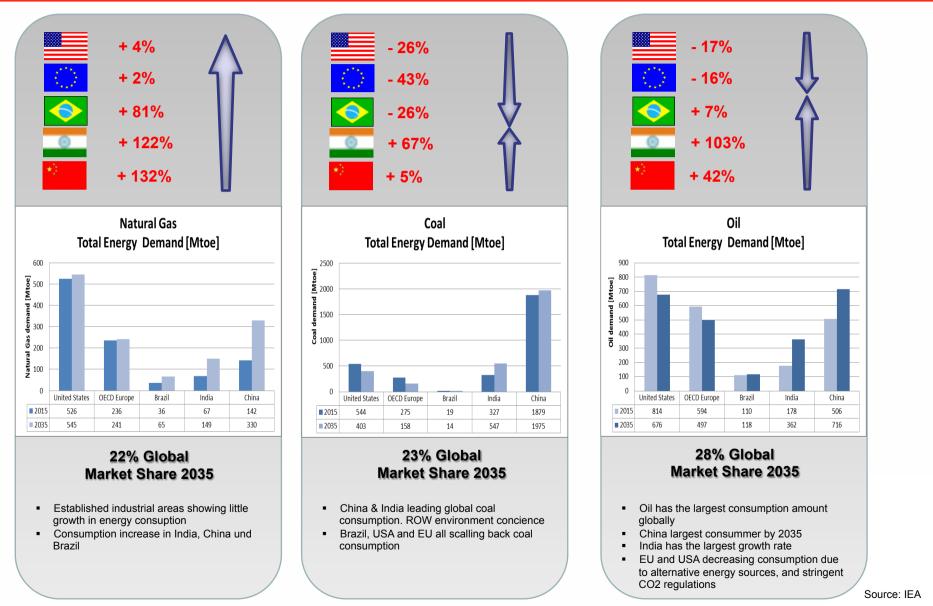
- USA has similar energy costs for hot and cold forming
- USA hot forming energy costs are half of the energy costs of cold forming in EU
- Expensive energy costs in China & Brazil due to missing natural gas infrastructure
   → decrease up to 65% per cycle possible due to gas usage
- China 4-times higher energy costs than USA for hot forming
- ➤ To keep constant energy cost level → investments in energy efficient measures are necessary



# Thank you for your attention

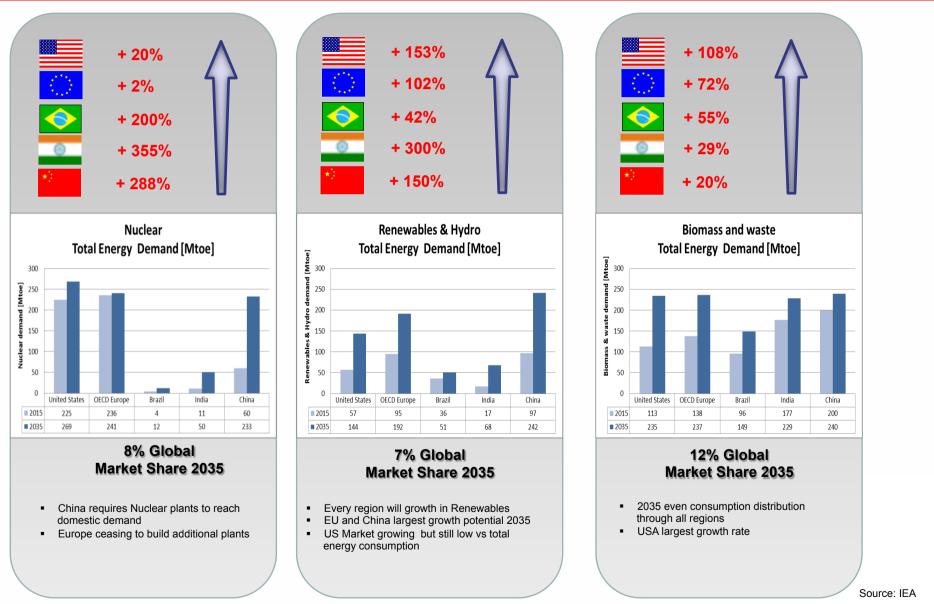
## **Global Energy Growth – Forecast 2015/2035**





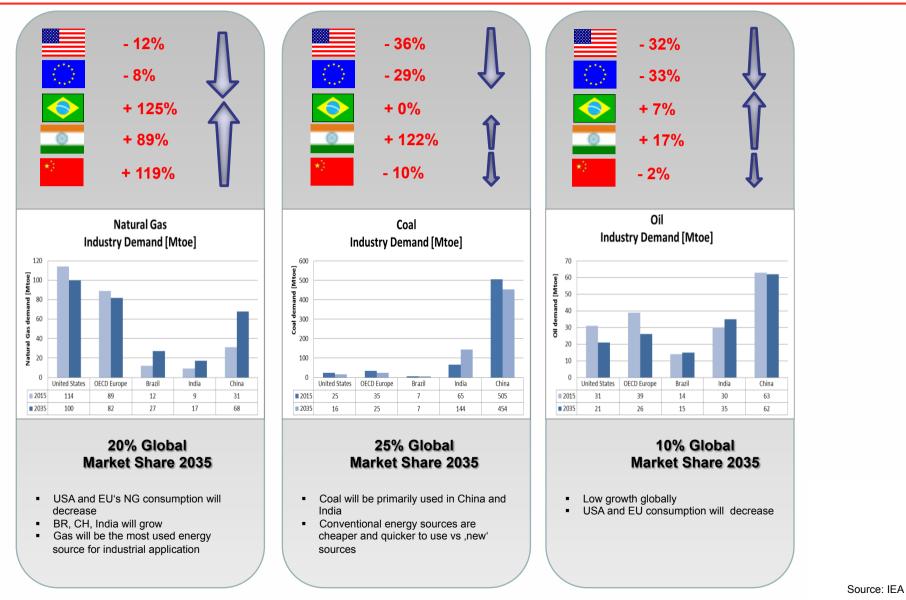
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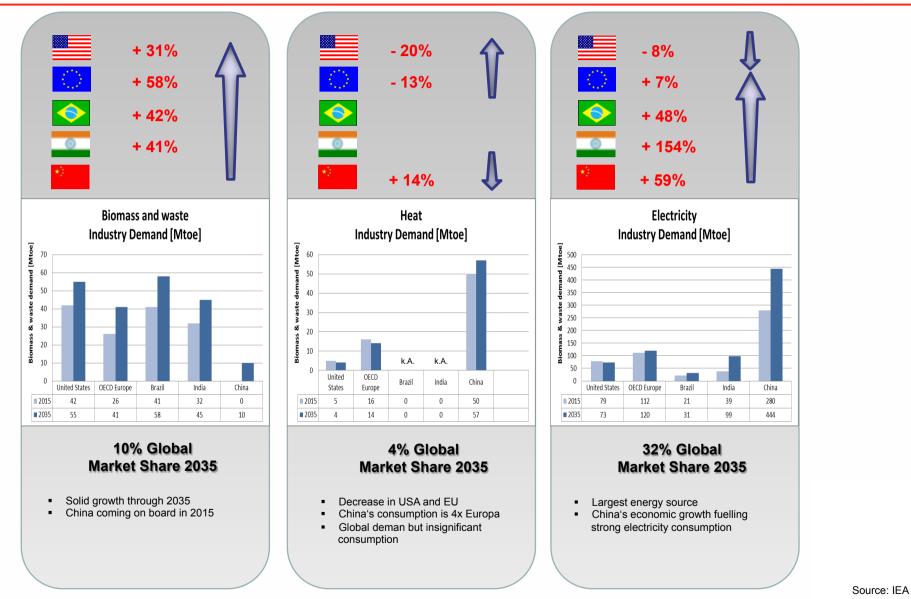
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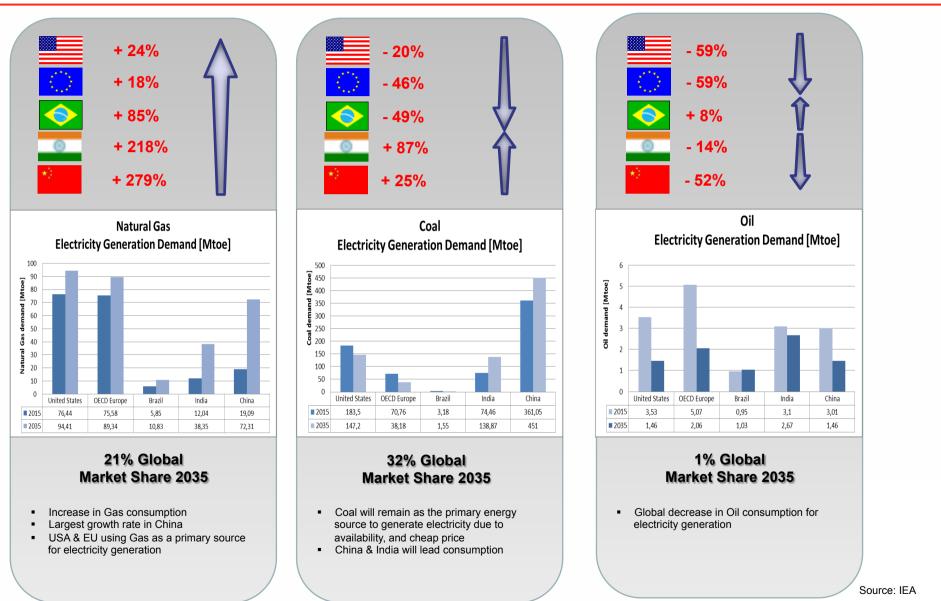
# Global Industry Energy Growth – Forecast 2015/2035





## **Global Electricity Growth – Industrial Sectors** Forecast 2015/2035

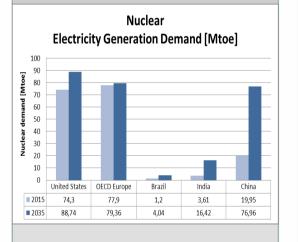




## **Global Electricity Growth – Industrial Sectors** Forecast 2015/2035



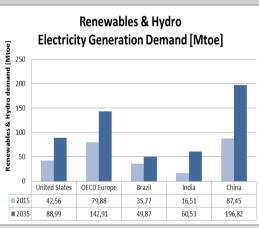




#### 14% Global Market Share 2035

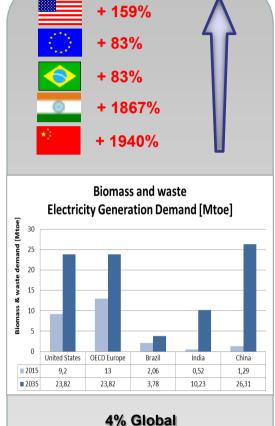
- Nuclear power will remain an important energy source
- China requires Nuclear to meet large energy demand
- China reaches same demand level as USA & EU





#### 28% Global Market Share 2035

- Renewable and Hydro becoming increasingly important in to global energy landscape
- China investing heavily in Renewable and Hydro



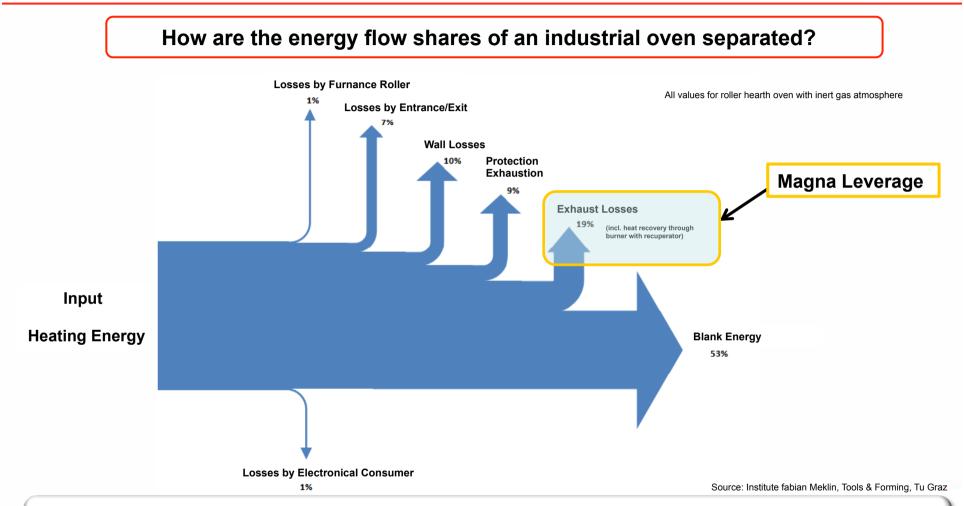
#### 4% Global Market Share 2035

- Dramatic increase in India and China
- China demand surpassing US & EU in 2035

Source: IEA

## **Oven Energy Flow-Overview**





- Energy losses through oven wall approx. 10% → investment in oven isolation not economically viable
- Utilize the exhaust gas that has 19% energy loss and re-use the 500-600°C exhaust gas for other applications